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	Act for the MEANING OF TERM	sale and pur			2022 DAN:	edition
vendor's agent	First National Real Esta				Phone:	0417 477 848
co-agent vendor	3 603 Pacific Highway	BELMONT NSW 2280			Fax: Ref:	
vendor's solicitor	Hunter Legal & Conv Level 1, Suite 2 12 Elgi	reyancing in Street Maitland NSW 2320			Phone: Fax:	1300 224 828
date for completior	28 days after the contra	act date	(clause 15)	Email:	sophie@I	nunterlegal.com.au
land	511/316 CHARLESTO	WN RD CHARLESTOWN 229	0			
(Address, plan details and title reference)	Lot 54 in Strata Plan 74	481				
	54/SP74481					
	VACANT POSSESS	ION 🗹 Subject to existi	ng tenancies			
improvements	🗌 HOUSE 🗌 ga	rage 🗌 carport 🗹 h	ome unit 🗌 carspace	🗌 st	torage spac	e
	none ot	her:				
attached copies	✓ documents in the	List of Documents as marked	or as numbered:			
	other documents:					
A real	estate agent is permitte	ed by <i>legislation</i> to fill up the	items in this box in a sale	of reside	ential prope	erty.
inclusions	✓ air condition	ning Clothes line	fixed floor cover	ings	✓ rang	e hood
	blinds	Curtains	insect screens		_	panels
	✓ built-in war	_	✓ light fittings		Stove	
	ceiling fans other:	EV charger	pool equipment		L IV ai	ntenna
exclusions						
purchaser						
purchaser's solicitor					Phone:	
Price	\$				Fax: Ref:	
deposit	\$		(10%	of the pr	-	otherwise stated)
balance	\$					
contract date			(if not stat	ted, the o	date this co	ntract was made)
		JOINT TENANTS				
Where there is mor	e than one purchaser	tenants in common	in unequal shares, s	pecify:		
GST AMOUNT (opt	ional) The price includes	GST of: \$				
buyer's agent						

Note: Clause 20.15 provides "Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is

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marked ."

SIGNING PAGE

VENDOR	PURCHASER
Signed By	Signed By
Vendor	Purchaser
Vendor	Purchaser
VENDOR (COMPANY)	PURCHASER (COMPANY)
Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:	Signed by in accordance with s127(1) of the Corporations Act 2001 by the authorised person(s) whose signature(s) appear(s) below:
Signature of authorised person Signature of authorised person	Signature of authorised person Signature of authorised person
Name of authorised person Name of authorised person	Name of authorised person Name of authorised person
Office held Office held	Office held Office held

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	3		Land – 2022
vendor agrees to accept a <i>deposit-bond</i>	V NO	🗌 yes	
Nominated Electronic Lodgment Network (ELN) (clause 4)	PEXA		
Manual transaction (clause 30)	V NO	🗌 yes	
		or must provide further de the space below):	tails, including any applicable
Tax information (the <i>parties</i> promise t	this is correct a	s far as each <i>party</i> is awa	re)
land tax is adjustable	V NO	yes	
GST: Taxable supply	V NO	yes in full	yes to an extent
Margin scheme will be used in making the taxable supply	V NO	yes	
This sale is not a taxable supply because (one or more of the follow	ving may apply	the sale is:	
not made in the course or furtherance of an enterprise t	hat the vendor	carries on (section 9-5(b))
🖌 by a vendor who is neither registered nor required to be	registered for	GST (section 9-5(d))	
GST-free because the sale is the supply of a going concer	rn under sectio	n 38-325	
GST-free because the sale is subdivided farm land or farr	m land supplied	l for farming under Subdiv	vision 38-O
input taxed because the sale is of eligible residential pre	mises (sections	40-65, 40-75(2) and 195-	1)
Purchaser must make an <i>GSTRW payment</i> (residential withholding payment)	V NO	yes(if yes, vendor n further details)	nust provide
GSTRW payment (GST residentia Frequently the supplier will be the vendor. However, so	ometimes furth	er information will be req	uired as to which
entity is liable for GST, for example, if the supplier is a GST joint venture.	partnership, a t	rust, part of a GST group	or a participant in a
Supplier's name:			
Supplier's ABN:			
Supplier's GST branch number (if applicable):			
Supplier's business address:			
Supplier's representative:			
Supplier's phone number:			
Supplier's proportion of GSTRW payment: \$			
If more than one supplier, provide the above details for each	supplier.		
Amount purchaser must pay – price multiplied by the <i>RW rate</i> (resid	dential withhol	ding rate): \$	
Amount must be paid: 🗌 AT COMPLETION 🔲 at another ti	me (specify):		
Is any of the consideration not expressed as an amount in money?		yes	
If "yes", the GST inclusive market value of the non-monetary conside			
Other details (including those required by regulation or the ATO for	ms):		

Land – 2022 edition

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	List of Documents				
Gen	General Strata				community title (clause 23 of the contract)
\checkmark	1	property certificate for the land	\checkmark	33	property certificate for strata common property
\checkmark	2	plan of the land	\checkmark	34	plan creating strata common property
	3	unregistered plan of the land	\checkmark	35	strata by-laws
	4	plan of land to be subdivided		36	strata development contract or statement
	5	document to be lodged with a relevant plan		37	strata management statement
\checkmark	6	section 10.7(2) planning certificate under Environmental		38	strata renewal proposal
		Planning and Assessment Act 1979		39	strata renewal plan
	7	additional information included in that certificate under		40	leasehold strata - lease of lot and common property
		section 10.7(5)		41	property certificate for neighbourhood property
	8	sewerage infrastructure location diagram (service location diagram)		42	plan creating neighbourhood property
V	9	sewer lines location diagram (sewerage service diagram)		43	neighbourhood development contract
		document that created or may have created an easement,		44	neighbourhood management statement
	-	profit à prendre, restriction on use or positive covenant		45	property certificate for precinct property
		disclosed in this contract		46	plan creating precinct property
		planning agreement		47	precinct development contract
	12	12 section 88G certificate (positive covenant)		48	precinct management statement
	13	survey report		49	property certificate for community property
	14	building information certificate or building certificate given		50	plan creating community property
	45	under legislation		51	community development contract
		occupation certificate		52	community management statement
		16 lease (with every relevant memorandum or variation)17 other document relevant to tenancies		53	document disclosing a change of by-laws
				54	document disclosing a change in a development or
		licence benefiting the land	_		management contract or statement
		old system document	빌		document disclosing a change in boundaries
		Crown purchase statement of account		56	information certificate under Strata Schemes Management
		building management statement form of requisitions		67	Act 2015 information certificate under Community Land Management
		-		57	Act 1989
		clearance certificate land tax certificate		58	disclosure statement - off the plan contract
					other document relevant to off the plan contract
ноп	е ви	ilding Act 1989	Othe	er	
	25	insurance certificate		60	
	26	brochure or warning		00	
	27	evidence of alternative indemnity cover			
Swin	nmir	g Pools Act 1992			
	28	certificate of compliance			
	29	evidence of registration			
	30	relevant occupation certificate			
		certificate of non-compliance			
	32	detailed reasons of non-compliance			

HOLDER OF STRATA OR COMMUNITY TITLE RECORDS – Name, address, email address and telephone number

Strata Plus Newcastle	(02) 4914 6800
a1/123 Scott St, Newcastle NSW 2300	newcastle@strataplus.com.au

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IMPORTANT NOTICE TO VENDORS AND PURCHASERS Before signing this contract you should ensure that you understand your rights and obligations, some of which are not written in this contract but are implied by law.

WARNING—SMOKE ALARMS

The owners of certain types of buildings and strata lots must have smoke alarms, or in certain cases heat alarms, installed in the building or lot in accordance with regulations under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979*. It is an offence not to comply. It is also an offence to remove or interfere with a smoke alarm or heat alarm. Penalties apply.

WARNING—LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

Before purchasing land that includes residential premises, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, built before 1985, a purchaser is strongly advised to consider the possibility that the premises may contain loose-fill asbestos insulation, within the meaning of the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A. In particular, a purchaser should—

- (a) search the Register required to be maintained under the *Home Building Act 1989*, Part 8, Division 1A, and
- (b) ask the relevant local council whether it holds records showing that the residential premises contain loose-fill asbestos insulation.

For further information about loose-fill asbestos insulation, including areas in which residential premises have been identified as containing loose-fill asbestos insulation, contact NSW Fair Trading.

Cooling off period (purchaser's rights)

- 1 This is the statement required by the *Conveyancing Act 1919*, section 66X. This statement applies to a contract for the sale of residential property.
- 2 EXCEPT in the circumstances listed in paragraph 3, the purchaser may rescind the contract before 5pm on—
 - (a) for an off the plan contract—the tenth business day after the day on which the contract was made, or
 - (b) in any other case—the fifth business day after the day on which the contract was made.
- 3 There is NO COOLING OFF PERIOD—
 - (a) if, at or before the time the contract is made, the purchaser gives to the vendor, or the vendor's solicitor or agent, a certificate that complies with the Act, section 66W, or
 - (b) if the property is sold by public auction, or
 - (c) if the contract is made on the same day as the property was offered for sale by public auction but passed in, or
 - (d) if the contract is made in consequence of the exercise of an option to purchase the property, other than an option that is void under the Act, section 66ZG.
- 4 A purchaser exercising the right to cool off by rescinding the contract forfeits 0.25% of the purchase price of the property to the vendor.
- 5 The vendor is entitled to recover the forfeited amount from an amount paid by the purchaser as a deposit under the contract. The purchaser is entitled to a refund of any balance.

DISPUTES

If you get into a dispute with the other party, the Law Society and Real Estate Institute encourage you to use informal procedures such as negotiation, independent expert appraisal, the Law Society Conveyancing Dispute Resolution Scheme or mediation (for example mediation under the Law Society Mediation Program).

AUCTIONS

Regulations made under the Property and Stock Agents Act 2002 prescribe a number of conditions applying to sales by auction.

WARNINGS

- 1. Various Acts of Parliament and other matters can affect the rights of the parties to this contract. Some important matters are actions, claims, decisions, licences, notices, orders, proposals or rights of way involving: **APA Group NSW Department of Education** Australian Taxation Office **NSW Fair Trading** Owner of adjoining land Council **County Council** Privacv Department of Planning and Environment Public Works Advisory **Department of Primary Industries** Subsidence Advisory NSW **Electricity and gas Telecommunications** Land and Housing Corporation Transport for NSW Local Land Services Water, sewerage or drainage authority If you think that any of these matters affects the property, tell your solicitor.
- 2. A lease may be affected by the Agricultural Tenancies Act 1990, the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 or the Retail Leases Act 1994.
- 3. If any purchase money is owing to the Crown, it will become payable before obtaining consent, or if no consent is needed, when the transfer is registered.
- 4. If a consent to transfer is required under legislation, see clause 27 as to the obligations of the parties.
- 5. The vendor should continue the vendor's insurance until completion. If the vendor wants to give the purchaser possession before completion, the vendor should first ask the insurer to confirm this will not affect the insurance.
- 6. Most purchasers will have to pay transfer duty (and, sometimes, if the purchaser is not an Australian citizen, surcharge purchaser duty) on this contract. Some purchasers may be eligible to choose to pay first home buyer choice property tax instead of transfer duty. If a payment is not made on time, interest and penalties may be incurred.
- 7. If the purchaser agrees to the release of deposit, the purchaser's right to recover the deposit may stand behind the rights of others (for example the vendor's mortgagee).
- 8. The purchaser should arrange insurance as appropriate.
- 9. Some transactions involving personal property may be affected by the Personal Property Securities Act 2009.
- 10. A purchaser should be satisfied that finance will be available at the time of completing the purchase.
- 11. Where the market value of the property is at or above a legislated amount, the purchaser may have to comply with a foreign resident capital gains withholding payment obligation (even if the vendor is not a foreign resident). If so, this will affect the amount available to the vendor on completion.
- 12. Purchasers of some residential properties may have to withhold part of the purchase price to be credited towards the GST liability of the vendor. If so, this will also affect the amount available to the vendor. More information is available from the ATO.

The vendor sells and the purchaser buys the *property* for the price under these provisions instead of Schedule 3 Conveyancing Act 1919, subject to any *legislation* that cannot be excluded.

Definitions (a term in italics is a defined term) In this contract, these terms (in any form) mean – 1

1.1

adjustment date	the earlier of the giving of possession to the purchaser or completion;
adjustment figures	details of the adjustments to be made to the price under clause 14;
authorised Subscriber	a Subscriber (not being a party's solicitor) named in a notice served by a party as
	being authorised for the purposes of clause 20.6.8;
bank	the Reserve Bank of Australia or an authorised deposit-taking institution which is a
	bank, a building society or a credit union;
business day	any day except a bank or public holiday throughout NSW or a Saturday or Sunday;
cheque	a cheque that is not postdated or stale;
clearance certificate	a certificate within the meaning of s14-220 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act, that covers
	one or more days falling within the period from and including the contract date to
	completion;
completion time	the time of day at which completion is to occur;
conveyancing rules	the rules made under s12E of the Real Property Act 1900;
deposit-bond	a deposit bond or guarantee with each of the following approved by the vendor –
	the issuer;
	 the expiry date (if any); and
	the amount;
depositholder	vendor's agent (or if no vendor's agent is named in this contract, the vendor's
	solicitor, or if no vendor's solicitor is named in this contract, the buyer's agent);
discharging mortgagee	any discharging mortgagee, chargee, covenant chargee or caveator whose
	provision of a Digitally Signed discharge of mortgage, discharge of charge or
	withdrawal of caveat is required in order for unencumbered title to the property to
de evene est of title	be transferred to the purchaser;
document of title	document relevant to the title or the passing of title;
ECNL	the Electronic Conveyancing National Law (NSW);
electronic document	a dealing as defined in the Real Property Act 1900 which may be created and
electronic transaction	Digitally Signed in an Electronic Workspace;
	a <i>Conveyancing Transaction</i> to be conducted for the <i>parties</i> by their legal representatives as <i>Subscribers</i> using an <i>ELN</i> and in accordance with the <i>ECNL</i>
	and the <i>participation rules</i> ;
electronic transfer	a transfer of land under the Real Property Act 1900 for the <i>property</i> to be prepared
	and <i>Digitally Signed</i> in the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> established for the purposes of
	the parties' Conveyancing Transaction;
FRCGW percentage	the percentage mentioned in s14-200(3)(a) of Schedule 1 to the TA Act (12.5% as
Theory percentage	at 1 July 2017);
FRCGW remittance	a remittance which the purchaser must make under s14-200 of Schedule 1 to the
1 NOOW Termilariee	TA Act, being the lesser of the FRCGW percentage of the price (inclusive of GST, if
s	any) and the amount specified in a variation served by a party;
GST Act	A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax) Act 1999;
GST rate	the rate mentioned in s4 of A New Tax System (Goods and Services Tax Imposition
Sorrac	- General) Act 1999 (10% as at 1 July 2000);
GSTRW payment	a payment which the purchaser must make under s14-250 of Schedule 1 to the TA
	Act (the price multiplied by the GSTRW rate);
GSTRW rate	the rate determined under ss14-250(6), (8) or (9) of Schedule 1 to the <i>TA Act</i> (as at
	1 July 2018, usually 7% of the price if the margin scheme applies, 1/11th if not);
incoming mortgagee	any mortgagee who is to provide finance to the purchaser on the security of the
	property and to enable the purchaser to pay the whole or part of the price;
legislation	an Act or a by-law, ordinance, regulation or rule made under an Act;
manual transaction	a Conveyancing Transaction in which a dealing forming part of the Lodgment Case
	at or following completion cannot be Digitally Signed;
normally	subject to any other provision of this contract;
participation rules	the participation rules as determined by the ECNL;
party	each of the vendor and the purchaser;
property	the land, the improvements, all fixtures and the inclusions, but not the exclusions;
planning agreement	a valid voluntary agreement within the meaning of s7.4 of the Environmental
	Planning and Assessment Act 1979 entered into in relation to the property;
populate	to complete data fields in the Electronic Workspace;
	-

requisition rescind serve settlement cheque	 an objection, question or requisition (but the term does not include a claim); rescind this contract from the beginning; serve in writing on the other <i>party</i>; an unendorsed <i>cheque</i> made payable to the person to be paid and - issued by a <i>bank</i> and drawn on itself; or if authorised in writing by the vendor or the vendor's <i>solicitor</i>, some other <i>cheque</i>;
solicitor	in relation to a <i>party</i> , the <i>party's</i> solicitor or licensed conveyancer named in this contract or in a notice <i>served</i> by the <i>party</i> ;
TA Act	Taxation Administration Act 1953;
terminate	terminate this contract for breach;
title data	the details of the title to the <i>property</i> made available to the <i>Electronic Workspace</i> by the <i>Land Registry</i> ;
variation	a variation made under s14-235 of Schedule 1 to the TA Act,
within	in relation to a period, at any time before or during the period; and
work order	a valid direction, notice or order that requires work to be done or money to be spent on or in relation to the <i>property</i> or any adjoining footpath or road (but the term does not include a notice under s22E of the Swimming Pools Act 1992 or clause 22 of the Swimming Pools Regulation 2018).

1.2 Words and phrases used in this contract (italicised and in Title Case, such as *Conveyancing Transaction*, *Digitally Signed*, *Electronic Workspace*, *ELN*, *ELNO*, *Land Registry*, *Lodgment Case* and *Subscriber*) have the meanings given in the *participation rules*.

2 Deposit and other payments before completion

- 2.1 The purchaser must pay the deposit to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 2.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must pay the deposit on the making of this contract, and this time is essential.
- 2.3 If this contract requires the purchaser to pay any of the deposit by a later time, that time is also essential.
- 2.4 The purchaser can pay any of the deposit by
 - 2.4.1 giving cash (up to \$2,000) to the *depositholder*;
 - 2.4.2 unconditionally giving a *cheque* to the *depositholder* or to the vendor, vendor's agent or vendor's *solicitor* for sending to the *depositholder*, or
 - 2.4.3 electronic funds transfer to the *depositholder's* nominated account and, if requested by the vendor or the *depositholder*, providing evidence of that transfer.
- 2.5 The vendor can terminate if -
 - 2.5.1 any of the deposit is not paid on time;
 - 2.5.2 a *cheque* for any of the deposit is not honoured on presentation; or
 - 2.5.3 a payment under clause 2.4.3 is not received in the *depositholder's* nominated account by 5.00 pm on the third *business day* after the time for payment.
 - This right to terminate is lost as soon as the deposit is paid in full.
- 2.6 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 do not apply.
- 2.7 If the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for part of the deposit, clauses 2.1 to 2.5 apply only to the balance.
- 2.8 If any of the deposit or of the balance of the price is paid before completion to the vendor or as the vendor directs, it is a charge on the land in favour of the purchaser until *termination* by the vendor or completion, subject to any existing right.
- 2.9 If each *party* tells the *depositholder* that the deposit is to be invested, the *depositholder* is to invest the deposit (at the risk of the *party* who becomes entitled to it) with a *bank*, in an interest-bearing account in NSW, payable at call, with interest to be reinvested, and pay the interest to the *parties* equally, after deduction of all proper government taxes and financial institution charges and other charges.

3 Deposit-bond

- 3.1 This clause applies only if the vendor accepts a *deposit-bond* for the deposit (or part of it).
- 3.2 The purchaser must provide the *deposit-bond* to the vendor's *solicitor* (or if no solicitor the *depositholder*) at or before the making of this contract and this time is essential.
- 3.3 If the *deposit-bond* has an expiry date and completion does not occur by the date which is 14 days before the expiry date, the purchaser must *serve* a replacement *deposit-bond* at least 7 days before the expiry date. The time for service is essential.
- 3.4 The vendor must approve a replacement deposit-bond if
 - 3.4.1 it is from the same issuer and for the same amount as the earlier *deposit-bond;* and
 - 3.4.2 it has an expiry date at least three months after its date of issue.
- 3.5 A breach of clauses 3.2 or 3.3 entitles the vendor to *terminate*. The right to *terminate* is lost as soon as 3.5.1 the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.5.2 the deposit is paid in full under clause 2.
- 3.6 Clauses 3.3 and 3.4 can operate more than once.

- 3.7 If the purchaser *serves* a replacement *deposit-bond*, the vendor must *serve* the earlier *deposit-bond*.
- 3.8 The amount of any *deposit-bond* does not form part of the price for the purposes of clause 16.5.
- 3.9 The vendor must give the purchaser any original *deposit-bond*
 - 3.9.1 on completion; or
 - 3.9.2 if this contract is *rescinded*.
- 3.10 If this contract is *terminated* by the vendor
 - 3.10.1 *normally*, the vendor can immediately demand payment from the issuer of the *deposit-bond*; or
 - 3.10.2 if the purchaser *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the vendor's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.
- 3.11 If this contract is terminated by the purchaser -
 - 3.11.1 normally, the vendor must give the purchaser any original deposit-bond; or
 - 3.11.2 if the vendor *serves* prior to *termination* a notice disputing the purchaser's right to *terminate*, the vendor must forward any original *deposit-bond* (or its proceeds if called up) to the *depositholder* as stakeholder.

4 Electronic transaction

4.4

- 4.1 This Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as an electronic transaction unless
 - 4.1.1 the contract says this transaction is a *manual transaction*, giving the reason, or
 - 4.1.2 a *party serves* a notice stating why the transaction is a *manual transaction*, in which case the *parties* do not have to complete earlier than 14 days after *service* of the notice, and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision,

and in both cases clause 30 applies.

- 4.2 If, because of clause 4.1.2, this Conveyancing Transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction -
 - 4.2.1 each *party* must
 - bear equally any disbursements or fees; and
 - otherwise bear that *party's* own costs;

incurred because this Conveyancing Transaction was to be conducted as an electronic transaction; and

- 4.2.2 if a *party* has paid all of a disbursement or fee which, by reason of this clause, is to be borne equally by the *parties*, that amount must be adjusted under clause 14.
- 4.3 The parties must conduct the electronic transaction
 - 4.3.1 in accordance with the *participation rules* and the *ECNL*; and
 - 4.3.2 using the nominated *ELN*, unless the *parties* otherwise agree. This clause 4.3.2 does not prevent a *party* using an *ELN* which can interoperate with the nominated *ELN*.
 - A party must pay the fees and charges payable by that party to the ELNO and the Land Registry.
- 4.5 *Normally,* the vendor must *within* 7 days of the contract date create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* with *title data* and the date for completion, and invite the purchaser to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.6 If the vendor has not created an *Electronic Workspace* in accordance with clause 4.5, the purchaser may create and *populate* an *Electronic Workspace* and, if it does so, the purchaser must invite the vendor to the *Electronic Workspace*.
- 4.7 The *parties* must, as applicable to their role in the *Conveyancing Transaction* and the steps taken under clauses 4.5 or 4.6
 - 4.7.1 promptly join the *Electronic Workspace* after receipt of an invitation;
 - 4.7.2 create and populate an electronic transfer,
 - 4.7.3 invite any discharging mortgagee or incoming mortgagee to join the Electronic Workspace; and
 - 4.7.4 *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with a nominated *completion time*.
- 4.8 If the transferee in the *electronic transfer* is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 4.9 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the *electronic transfer* only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.
- 4.10 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* or an *FRCGW remittance*, the purchaser must *populate* the *Electronic Workspace* with the payment details for the *GSTRW payment* or *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion.
- 4.11 Before completion, the parties must ensure that -
 - 4.11.1 all electronic documents which a party must Digitally Sign to complete the electronic transaction are populated and Digitally Signed;
 - 4.11.2 all certifications required by the *ECNL* are properly given; and
 - 4.11.3 they do everything else in the *Electronic Workspace* which that *party* must do to enable the *electronic transaction* to proceed to completion.
- 4.12 If the computer systems of any of the *Land Registry*, the *ELNO*, Revenue NSW or the Reserve Bank of Australia are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, a failure to complete this contract for that reason is not a default under this contract on the part of either *party*.

- 4.13 If the computer systems of the *Land Registry* are inoperative for any reason at the *completion time* agreed by the *parties*, and the *parties* choose that financial settlement is to occur despite this, then on financial settlement occurring
 - 4.13.1 all *electronic documents Digitally Signed* by the vendor and any discharge of mortgage, withdrawal of caveat or other *electronic document* forming part of the *Lodgment Case* for the *electronic transaction* are taken to have been unconditionally and irrevocably delivered to the purchaser or the purchaser's mortgagee at the time of financial settlement together with the right to deal with the land; and
 - 4.13.2 the vendor is taken to have no legal or equitable interest in the property.
- 4.14 If the *parties* do not agree about the delivery before completion of one or more documents or things that cannot be delivered through the *Electronic Workspace*, the *party* required to deliver the documents or things 4.14.1 holds them on completion in escrow for the benefit of; and
 - 4.14.2 must immediately after completion deliver the documents or things to, or as directed by; the *party* entitled to them.

5 Requisitions

- 5.1 If a form of *requisitions* is attached to this contract, the purchaser is taken to have made those *requisitions*.
- 5.2 If the purchaser is or becomes entitled to make any other *requisition*, the purchaser can make it only by *serving* it
 - 5.2.1 if it arises out of this contract or it is a general question about the *property* or title *within* 21 days after the contract date;
 - 5.2.2 if it arises out of anything *served* by the vendor *within* 21 days after the later of the contract date and that *service*; and
 - 5.2.3 in any other case *within* a reasonable time.

6 Error or misdescription

- 6.1 *Normally*, the purchaser can (but only before completion) claim compensation for an error or misdescription in this contract (as to the *property*, the title or anything else and whether substantial or not).
- 6.2 This clause applies even if the purchaser did not take notice of or rely on anything in this contract containing or giving rise to the error or misdescription.
- 6.3 However, this clause does not apply to the extent the purchaser knows the true position.

7 Claims by purchaser

7.2

Normally, the purchaser can make a claim (including a claim under clause 6) before completion only by *serving* it with a statement of the amount claimed, and if the purchaser makes one or more claims before completion –

- 7.1 the vendor can rescind if in the case of claims that are not claims for delay -
 - 7.1.1 the total amount claimed exceeds 5% of the price;
 - 7.1.2 the vendor serves notice of intention to rescind; and
- 7.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* notice waiving the claims *within* 14 days after that *service*; and
 - if the vendor does not rescind, the parties must complete and if this contract is completed –
 - 7.2.1 the lesser of the total amount claimed and 10% of the price must be paid out of the price to and held by the *depositholder* until the claims are finalised or lapse;
 - 7.2.2 the amount held is to be invested in accordance with clause 2.9;
 - 7.2.3 the claims must be finalised by an arbitrator appointed by the *parties* or, if an appointment is not made *within* 1 month of completion, by an arbitrator appointed by the President of the Law Society at the request of a *party* (in the latter case the *parties* are bound by the terms of the Conveyancing Arbitration Rules approved by the Law Society as at the date of the appointment);
 - 7.2.4 the purchaser is not entitled, in respect of the claims, to more than the total amount claimed and the costs of the purchaser;
 - 7.2.5 net interest on the amount held must be paid to the *parties* in the same proportion as the amount held is paid; and
 - 7.2.6 if the *parties* do not appoint an arbitrator and neither *party* requests the President to appoint an arbitrator *within* 3 months after completion, the claims lapse and the amount belongs to the vendor.

8 Vendor's rights and obligations

8.1 The vendor can rescind if -

- 8.1.1 the vendor is, on reasonable grounds, unable or unwilling to comply with a requisition;
- 8.1.2 the vendor *serves* a notice of intention to *rescind* that specifies the *requisition* and those grounds; and
- 8.1.3 the purchaser does not *serve* a notice waiving the *requisition within* 14 days after that *service*.

- 8.2 If the vendor does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the purchaser can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination*
 - 8.2.1 the purchaser can recover the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract;
 - 8.2.2 the purchaser can sue the vendor to recover damages for breach of contract; and
 - 8.2.3 if the purchaser has been in possession a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment.

9 Purchaser's default

If the purchaser does not comply with this contract (or a notice under or relating to it) in an essential respect, the vendor can *terminate* by *serving* a notice. After the *termination* the vendor can –

- 9.1 keep or recover the deposit (to a maximum of 10% of the price);
- 9.2 hold any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract as security for anything recoverable under this clause
 - 9.2.1 for 12 months after the *termination*; or
 - 9.2.2 if the vendor commences proceedings under this clause *within* 12 months, until those proceedings are concluded; and

9.3 sue the purchaser either –

- 9.3.1 where the vendor has resold the *property* under a contract made *within* 12 months after the *termination*, to recover
 - the deficiency on resale (with credit for any of the deposit kept or recovered and after allowance for any capital gains tax or goods and services tax payable on anything recovered under this clause); and
 - the reasonable costs and expenses arising out of the purchaser's non-compliance with this contract or the notice and of resale and any attempted resale; or
- 9.3.2 to recover damages for breach of contract.

10 Restrictions on rights of purchaser

- 10.1 The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of -
 - 10.1.1 the ownership or location of any fence as defined in the Dividing Fences Act 1991;
 - 10.1.2 a service for the *property* being a joint service or passing through another property, or any service for another property passing through the *property* ('service' includes air, communication, drainage, electricity, garbage, gas, oil, radio, sewerage, telephone, television or water service);
 - 10.1.3 a wall being or not being a party wall in any sense of that term or the *property* being affected by an easement for support or not having the benefit of an easement for support;
 - 10.1.4 any change in the *property* due to fair wear and tear before completion;
 - 10.1.5 a promise, representation or statement about this contract, the *property* or the title, not set out or referred to in this contract;
 - 10.1.6 a condition, exception, reservation or restriction in a Crown grant;
 - 10.1.7 the existence of any authority or licence to explore or prospect for gas, minerals or petroleum;
 - 10.1.8 any easement or restriction on use the substance of either of which is disclosed in this contract or any non-compliance with the easement or restriction on use; or
 - 10.1.9 anything the substance of which is disclosed in this contract (except a caveat, charge, mortgage, priority notice or writ).
- 10.2 The purchaser cannot *rescind* or *terminate* only because of a defect in title to or quality of the inclusions.
- 10.3 *Normally*, the purchaser cannot make a claim or *requisition* or *rescind* or *terminate* or require the vendor to change the nature of the title disclosed in this contract (for example, to remove a caution evidencing qualified title, or to lodge a plan of survey as regards limited title).

11 Compliance with work orders

- 11.1 *Normally*, the vendor must by completion comply with a *work order* made on or before the contract date and if this contract is completed the purchaser must comply with any other *work order*.
- 11.2 If the purchaser complies with a *work order*, and this contract is *rescinded* or *terminated*, the vendor must pay the expense of compliance to the purchaser.

12 Certificates and inspections

- The vendor must do everything reasonable to enable the purchaser, subject to the rights of any tenant -
- 12.1 to have the *property* inspected to obtain any certificate or report reasonably required;
- 12.2 to apply (if necessary in the name of the vendor) for -
 - 12.2.1 any certificate that can be given in respect of the property under legislation; or
 - 12.2.2 a copy of any approval, certificate, consent, direction, notice or order in respect of the *property* given under *legislation*, even if given after the contract date; and
- 12.3 to make 1 inspection of the *property* in the 3 days before a time appointed for completion.

13 Goods and services tax (GST)

- 13.1 Terms used in this clause which are not defined elsewhere in this contract and have a defined meaning in the *GST Act* have the same meaning in this clause.
- 13.2 *Normally*, if a *party* must pay the price or any other amount to the other *party* under this contract, GST is not to be added to the price or amount.
- 13.3 If under this contract a *party* must make an adjustment or payment for an expense of another party or pay an expense payable by or to a third party (for example, under clauses 14 or 20.7)
 - 13.3.1 the *party* must adjust or pay on completion any GST added to or included in the expense; but
 - 13.3.2 the amount of the expense must be reduced to the extent the party receiving the adjustment or payment (or the representative member of a GST group of which that party is a member) is entitled to an input tax credit for the expense; and
 - 13.3.3 if the adjustment or payment under this contract is consideration for a taxable supply, an amount for GST must be added at the *GST rate*.
- 13.4 If this contract says this sale is the supply of a going concern
 - 13.4.1 the *parties* agree the supply of the *property* is a supply of a going concern;
 - 13.4.2 the vendor must, between the contract date and completion, carry on the enterprise conducted on the land in a proper and business-like way;
 - 13.4.3 if the purchaser is not registered by the date for completion, the *parties* must complete and the purchaser must pay on completion, in addition to the price, an amount being the price multiplied by the *GST rate* ("the retention sum"). The retention sum is to be held by the *depositholder* and dealt with as follows
 - if *within* 3 months of completion the purchaser *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the purchaser is registered with a date of effect of registration on or before completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the purchaser; but
 - if the purchaser does not *serve* that letter *within* 3 months of completion, the *depositholder* is to pay the retention sum to the vendor; and
 - 13.4.4 if the vendor, despite clause 13.4.1, *serves* a letter from the Australian Taxation Office stating the vendor has to pay GST on the supply, the purchaser must pay to the vendor on demand the amount of GST assessed.
- 13.5 *Normally*, the vendor promises the margin scheme will not apply to the supply of the *property*.
- 13.6 If this contract says the margin scheme is to apply in making the taxable supply, the *parties* agree that the margin scheme is to apply to the sale of the *property*.
- 13.7 If this contract says the sale is not a taxable supply -
 - 13.7.1 the purchaser promises that the *property* will not be used and represents that the purchaser does not intend the *property* (or any part of the *property*) to be used in a way that could make the sale a taxable supply to any extent; and
 - 13.7.2 the purchaser must pay the vendor on completion in addition to the price an amount calculated by multiplying the price by the *GST rate* if this sale is a taxable supply to any extent because of
 - a breach of clause 13.7.1; or
 - something else known to the purchaser but not the vendor.
- 13.8 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply in full and does not say the margin scheme applies to the *property*, the vendor must pay the purchaser on completion an amount of one-eleventh of the price if 13.8.1 this sale is not a taxable supply in full; or
 - 13.8.2 the margin scheme applies to the *property* (or any part of the *property*).
- 13.9 If this contract says this sale is a taxable supply to an extent -
 - 13.9.1 clause 13.7.1 does not apply to any part of the *property* which is identified as being a taxable supply; and
 - 13.9.2 the payments mentioned in clauses 13.7 and 13.8 are to be recalculated by multiplying the relevant payment by the proportion of the price which represents the value of that part of the *property* to which the clause applies (the proportion to be expressed as a number between 0 and 1). Any evidence of value must be obtained at the expense of the vendor.
- 13.10 *Normally*, on completion the vendor must give the recipient of the supply a tax invoice for any taxable supply by the vendor by or under this contract.
- 13.11 The vendor does not have to give the purchaser a tax invoice if the margin scheme applies to a taxable supply.
- 13.12 If the vendor is liable for GST on rents or profits due to issuing an invoice or receiving consideration before completion, any adjustment of those amounts must exclude an amount equal to the vendor's GST liability.
- 13.13 If the vendor *serves* details of a *GSTRW payment* which the purchaser must make, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 13.14 If the purchaser must make a *GSTRW payment* the purchaser must, at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a *GSTRW payment* notification form to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.

14 Adjustments

- 14.1 Normally, the vendor is entitled to the rents and profits and will be liable for all rates, water, sewerage and drainage service and usage charges, land tax, levies and all other periodic outgoings up to and including the adjustment date after which the purchaser will be entitled and liable.
- 14.2 The parties must make any necessary adjustment on completion, and
 - the purchaser must provide the vendor with adjustment figures at least 2 business days before the 14.2.1 date for completion; and
 - the vendor must confirm the adjustment figures at least 1 business day before the date for 14.2.2 completion.
- If an amount that is adjustable under this contract has been reduced under legislation, the parties must on 14.3 completion adjust the reduced amount.
- 14.4 The parties must not adjust surcharge land tax (as defined in the Land Tax Act 1956) but must adjust any other land tax for the year current at the adjustment date -
 - 14.4.1 only if land tax has been paid or is payable for the year (whether by the vendor or by a predecessor in title) and this contract says that land tax is adjustable;
 - 14.4.2 by adjusting the amount that would have been payable if at the start of the year
 - the person who owned the land owned no other land; •
 - the land was not subject to a special trust or owned by a non-concessional company; and •
 - if the land (or part of it) had no separate taxable value, by calculating its separate taxable • value on a proportional area basis.
- 14.5 The parties must not adjust any first home buyer choice property tax.
- 14.6 If any other amount that is adjustable under this contract relates partly to the land and partly to other land, the parties must adjust it on a proportional area basis.
- 14.7 If on completion the last bill for a water, sewerage or drainage usage charge is for a period ending before the adjustment date, the vendor is liable for an amount calculated by dividing the bill by the number of days in the period then multiplying by the number of unbilled days up to and including the adjustment date.
- 14.8 The vendor is liable for any amount recoverable for work started on or before the contract date on the property or any adjoining footpath or road.

15 Date for completion

The parties must complete by the date for completion and, if they do not, a party can serve a notice to complete if that party is otherwise entitled to do so.

16 Completion

• Vendor

- 16.1 Normally, on completion the vendor must cause the legal title to the property (being the estate disclosed in this contract) to pass to the purchaser free of any charge, mortgage or other interest, subject to any necessary registration.
- The legal title to the property does not pass before completion. 16.2
- If the vendor gives the purchaser a document (other than the transfer) that needs to be lodged for registration, 16.3 the vendor must pay the lodgment fee to the purchaser.
- 16.4 If a party serves a land tax certificate showing a charge on any of the land, by completion the vendor must do all things and pay all money required so that the charge is no longer effective against the land.

Purchaser

- On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor -16.5 16.5.1
 - the price less any -
 - deposit paid:
 - FRCGW remittance payable; .
 - GSTRW payment, and •
 - amount payable by the vendor to the purchaser under this contract; and
 - any other amount payable by the purchaser under this contract.
- 16.6 If any of the deposit is not covered by a deposit-bond, at least 1 business day before the date for completion the purchaser must give the vendor an order signed by the purchaser authorising the depositholder to account to the vendor for the deposit, to be held by the vendor in escrow until completion.
- 16.7 On completion the deposit belongs to the vendor.

Possession 17

16.5.2

- Normally, the vendor must give the purchaser vacant possession of the property on completion. 17.1
- 17.2 The vendor does not have to give vacant possession if -
 - 17.2.1 this contract says that the sale is subject to existing tenancies; and
 - 17.2.2 the contract discloses the provisions of the tenancy (for example, by attaching a copy of the lease and any relevant memorandum or variation).
- 17.3 Normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) or rescind if any of the land is affected by a protected tenancy (a tenancy affected by Schedule 2, Part 7 of the Residential Tenancies Act 2010).

18 Possession before completion

- 18.1 This clause applies only if the vendor gives the purchaser possession of the *property* before completion.
- 18.2 The purchaser must not before completion
 - 18.2.1 let or part with possession of any of the *property*;
 - 18.2.2 make any change or structural alteration or addition to the *property*; or
 - 18.2.3 contravene any agreement between the *parties* or any direction, document, *legislation*, notice or order affecting the *property*.
- 18.3 The purchaser must until completion -
 - 18.3.1 keep the *property* in good condition and repair having regard to its condition at the giving of possession; and
 - 18.3.2 allow the vendor or the vendor's authorised representative to enter and inspect it at all reasonable times.
- 18.4 The risk as to damage to the *property* passes to the purchaser immediately after the purchaser enters into possession.
- 18.5 If the purchaser does not comply with this clause, then without affecting any other right of the vendor 18.5.1 the vendor can before completion, without notice, remedy the non-compliance; and
 - 18.5.2 if the vendor pays the expense of doing this, the purchaser must pay it to the vendor with interest at the rate prescribed under s101 Civil Procedure Act 2005.
 - If this contract is rescinded or terminated the purchaser must immediately vacate the property.
- 18.7 If the parties or their solicitors on their behalf do not agree in writing to a fee or rent, none is payable.

19 Rescission of contract

18.6

- 19.1 If this contract expressly gives a party a right to rescind, the party can exercise the right -
 - 19.1.1 only by serving a notice before completion; and
 - 19.1.2 in spite of any making of a claim or *requisition*, any attempt to satisfy a claim or *requisition*, any arbitration, litigation, mediation or negotiation or any giving or taking of possession.
- 19.2 Normally, if a party exercises a right to rescind expressly given by this contract or any legislation
 - 19.2.1 the deposit and any other money paid by the purchaser under this contract must be refunded;
 - 19.2.2 a *party* can claim for a reasonable adjustment if the purchaser has been in possession;
 - 19.2.3 a *party* can claim for damages, costs or expenses arising out of a breach of this contract; and
 - 19.2.4 a *party* will not otherwise be liable to pay the other *party* any damages, costs or expenses.

20 Miscellaneous

- 20.1 The *parties* acknowledge that anything stated in this contract to be attached was attached to this contract by the vendor before the purchaser signed it and is part of this contract.
- 20.2 Anything attached to this contract is part of this contract.
- 20.3 An area, bearing or dimension in this contract is only approximate.
- 20.4 If a *party* consists of 2 or more persons, this contract benefits and binds them separately and together.
- 20.5 A *party's solicitor* can receive any amount payable to the *party* under this contract or direct in writing that it is to be paid to another person.
- 20.6 A document under or relating to this contract is -
 - 20.6.1 signed by a *party* if it is signed by the *party* or the *party's solicitor* (apart from a direction under clause 4.8 or clause 30.4);
 - 20.6.2 served if it is served by the party or the party's solicitor,
 - 20.6.3 served if it is served on the party's solicitor, even if the party has died or any of them has died;
 - 20.6.4 served if it is served in any manner provided in s170 of the Conveyancing Act 1919;
 - 20.6.5 served if it is sent by email or fax to the party's solicitor, unless in either case it is not received;
 - 20.6.6 served on a person if it (or a copy of it) comes into the possession of the person;
 - 20.6.7 served at the earliest time it is served, if it is served more than once; and
 - 20.6.8 served if it is provided to or by the *party's solicitor* or an *authorised Subscriber* by means of an *Electronic Workspace* created under clause 4. However, this does not apply to a notice making an obligation essential, or a notice of *rescission* or *termination*.
- 20.7 An obligation to pay an expense of another *party* of doing something is an obligation to pay
 - 20.7.1 if the party does the thing personally the reasonable cost of getting someone else to do it; or
- 20.7.2 if the *party* pays someone else to do the thing the amount paid, to the extent it is reasonable. 20.8 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights
- 20.0 Rights under clauses 4, 11, 13, 14, 17, 24, 30 and 31 continue after completion, whether or not other rights continue.
- 20.9 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that the purchaser has any cooling off rights.
- 20.10 The vendor does not promise, represent or state that any attached survey report is accurate or current.
- 20.11 A reference to any *legislation* (including any percentage or rate specified in *legislation*) is also a reference to any corresponding later *legislation*.
- 20.12 Each *party* must do whatever is necessary after completion to carry out the *party*'s obligations under this contract.
- 20.13 Neither taking possession nor serving a transfer of itself implies acceptance of the property or the title.

- 20.14 The details and information provided in this contract (for example, on pages 1 4) are, to the extent of each *party's* knowledge, true, and are part of this contract.
- 20.15 Where this contract provides for choices, a choice in BLOCK CAPITALS applies unless a different choice is marked.
- 20.16 Each party consents to -
 - 20.16.1 any *party* signing this contract electronically; and
 - 20.16.2 the making of this contract by the exchange of counterparts delivered by email, or by such other electronic means as may be agreed in writing by the *parties*.
- 20.17 Each *party* agrees that electronic signing by a *party* identifies that *party* and indicates that *party*'s intention to be bound by this contract.

21 Time limits in these provisions

- 21.1 If the time for something to be done or to happen is not stated in these provisions, it is a reasonable time.
- 21.2 If there are conflicting times for something to be done or to happen, the latest of those times applies.
- 21.3 The time for one thing to be done or to happen does not extend the time for another thing to be done or to happen.
- 21.4 If the time for something to be done or to happen is the 29th, 30th or 31st day of a month, and the day does not exist, the time is instead the last day of the month.
- 21.5 If the time for something to be done or to happen is a day that is not a *business day*, the time is extended to the next *business day*, except in the case of clauses 2 and 3.2.
- 21.6 *Normally*, the time by which something must be done is fixed but not essential.

22 Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975

- 22.1 The purchaser promises that the Commonwealth Treasurer cannot prohibit and has not prohibited the transfer under the Foreign Acquisitions and Takeovers Act 1975.
- 22.2 This promise is essential and a breach of it entitles the vendor to *terminate*.

23 Strata or community title

Definitions and modifications

23.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) is a lot in a strata, neighbourhood, precinct or community scheme (or on completion is to be a lot in a scheme of that kind).

23.2 In this contract – 23.2.1 'chang

- 'change', in relation to a scheme, means -
 - a registered or registrable change from by-laws set out in this contract;
- a change from a development or management contract or statement set out in this contract; or
 - a change in the boundaries of common property;
- 23.2.2 'common property' includes association property for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.3 'contribution' includes an amount payable under a by-law;
- 23.2.4 'information certificate' includes a certificate under s184 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and s171 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.5 'interest notice' includes a strata interest notice under s22 Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 and an association interest notice under s20 Community Land Management Act 2021;
- 23.2.6 'normal expenses', in relation to an owners corporation for a scheme, means normal operating expenses usually payable from the administrative fund of an owners corporation for a scheme of the same kind;
- 23.2.7 'owners corporation' means the owners corporation or the association for the scheme or any higher scheme;
- 23.2.8 'the *property*' includes any interest in common property for the scheme associated with the lot; and
- 23.2.9 'special expenses', in relation to an owners corporation, means its actual, contingent or expected expenses, except to the extent they are
 - normal expenses;
 - due to fair wear and tear;
 - disclosed in this contract; or
 - covered by moneys held in the capital works fund.
- 23.3 Clauses 11, 14.8 and 18.4 do not apply to an obligation of the owners corporation, or to property insurable by it.
- 23.4 Clauses 14.4.2 and 14.6 apply but on a unit entitlement basis instead of an area basis.

Adjustments and liability for expenses

- 23.5 The parties must adjust under clause 14.1
 - 23.5.1 a regular periodic contribution;
 - 23.5.2 a contribution which is not a regular periodic contribution but is disclosed in this contract; and
 - 23.5.3 on a unit entitlement basis, any amount paid by the vendor for a normal expense of the owners corporation to the extent the owners corporation has not paid the amount to the vendor.

- 23.6 If a contribution is not a regular periodic contribution and is not disclosed in this contract
 - 23.6.1 the vendor is liable for it if it was determined on or before the contract date, even if it is payable by instalments; and
 - 23.6.2 the purchaser is liable for all contributions determined after the contract date.
- 23.7 The vendor must pay or allow to the purchaser on completion the amount of any unpaid contributions for which the vendor is liable under clause 23.6.1.
- 23.8 Normally, the purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or rescind or terminate in respect of
 - 23.8.1 an existing or future actual, contingent or expected expense of the owners corporation;
 23.8.2 a proportional unit entitlement of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot, apart from a claim under clause 6; or
 - 23.8.3 a past or future change in the scheme or a higher scheme.
- 23.9 However, the purchaser can rescind if -
 - 23.9.1 the special expenses of the owners corporation at the later of the contract date and the creation of the owners corporation when calculated on a unit entitlement basis (and, if more than one lot or a higher scheme is involved, added together), less any contribution paid by the vendor, are more than 1% of the price;
 - 23.9.2 in the case of the lot or a relevant lot or former lot in a higher scheme, a proportional unit entitlement for the lot is disclosed in this contract but the lot has a different proportional unit entitlement at the contract date or at any time before completion;
 - 23.9.3 a change before the contract date or before completion in the scheme or a higher scheme materially prejudices the purchaser and is not disclosed in this contract; or
 - 23.9.4 a resolution is passed by the owners corporation before the contract date or before completion to give to the owners in the scheme for their consideration a strata renewal plan that has not lapsed at the contract date and there is not attached to this contract a strata renewal proposal or the strata renewal plan.

• Notices, certificates and inspections

- 23.10 Before completion, the purchaser must *serve* a copy of an interest notice addressed to the owners corporation and signed by the purchaser.
- 23.11 After completion, the purchaser must insert the date of completion in the interest notice and send it to the owners corporation.
- 23.12 The vendor can complete and send the interest notice as agent for the purchaser.
- 23.13 The vendor must *serve* at least 7 days before the date for completion, an information certificate for the lot, the scheme or any higher scheme which relates to a period in which the date for completion falls.
- 23.14 The purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 7 days after *service* of the information certificate and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision. On completion the purchaser must pay the vendor the prescribed fee for the information certificate.
- 23.15 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for the purchaser's own information certificate.
- 23.16 The vendor authorises the purchaser to apply for and make an inspection of any record or other document in the custody or control of the owners corporation or relating to the scheme or any higher scheme.

Meetings of the owners corporation

- 23.17 If a general meeting of the owners corporation is convened before completion -
 - 23.17.1 if the vendor receives notice of it, the vendor must immediately notify the purchaser of it; and
 - 23.17.2 after the expiry of any cooling off period, the purchaser can require the vendor to appoint the purchaser (or the purchaser's nominee) to exercise any voting rights of the vendor in respect of the lot at the meeting.

24 Tenancies

- 24.1 If a tenant has not made a payment for a period preceding or current at the adjustment date -
 - 24.1.1 for the purposes of clause 14.2, the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 24.1.2 the purchaser assigns the debt to the vendor on completion and will if required give a further assignment at the vendor's expense.
- 24.2 If a tenant has paid in advance of the *adjustment date* any periodic payment in addition to rent, it must be adjusted as if it were rent for the period to which it relates.
- 24.3 If the property is to be subject to a tenancy on completion or is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.3.1 the vendor authorises the purchaser to have any accounting records relating to the tenancy
 - inspected and audited and to have any other document relating to the tenancy inspected;
 - 24.3.2) the vendor must *serve* any information about the tenancy reasonably requested by the purchaser before or after completion; and
 - 24.3.3 normally, the purchaser can claim compensation (before or after completion) if -
 - a disclosure statement required by the Retail Leases Act 1994 was not given when required;
 - such a statement contained information that was materially false or misleading;
 - a provision of the lease is not enforceable because of a non-disclosure in such a statement; or
 - the lease was entered into in contravention of the Retail Leases Act 1994.

- 24.4 If the property is subject to a tenancy on completion -
 - 24.4.1 the vendor must allow or transfer
 - any remaining bond money or any other security against the tenant's default (to the extent the security is transferable);
 - any money in a fund established under the lease for a purpose and compensation for any money in the fund or interest earnt by the fund that has been applied for any other purpose; and
 - any money paid by the tenant for a purpose that has not been applied for that purpose and compensation for any of the money that has been applied for any other purpose;
 - 24.4.2 if the security is not transferable, each *party* must do everything reasonable to cause a replacement security to issue for the benefit of the purchaser and the vendor must hold the original security on trust for the benefit of the purchaser until the replacement security issues;
 - 24.4.3 the vendor must give to the purchaser
 - at least 2 business days before the date for completion, a proper notice of the transfer (an
 attornment notice) addressed to the tenant, to be held by the purchaser in escrow until
 completion;
 - any certificate given under the Retail Leases Act 1994 in relation to the tenancy;
 - a copy of any disclosure statement given under the Retail Leases Act 1994;
 - a copy of any document served on the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion; and
 - any document served by the tenant under the lease and written details of its service, if the document concerns the rights of the landlord or the tenant after completion;
 - 24.4.4 the vendor must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent it is to be complied with by completion; and
 - 24.4.5 the purchaser must comply with any obligation to the tenant under the lease, to the extent that the obligation is disclosed in this contract and is to be complied with after completion.

25 Qualified title, limited title and old system title

- 25.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) -
 - 25.1.1 is under qualified, limited or old system title; or
 - 25.1.2 on completion is to be under one of those titles.
- 25.2 The vendor must *serve* a proper abstract of title *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 25.3 If an abstract of title or part of an abstract of title is attached to this contract or has been lent by the vendor to the purchaser before the contract date, the abstract or part is *served* on the contract date.
- 25.4 An abstract of title can be or include a list of documents, events and facts arranged (apart from a will or codicil) in date order, if the list in respect of each document
 - 25.4.1 shows its date, general nature, names of parties and any registration number; and
 - 25.4.2 has attached a legible photocopy of it or of an official or registration copy of it.

25.5 An abstract of title –

- 25.5.1 must start with a good root of title (if the good root of title must be at least 30 years old, this means 30 years old at the contract date);
- 25.5.2 in the case of a leasehold interest, must include an abstract of the lease and any higher lease;
- 25.5.3 *normally*, need not include a Crown grant; and
- 25.5.4 need not include anything evidenced by the Register kept under the Real Property Act 1900.
- 25.6 In the case of land under old system title
 - 25.6.1 in this contract 'transfer' means conveyance;
 - 25.6.2 the purchaser does not have to *serve* the transfer until after the vendor has *served* a proper abstract of title; and
 - 25.6.3 each vendor must give proper covenants for title as regards that vendor's interest.
- 25.7 In the case of land under limited title but not under qualified title -
 - 25.7.1 *normally*, the abstract of title need not include any document which does not show the location, area or dimensions of the land (for example, by including a metes and bounds description or a plan of the land);
 - 25.7.2 clause 25.7.1 does not apply to a document which is the good root of title; and
 - 25.7.3 the vendor does not have to provide an abstract if this contract contains a delimitation plan (whether in registrable form or not).
- 25.8 On completion the vendor must give the purchaser any *document of title* that relates only to the *property*.
- 25.9 If on completion the vendor has possession or control of a *document of title* that relates also to other property, the vendor must produce it as and where necessary.
- 25.10 The vendor must give a proper covenant to produce where relevant.
- 25.11 The vendor does not have to produce or covenant to produce a document that is not in the possession of the vendor or a mortgagee.
- 25.12 If the vendor is unable to produce an original document in the chain of title, the purchaser will accept a photocopy from the *Land Registry* of the registration copy of that document.

26 Crown purchase money

- 26.1 This clause applies only if purchase money is payable to the Crown, whether or not due for payment.
- 26.2 The vendor is liable for the money, except to the extent this contract says the purchaser is liable for it.
- 26.3 To the extent the vendor is liable for it, the vendor is liable for any interest until completion.
- 26.4 To the extent the purchaser is liable for it, the *parties* must adjust any interest under clause 14.

27 Consent to transfer

- 27.1 This clause applies only if the land (or part of it) cannot be transferred without consent under *legislation* or a *planning agreement*.
- 27.2 The purchaser must properly complete and then *serve* the purchaser's part of an application for consent to transfer of the land (or part of it) *within* 7 days after the contract date.
- 27.3 The vendor must apply for consent within 7 days after service of the purchaser's part.
- 27.4 If consent is refused, either party can rescind.
- 27.5 If consent is given subject to one or more conditions that will substantially disadvantage a *party*, then that *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after receipt by or *service* upon the *party* of written notice of the conditions.
- 27.6 If consent is not given or refused
 - 27.6.1 *within* 42 days after the purchaser *serves* the purchaser's part of the application, the purchaser can *rescind*; or
 - 27.6.2 *within* 30 days after the application is made, either *party* can *rescind*.
- 27.7 Each period in clause 27.6 becomes 90 days if the land (or part of it) is -
 - 27.7.1 under a *planning agreement*, or
 - 27.7.2 in the Western Division.
- 27.8 If the land (or part of it) is described as a lot in an unregistered plan, each time in clause 27.6 becomes the later of the time and 35 days after creation of a separate folio for the lot.
- 27.9 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 14 days after *service* of the notice granting consent to transfer.

28 Unregistered plan

- 28.1 This clause applies only if some of the land is described as a lot in an unregistered plan.
- 28.2 The vendor must do everything reasonable to have the plan registered *within* 6 months after the contract date, with or without any minor alteration to the plan or any document to be lodged with the plan validly required or made under *legislation*.
- 28.3 If the plan is not registered within that time and in that manner -
 - 28.3.1 the purchaser can rescind; and
 - 28.3.2 the vendor can *rescind*, but only if the vendor has complied with clause 28.2 and with any *legislation* governing the rescission.
- 28.4 Either *party* can *serve* notice of the registration of the plan and every relevant lot and plan number.
- 28.5 The date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after service of the notice.
- 28.6 Clauses 28.2 and 28.3 apply to another plan that is to be registered before the plan is registered.

29 Conditional contract

- 29.1 This clause applies only if a provision says this contract or completion is conditional on an event.
- 29.2 If the time for the event to happen is not stated, the time is 42 days after the contract date.
- 29.3 If this contract says the provision is for the benefit of a *party*, then it benefits only that *party*.
- 29.4 If anything is necessary to make the event happen, each *party* must do whatever is reasonably necessary to cause the event to happen.
- 29.5 A *party* can *rescind* under this clause only if the *party* has substantially complied with clause 29.4.
- 29.6 If the event involves an approval and the approval is given subject to a condition that will substantially disadvantage a *party* who has the benefit of the provision, the *party* can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the condition.
- 29.7 If the parties can lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.7.1 if the event does not happen *within* the time for it to happen, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after the end of that time;
 - 29.7.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, a *party* who has the benefit of the provision can *rescind within* 7 days after either *party serves* notice of the refusal; and
 - 29.7.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after the earliest of
 - either party serving notice of the event happening;
 - every party who has the benefit of the provision serving notice waiving the provision; or
 - the end of the time for the event to happen.

- 29.8 If the parties cannot lawfully complete without the event happening -
 - 29.8.1 if the event does not happen within the time for it to happen, either party can rescind
 - 29.8.2 if the event involves an approval and an application for the approval is refused, either *party* can *rescind*;
 - 29.8.3 the date for completion becomes the later of the date for completion and 21 days after either *party serves* notice of the event happening.
- 29.9 A party cannot rescind under clauses 29.7 or 29.8 after the event happens.

30 Manual transaction

30.1 This clause applies if this transaction is to be conducted as a manual transaction.

Transfer

- 30.2 *Normally*, the purchaser must *serve* the transfer at least 7 days before the date for completion.
- 30.3 If any information needed for the transfer is not disclosed in this contract, the vendor must serve it.
- 30.4 If the purchaser *serves* a transfer and the transferee is not the purchaser, the purchaser must give the vendor a direction signed by the purchaser personally for that transfer.
- 30.5 The vendor can require the purchaser to include a covenant or easement in the transfer only if this contract contains the wording of the proposed covenant or easement, and a description of the land burdened and benefited.

• Place for completion

- 30.6 Normally, the parties must complete at the completion address, which is -
 - 30.6.1 if a special completion address is stated in this contract that address; or
 - 30.6.2 if none is stated, but a first mortgagee is disclosed in this contract and the mortgagee would usually discharge the mortgage at a particular place that place; or
 - 30.6.3 in any other case the vendor's *solicitor's* address stated in this contract.
- 30.7 The vendor by reasonable notice can require completion at another place, if it is in NSW, but the vendor must pay the purchaser's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.
- 30.8 If the purchaser requests completion at a place that is not the completion address, and the vendor agrees, the purchaser must pay the vendor's additional expenses, including any agency or mortgagee fee.

Payments on completion

- 30.9 On completion the purchaser must pay to the vendor the amounts referred to in clauses 16.5.1 and 16.5.2, by cash (up to \$2,000) or *settlement cheque*.
- 30.10 *Normally*, the vendor can direct the purchaser to produce a *settlement cheque* on completion to pay an amount adjustable under this contract and if so
 - 30.10.1 the amount is to be treated as if it were paid; and
 - 30.10.2 the *cheque* must be forwarded to the payee immediately after completion (by the purchaser if the *cheque* relates only to the *property* or by the vendor in any other case).
- 30.11 If the vendor requires more than 5 settlement cheques, the vendor must pay \$10 for each extra cheque.
- 30.12 If the purchaser must make a GSTRW payment the purchaser must -
 - 30.12.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *GSTRW payment* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.12.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.12.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *GSTRW payment* and a copy of the settlement date confirmation form submitted to the Australian Taxation Office.
- 30.13 If the purchaser must pay an FRCGW remittance, the purchaser must -
 - 30.13.1 produce on completion a *settlement cheque* for the *FRCGW remittance* payable to the Deputy Commissioner of Taxation;
 - 30.13.2 forward the settlement cheque to the payee immediately after completion; and
 - 30.13.3 *serve* evidence of receipt of payment of the *FRCGW remittance*.

31 Foreign Resident Capital Gains Withholding

- 31.1 This clause applies only if -
 - 31.1.1 the sale is not an excluded transaction within the meaning of s14-215 of Schedule 1 to the *TA Act*; and
 - 31.1.2 a *clearance certificate* in respect of every vendor is not attached to this contract.
- 31.2 If the vendor *serves* any *clearance certificate* or *variation*, the purchaser does not have to complete earlier than 5 *business days* after that *service* and clause 21.3 does not apply to this provision.
- 31.3 The purchaser must at least 2 *business days* before the date for completion, *serve* evidence of submission of a purchaser payment notification to the Australian Taxation Office by the purchaser or, if a direction under either clause 4.8 or clause 30.4 has been given, by the transferee named in the transfer the subject of that direction.
- 31.4 The vendor cannot refuse to complete if the purchaser complies with clause 31.3 and, as applicable, clauses 4.10 or 30.13.
- 31.5 If the vendor *serves* in respect of every vendor either a *clearance certificate* or a *variation* to 0.00 percent, clauses 31.3 and 31.4 do not apply.

32 Residential off the plan contract

- 32.1 This clause applies if this contract is an off the plan contract within the meaning of Division 10 of Part 4 of the Conveyancing Act 1919 (the Division).
- 32.2 No provision of this contract has the effect of excluding, modifying or restricting the operation of the Division.
- 32.3 If the purchaser makes a claim for compensation under the terms prescribed by sections 4 to 6 of Schedule 3 to the Conveyancing (Sale of Land) Regulation 2022
 - the purchaser cannot make a claim under this contract about the same subject matter, including a 32.3.1 claim under clauses 6 or 7; and
 - the claim for compensation is not a claim under this contract. 32.3.2

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1. Alterations to Printed Form

The vendor and the purchaser agree that the clauses of the printed form of Contract are amended as follows:

- a) Clause 14.2.2 shall be deleted.
- b) Clause 18 is amended by adding the following clause 18.8: "The purchaser cannot make a claim or requisition or delay settlement after entering into possession of the property."
- c) Clause 23.9.1 shall be deleted.
- d) Clause 23.13 shall be deleted.
- e) Clause 23.14 shall be deleted.

2. Claims by the Purchaser

Notwithstanding the provisions of Clauses 6 and 7 hereof the parties expressly agree that any claim for compensation shall be deemed to be an objection or requisition for the purposes of Clause 7 and 8 entitling the vendor to rescind this contract.

3. Reasonable Notice

- 3.1. It is expressly agreed between the parties hereto that in circumstances justifying the issue of a Notice to Complete and/or Notice to Perform, pursuant to clause 15, fourteen (14) days shall be deemed to be reasonable and sufficient notice for that purpose, notwithstanding the provisions of clause 21.1.
- 3.2. It is further agreed between the parties that in circumstances justifying the issue of a Notice to Complete and/or Notice to Perform by the Vendor, then in addition to the balance of the price, the purchaser shall pay to the vendor the sum of Four Hundred Dollars (\$400.00) exclusive of GST, as agreed reasonable legal expense incurred by the Vendor as a result of having to issue such Notice to Complete.
- 3.3. The purchaser's obligation to pay the sum referred to in clause 2.2 hereof is an essential term of this contract and shall in no way effect, abrogate, limit or inhibit the Vendor's right to take action for recovery of damages that may be suffered by the Vendor as a result of the Purchaser's breach of contract.

4. Liquidated Damages

- 4.1. In the event that the purchaser does not complete this contract on or before the completion date, and provided the Vendor is ready and willing to complete the contract, then the Purchaser shall from that date pay interest on the balance of the purchase price at the rate of 8% pa until completion.
- 4.2. The sum of \$330.00 on account of the additional legal fees incurred by the Vendor because of the delay;
- 4.3. The purchaser acknowledges that the payment of liquidated damages referred to herein is contemporaneous with the payment of the purchase price on settlement. It is agreed that the amount payable pursuant to this condition is a genuine pre-estimate of the Vendors' loss of interest for the purchase money and liability for rates and outgoings.

5. Adjustment of Rates

Condition 14.2 of this agreement is hereby varied by the addition of the following sentence; "The amount and figures for water consumption furnished by the relevant water rating authority, even if estimated or provisional, shall be conclusive for the purposes of the apportionment and adjustment of water consumption."

6. Incapacity of Party

If at any time prior to completion the Vendor or Purchaser (or any of them) dies or become mentally ill or being a company is wound up or go into liquidation, then either party may at any time thereafter rescind this agreement by notice in writing served on the other party.

7. Condition of Property

The purchaser acknowledges to the vendor that:

- 6.1 The purchaser relies upon his own inspection and enquiries in relation to the property and not upon any warranties or representations made by or on behalf of the vendor (except as are expressly set out in this contract).
- 6.2 The purchaser is satisfied as to the approved and capable use and condition of the property.
- 6.3 The Purchaser acknowledges that the property (including its appurtenances if any) is sold in its present condition and state of repair and that he has satisfied himself by his own inspection and inquiries as to the state of repair condition and nature of the property and of any of improvements included with it and that unless otherwise contained in this contract no warranty representation or undertaking on the part of the Vendor in relation to such property and improvements has been made and no requisition or claim shall be made by the Purchaser in respect of such matters. The Purchaser shall not call upon the Vendor to do any work whatsoever in relation to the said property or any of its improvements.
- 6.4 The Purchaser will not make any requisition, raise any objection or claim any compensation in respect of the relationship of the property to the boundaries and the position of the fencing, if any, on the boundaries of the said land.
- 6.5 The Vendor shall not be responsible for any mechanical breakdown after the making of this Contract in respect of any inclusions.

8. Deposit

In the event:

- a) The Purchaser defaults in the observance of any obligations hereunder which is or the performance of which has become essential; and
- b) The Purchaser has paid a deposit of less than 10% of the purchase price; and
- c) The Vendor terminates this Agreement

Then the Vendor, as a consideration of accepting less than a 10% deposit, shall be entitled to recover from the Purchaser of the amount equal to 10% of the purchase price less the deposit paid as liquidated damages and it is agreed that this right shall be in addition to and shall not limit any other remedies available to the vendor herein contained or implied notwithstanding any rule of Law or Equity to the contrary. This Clause shall not merge on termination of this Agreement.

9. Deposit Bond

The parties agree that in the event the Purchaser requests to use a Deposit Bond, a Deposit Bond will be accepted provided the Deposit Bond:

- a) is underwritten by **QBE Insurance (Australia) Ltd**;
- b) is for an amount equal to the 10% deposit or the balance of the 10% deposit in accordance with the Contract;
- c) must be valid for the period of the Contract;
- d) contains the name of the Vendor to whom the guaranteed amount is to be paid on demand;
- e) contains the name of the Purchaser and makes reference to the Contract and the sale of the property.

There are several agents who are able to provide a Deposit Bond on behalf of QBE Insurance (Australia) Ltd, including **Deposit Assure Pty Ltd** (<u>www.depositassure.com.au</u>).

10. Warranty as to Real Estate

The Purchaser warrants that he has not been introduced to the property by any Real Estate or Commissioned Agent other than the Vendors Agents (if any) and the Purchaser shall indemnify and save harmless the Vendor against any claims suits actions or demands for commission (including any costs or expenses of defending or compromising same) made or brought by any Real Estate or Commissioned Agents other than the Vendors agent (if any) arising from any such introduction in breach of this warranty and this clause shall not merge on completion date hereof. The Vendor warrants that there is no sole agency agreement in effect with any agent other than the Vendors Agents (if any).

11. Requisitions on Title

The Requisitions on Title and the Replies to Requisitions on title attached to this contract are taken to have been served on both parties upon exchange of contracts.

12. Electronic Signatures

- 12.1. This contract may be signed in any number of counterparts with the same effect as if the signatures to each counterpart were on the same instrument
- 12.2. Execution by the parties of the contract by email or electronically via Docusign (or equivalent encryption software) and transmission of the executed contract by either of those means shall constitute a valid and binding execution of this contract by such part or parties. For the purpose of the *Electronic Transaction Act 1999* (CTH) and *Electronic Transactions Act 2000* (NSW) each party consents to receiving and sending the contract electronically.
- 12.3. The purchaser acknowledges and agrees that an original 'ink' signed copy of the vendor's signed contract will not be provided.
- 12.4. The parties further agree that they shall not make any requisition, objection or claim (whether for compensation or not), nor claim any right to terminate or rescind this Contract or delay the completion of this Contract due to any matter disclosed in this Special Condition.

13. Error in Adjustment of Outgoings

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Should any apportionment of outgoings required to be made under this contract, be overlooked or incorrectly calculated on completion, the vendor and the purchaser agree that, upon being so requested by the other party, that the correct calculation be made and paid to the party to whom it is payable by the party liable for the payment. This clause shall not merge on completion of this contract.

14. Mine Subsidence

The purchaser may rescind this agreement if the owner of the improvements on the land is not entitled, as at the date of this agreement, to claim compensation from the Mine Subsidence Board in respect of any damage to the land and/ or improvements arising from mine subsidence, and written communication from the Mine Subsidence Board to that effect shall be conclusive for the purposes of this condition.

15. Deposit by Instalments under Cooling Off Period

Notwithstanding Clause 2 of this Contract, if a cooling off period applies to this contract, the purchaser may pay the deposit in two (2) instalments as follows:-

- 16.1 0.25% of the agreed purchase price to be paid on or before the date of this Contract; and
- 16.2 9.75% of the agreed purchase price to be paid at any time before 5pm on the fifth (5th) business day after the date on which this Contract was made.

16. Sewer Diagram

- 16.1. The Vendor discloses, and the purchaser specifically acknowledges that the diagram annexed to the Contract may only disclose the sewer main and, as at the date of this Contract, this is the only diagram available for the property.
- 16.2. The parties acknowledge and agree that where the property is within the area serviced by Hunter Water Corporation (HWC). HWC does not make Sewer Lines Location Diagrams available in the ordinary course of administration. The purchaser agrees that they shall not make any requisition, objection or claim (whether for compensation or not), nor claim any right to terminate or rescind this Contract, or delay the completion of this Contract due to the matter disclosed in this Special Condition.
- 16.3. The Purchaser accepts this diagram and shall make their own inquiries in relation to the services and the diagram. The Purchaser agrees to not call upon the Vendor to supply an updated diagram nor make any objection, requisition or claim, delay completion, rescind or terminate the Contract in respect of any matter disclosed in or arising from this clause.

17. Tenancy

The purchaser acknowledges that if there is currently a tenant in the property and this Contract requires vacant possession of the property to be delivered to the purchaser, the vendor is required to give the tenant, in writing, 30 days' notice that the tenant is required to vacate the property ("the Notice"). The vendor agrees to cause the real estate agent to serve the Notice on the tenant. In the event the tenant does not vacate the property within the 30 day period specified in the Notice, the completion date is extended by a reasonable period of time to allow the vendor to deliver vacant possession of the property.

18. Caveat or Mortgage

The Purchaser shall not be entitled to require the Vendor prior to completion to register a Discharge of any Mortgage or Charge or Withdrawal of any Caveat affecting the subject land. If at the date of completion of this Contract there is noted on any Certificate of Title in

respect of the property or any part thereof any Mortgage, Charge or Caveat, the Purchaser will accept a Discharge or Withdrawal thereof so far as the same relates to the property.

19. Extension(s) to Cooling Off Period and/or Subject to finance clause.

If a cooling-off period or subject to finance period applies to this Contract then on request for extension and each subsequent occasion that the purchaser requests an extension thereof and the request is granted by the vendor, the purchaser must on completion pay a further sum of \$220.00 inclusive of GST for the vendor's additional legal costs associated with dealing with the purchaser's request(s) for each extension granted. These fees are agreed by the parties to be a genuine and reasonable pre-estimate of the vendor's actual costs. The payment of this fee is an essential term of the completion of this Contract.

Should the Contract be rescinded then the above fees will fall payable immediately by the purchaser to the vendor's solicitor/conveyancer on demand in writing or the Notice of Rescission will be considered null and void and Contracts binding. This is an essential term of the Contract.

20. Irrevocable Authority

Should the deposit payable under this Contract be held in trust by our office on behalf of the purchaser then the parties agree that the deposit funds held are to be loaded to the PEXA workspace and disbursed to the vendor on settlement.

No further authority is required from the purchaser for the abovementioned funds to be released on settlement.

21. Company Guarantee & Indemnity

- 21.1. The provisions of this special condition 25 apply if the Purchaser is a corporation but does not apply to a corporation listed on the Australian Stock Exchange. This special condition 25 is an essential term of this Contract.
- 21.2. The word guarantor means each director of the Purchaser as at the date of this Contract.
- 21.3. If the guarantor has not signed where provided under this special condition 25, the Vendor may terminate this Contract by serving notice within fourteen (14) days after the date of this Contract.
- 21.4. Where the purchaser is a company, the officers or persons who sign this Contract on behalf of the company or who attests the Seal of the company on this Contract;
 - a) Jointly and separately guarantees all obligations of the purchaser under this Agreement including the payment of the purchase price and the performance of all the purchaser's obligations; and
 - b) Jointly and separately indemnifies the vendor in respect of any default of the purchaser under this Agreement.
- 21.5. This guarantee and indemnity is given by each guarantor as principal and is not discharged or released by any release or variation of this Agreement between the vendor and the purchaser.
- 21.6. The guarantor must pay to the Vendor on written demand by the Vendor all expenses incurred by the Vendor in respect of the Vendor's exercise or attempted exercise of any right under this special condition 25.

SIGNED IN MY PRESENCE BY THE GUARANTOR

Signature of Guarantor

who is known to me:

Signature of Witness

Print Name of Witness

Address of Witness

SIGNED IN MY PRESENCE BY THE GUARANTOR

Signature of Guarantor

who is known to me:

Signature of Witness

Print Name of Witness

Address of Witness

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Possession and tenancies

- Vacant possession of the property must be given on completion unless the Contract provides 1. otherwise.
- 2. Is anyone in adverse possession of the property or any part of it? ર
 - What are the nature and provisions of any tenancy or occupancy? (a)
 - (b) If they are in writing, all relevant documentation should be produced, found in order and handed over on completion with notices of attornment.
 - Please specify any existing breaches. (c)
 - All rent should be paid up to or beyond the date of completion. (d)
 - Please provide details of any bond together with the Rental Bond Board's reference (e) number.
 - (f) If any bond money is held by the Rental Bond Board, the appropriate transfer documentation duly signed should be handed over on completion.
- 4. Is the property affected by a protected tenancy? (A tenancy affected by Parts 2, 3, 4 or 5 of the Landlord and Tenant (Amendment) Act 1948).
- If the tenancy is subject to the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW): 5.
 - has either the vendor or any predecessor or the tenant applied to the Consumer, Trader (a) and Tenancy Tribunal for an order?
 - have any orders been made by the Consumer, Trader and Tenancy Tribunal? If so, (b) please provide details.

Title

- 6. Subject to the Contract, on completion the vendor should be registered as proprietor in fee simple of the property free from all encumbrances.
- On or before completion, any mortgage or caveat must be discharged, withdrawn (as the case 7. may be) or an executed discharge or withdrawal handed over on completion together with a notice under Section 118 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996(The Act).
- 8. When and where may the title documents be inspected?
- 9 Are the inclusions or fixtures subject to any charge or hiring agreement? If so, details must be given and any indebtedness discharged prior to completion or title transferred unencumbered to the vendor prior to completion.

Adjustments

- 10. All outgoings referred to in clause 14.1 of the Contract must be paid up to and including the date of completion.
- 11. Is the vendor liable to pay land tax or is the property otherwise charged or liable to be charged with land tax? If so:
 - to what year has a return been made? (a)
 - what is the taxable value of the property for land tax purposes for the current year? (b)

Survey and building

- 12. Subject to the Contract, survey should be satisfactory and show that the whole of the property is available and that there are no encroachments by or upon the property and that all improvements comply with local government/planning legislation.
- Is the vendor in possession of a survey report? If so, please produce a copy for inspection prior 13. to completion. The original should be handed over on completion.
- 14. In respect of the property and common property:
 - Have the provisions of the Local Government Act, the Environmental Planning and (a) Assessment Act 1979 and their regulations been complied with?
 - (b) Is there any matter that could justify the making of an upgrading or demolition order in respect of any building or structure?
 - Has the vendor a Building Certificate which relates to all current buildings or structures? (c) If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - Has the vendor a Final Occupation Certificate issued under the Environmental Planning (d) and Assessment Act 1979 for all current buildings or structures? If so, it should be handed over on completion. Please provide a copy in advance.
 - In respect of any residential building work carried out in the last 7 years: (e)
 - please identify the building work carried out; (i)
 - (ii) when was the building work completed?
 - please state the builder's name and licence number; (iii)
 - please provide details of insurance under the Home Building Act 1989. (iv)

- 15. Has the vendor (or any predecessor) entered into any agreement with or granted any indemnity to the Council or any other authority concerning any development on the property or the common property?
- 16. If a swimming pool is included in the property:
 - (a) when did construction of the swimming pool commence?
 - (b) is the swimming pool surrounded by a barrier which complies with the requirements of the Swimming Pools Act 1992?
 - (c) if the swimming pool has been approved under the *Local Government Act 1993*, please provide details.
 - (d) are there any outstanding notices or orders?
- 17. (a) If there are any party walls, please specify what rights exist in relation to each party wall and produce any agreement. The benefit of any such agreement should be assigned to the purchaser on completion.
 - (a) Is the vendor aware of any dispute regarding boundary or dividing fences or party walls?
 - (b) Has the vendor received any notice, claim or proceedings under the *Dividing Fences Act 1991* or the *Encroachment of Buildings Act 1922*?

Affectations

- 18. In respect to the property and the common property:
 - (a) is the vendor aware of any rights, licences, easements, covenants or restrictions as to use other than those disclosed in the Contract?
 - (b) Has any claim been made by any person to close, obstruct or limit access to or from them or to prevent the enjoyment of any easement appurtenant to them?
- 19. Is the Vendor aware of:
 - (a) any road, drain, sewer or storm water channel which intersects or runs through the land?
 - (b) any dedication to or use by the public of any right of way or other easement over any part of the land?
 - (c) any latent defects in the property?
- 20. Has the vendor any notice or knowledge that the property is affected by the following:
 - (a) any resumption or acquisition or proposed resumption or acquisition?
 - (b) any notice requiring work to be done or money to be spent on the property or any footpath or road adjoining? If so, such notice must be complied with prior to completion.
 - (c) any work done or intended to be done on the property or the adjacent street which may create a charge on the property or the cost of which might be or become recoverable from the purchaser?
 - (d) any sum due to any local or public authority? If so, it must be paid prior to completion.
 - (e) any realignment or proposed realignment of any road adjoining the property?
 - (f) any contamination?

Owners Corporation Management

- 21. Has the initial period expired?
- 22. If the property includes a utility lot, please specify the restrictions.
- 23. If there are any applications or orders under Chapter 5 of the Act, please provide details.
- 24. Do any special expenses (as defined in clause 23.2 of the contract) exceed 1% of the price?

Capacity

25. If the Contract discloses that the vendor is a trustee, evidence should be produced to establish the trustee's power of sale.

Requisitions and transfer

- 26. If the transfer or any other document to be handed over on completion is executed pursuant to a power of attorney, then at least 7 days prior to completion a copy of the registered power of attorney should be produced and found in order.
- 27. If the vendor has or is entitled to have possession of the title deeds the Certificate Authentication Code must be provided 7 days prior to settlement.
- 28. Searches, surveys, enquiries and inspection of title deeds must prove satisfactory.
- 29. The purchaser reserves the right to make further requisitions prior to completion.
- 30. Unless we are advised by you to the contrary prior to completion, it will be assumed that your replies to these requisitions remain unchanged as at completion date.



REGISTRY Title Search

NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: 54/SP74481

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
12/7/2023	3:58 PM	3	9/9/2018

LAND

LOT 54 IN STRATA PLAN 74481 AT CHARLESTOWN LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA LAKE MACQUARIE

FIRST SCHEDULE

PHILIP CONICELLA JANICE ETHEL CONICELLA AS JOINT TENANTS

(CN AB596355)

SECOND SCHEDULE (2 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 INTERESTS RECORDED ON REGISTER FOLIO CP/SP74481

2 AB596357 MORTGAGE TO NATIONAL AUSTRALIA BANK LIMITED

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

* Any entries preceded by an asterisk do not appear on the current edition of the Certificate of Title. Warning: the information appearing under notations has not been formally recorded in the Register. InfoTrack an approved NSW Information Broker hereby certifies that the information contained in this document has been provided electronically by the Registrar General in accordance with Section 96B(2) of the Real Property Act 1900.



Information Provided Through triSearch (Leap) Ph. 02 9247 1806 Fax.

FOLIO: CP/SP74481

SEARCH DATE	TIME	EDITION NO	DATE
12/7/2023	3:51 PM	6	1/9/2021

LAND ____

THE COMMON PROPERTY IN THE STRATA SCHEME BASED ON STRATA PLAN 74481 WITHIN THE PARCEL SHOWN IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM

AT CHARLESTOWN LOCAL GOVERNMENT AREA LAKE MACQUARIE PARISH OF KAHIBAH COUNTY OF NORTHUMBERLAND TITLE DIAGRAM SP74481

FIRST SCHEDULE -----

THE OWNERS - STRATA PLAN NO. 74481 ADDRESS FOR SERVICE OF DOCUMENTS: C/- STRATA PLUS (NEWCASTLE) PO BOX 1160 NEWCASTLE NSW 2300

SECOND SCHEDULE (32 NOTIFICATIONS)

1 RESERVATIONS AND CONDITIONS IN THE CROWN GRANT(S)

- 2 THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED IS LIMITED IN STRATUM IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED IN DP1075387
- 3 ATTENTION IS DIRECTED TO THE STRATA MANAGEMENT STATEMENT FILED WITH SP74481
- EASEMENT FOR SUBJACENT AND LATERAL SUPPORT AND EASEMENT FOR 4 SHELTER IMPLIED BY SECTION 8AA STRATA SCHEMES (FREEHOLD DEVELOPMENT) ACT 1973. SEE SP74481
- DP1075387 EASEMENT FOR ELECTRICITY SUBSTATION 3.3 METRE(S) WIDE 5 AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
- DP1075387 RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY VARIABLE WIDTH LIMITED IN 6 HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 115.35 & RL 119.31 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED
- DP1075387 RIGHT OF CARRIAGEWAY 5, 5.5, 6.2, 7 & 7.415 METRE(S) 7 WIDE AND VARIABLE WIDTH LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 113.1 & RL 115.5 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED
- 8 DP1075387 EASEMENT FOR SERVICES 5.42 METRE(S) WIDE LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 113.1 & RL 116.19 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED
- 9 DP1075387 EASEMENT FOR SERVICES 4.59 METRE(S) WIDE LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 113.1 & RL 116.19 AHD APPURTENANT TO

END OF PAGE 1 - CONTINUED OVER

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NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP74481

PAGE 2

SECOND SCHEDULE (32 NOTIFICATIONS) (CONTINUED) _____ THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED 10 DP1075387 EASEMENT FOR SERVICES VARIABLE WIDTH LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 113.1 & RL 116.19 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED 11 DP1075387 RIGHT OF CARRIAGEWAY 6.8 METRE(S) WIDE LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 113.1 & 118.4 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED 12 DP1075387 RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY 1.4, 2.11, 2.75, 2.88, 3.41, 3.59 & 3.78 WIDE LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 116.39 & RL 119.05 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED 13 DP1075387 RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY 1, 1.25 AND VARIABLE WIDTH LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 115.66 & RL 119.05 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED 14 DP1075387 RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY 1.25 WIDE LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 115.66 & RL 119.05 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED DP1075387 RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY 1.25 WIDE LIMITED IN HEIGHT 15 BETWEEN RL 113.1 & RL 115.5 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED 16 DP1075387 EASEMENT FOR STORAGE OF GARBAGE AND ACCESS THERETO 2.75, 3.59 & 3.78 WIDE LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 116.39 & RL 119.05 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED 17 DP1075387 RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY 1.1 & 2.3 WIDE LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 113.1 AND RL 116.39 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED 18 DP1075387 RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY VARIABLE WIDTH LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 113.1 AND RL 115.5 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED 19 DP1075387 EASEMENT FOR SERVICES 1.65 METRE(S) WIDE LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 113.1 & RL 116.19 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED 20 DP1075387 RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY 1 WIDE LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 113.1 & RL 116.19 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED DP1075387 RIGHT OF CARRIAGEWAY 3.5 METRE(S) WIDE LIMITED IN 21 HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 115.66 AND RL 122.66 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED 22 DP1075387 RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY 1.2 WIDE LIMITED IN HEIGHT BETWEEN RL 113.1 & RL 115.5 AHD APPURTENANT TO THE LAND ABOVE DESCRIBED 23 SP74481 RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY 2.8 WIDE AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM 24 SP74481 RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY VARIABLE WIDTH AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM 25 SP74481 RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY 1 & 1.15 WIDE AFFECTING THE

END OF PAGE 2 - CONTINUED OVER

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NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH _____

FOLIO: CP/SP74481 _____

page 3

SECOND SCHEDULE (32 NOTIFICATIONS) (CONTINUED) _____

26	SP74481	PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY 1 WIDE & VARIABLE WIDTH AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE
		DIAGRAM
27	SP74481	RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY 1.1 WIDE AFFECTING THE
		PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
28	SP74481	RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY 2.8 WIDE & VARIABLE WIDTH
		AFFECTING THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE
		DIAGRAM
29	SP74481	RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY 1 WIDE AFFECTING THE
		PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
30	SP74481	RIGHT OF PEDESTRIAN WAY VARIABLE WIDTH AFFECTING
		THE PART(S) SHOWN SO BURDENED IN THE TITLE DIAGRAM
31	AR382797	CONSOLIDATION OF REGISTERED BY-LAWS
32	AR382797	INITIAL PERIOD EXPIRED

SCHEDULE OF UNIT ENTITLEMENT (AGGREGATE: 1001)

		(
STRATA PLAN	74481		
LOT ENT	LOT ENT	LOT ENT	LOT ENT
1 - 6	2 - 4	3 - 6	4 - 9
5 - 5	6 – 5	7 – 5	8 - 9
9 - 10	10 - 6	11 - 4	12 - 5
13 - 4	14 - 7	15 - 9	16 - 8
17 - 5	18 - 5	19 - 5	20 - 8
21 - 7	22 - 4	23 - 5	24 - 7
25 - 7	26 - 10	27 - 9	28 - 5
29 - 5	30 - 9	31 - 10	32 - 7
33 - 5	34 - 8	35 - 4	36 - 9
37 - 11	38 - 8	39 - 8	40 - 8
41 - 8	42 - 13	43 - 8	44 - 4
45 - 6	46 - 5	47 - 7	48 - 13
49 - 9	50 - 8	51 - 9	52 - 9
53 - 13	54 - 10	55 - 5	56 - 6
57 - 6	58 - 5	59 - 12	60 - 9
61 - 7	62 - 6	63 - 11	64 - 9
65 - 6	66 - 7	67 - 10	68 - 11
69 - 12	70 - 9	71 - 15	72 - 13
73 - 14	74 - 14	75 – 7	76 - 15
77 - 22	78 - 16	79 - 14	80 - 11
81 - 11	82 - 19	83 - 17	84 - 15
85 - 33	86 - 30	87 - 15	88 - 15
89 - 15	90 - 4	91 - 3	92 - 5
93 - 5	94 - 3	95 - 5	96 - 4
97 - 4	98 - 5	99 - 6	100 - 7
101 - 9	102 - 12	103 - 6	104 - 7

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NEW SOUTH WALES LAND REGISTRY SERVICES - TITLE SEARCH

FOLIO: CP/SP74481

PAGE 4

SCHEDULE	E OF UNIT E	CNTITLEMEN	T (AGGREGAT	E: 1001) (CONTINU	JED)
			-			
STRATA H	PLAN 74481					
LOT H	ENT	LOT ENT	LOT	ENT	LOT	ENT
105 - 6	6	106 - 8	107 -	27	108 -	35
109 - 1	1	110 - 1	111 -	1	112 -	1
113 - 1	1					

NOTATIONS

UNREGISTERED DEALINGS: NIL

*** END OF SEARCH ***

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Received: 12/07/2023 15:51:09

1. **DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATIONS**

1.1 **Definitions**

In these By-Laws, unless the contrary intention appears:

"**The Alto Apartments**" comprises the lots within the Residential Stratum and the Commercial Stratum and the Shared Facilities for The Alto Apartments.

"Another Lot" means any lot in the Residential Stratum or the Commercial Stratum.

"Authority" means any government or any governmental, semi-governmental department, authority, or agency with jurisdiction over The Alto Apartments.

"Building" means the structure and improvements located at The Alto Apartments which comprise the Residential Stratum and the Commercial Stratum.

"Business Day(s)" means a day which is not Saturday, Sunday or a Public Holiday.

"By-Laws" means the By-Laws for the Residential Stratum.

"Car Park" means the car park areas for the Residential Stratum and the Commercial Stratum.

"**Car Space**" means the car space allocated the Owners or Occupier of a Lot in the Residential Stratum.

"Commercial Stratum" means Strata Scheme.

"**Common Facilities**" means common facilities such as control rooms, garbage rooms, store rooms, switch rooms and the lobby entrance areas.

"**Common Property**" means the property designated by the Residential Owners Corporation as common property for the Residential Stratum including the passive recreation area.

"**Council**" means the council or authority having jurisdiction or authority to approve the development or redevelopment of the land on which the Building is erected.

"Developer" means Moweno Pty Limited ACN 002 099 694.

"Executive Committee" is the executive for the Residential Owners Corporation.

"Garbage Room" means the garbage room located in the Commercial Stratum for use by the Owners and Occupiers of the Residential Stratum in accordance with the By-Laws.

"Lift or Lifts" includes the lifts located in the Residential Stratum.

"Location Plan" means the plan annexed to these By-Laws as Schedule One.

"Lot" means a Lot in the Residential Stratum.

"Management Act" means the Strata Schemes Management Act, 1996.

"Management Committee" means the management committee appointed in accordance with the Management Statement.

"Management Statement" means the management statement for The Alto Apartments, with the registration number.

"Occupier" means an occupier of a Lot including but not limited to a lessee or licensee.

"Owner" means the owner of a Lot.

"**Residential Car Park**" means that part of the Car Park which forms part of the Residential Stratum.

"Residential Owners Corporation" means the owner's corporation for the Residential Stratum.

"Residential Stratum" means strata scheme.

"Resolution" means a motion of the Residential Owners Corporation in favour of which more than 50% vote of the votes of the members of the Residential Owners Corporation present and entitles to vote are cast.

"Security Key(s)" means a key, magnetic card or other device or security measure used in the Residential Stratum to open and close Common Property doors, locks or gates.

"**Shared Facilities**" are facilities used by the Residential Stratum and the Commercial Stratum. The Management Statement regulates the use, maintenance and shared costs for the Shared Facilities.

"**Strata Manager**" is the person or entity appointed by the Residential Owners Corporation as the Residential Stratum's managing agent under the Management Act. The Strata Manager must be appointed in accordance with By-Law 30.

"Strata Schemes Act" means the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act, 1973.

"**Strata Plan**" means the Strata plans of subdivision of Residential Stratum and the Commercial Stratum on the Plan.

1.2 Interpretation

In the By-Laws unless context otherwise requires:

- headings are for convenience only and do not affect the interpretation of the By-Laws;
- (b) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa;
- (c) words importing gender include any gender;
- (d) a reference to a natural person includes any corporation or other body corporate or government body and vice versa;
- (e) references to legislation or legislative provisions include modifying, consolidating or replacement legislation or legislative provisions;

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- (f) a reference applying to or binding more than one person will refer to or bind them jointly and each of the severally;
- (g) references to months and years means calendar months and years;
- (h) where any word or phrase is given a defined meaning any other grammatical form of that word or phrase will have a corresponding meaning;
- (i) if the day on which any act, matter or thing is to be done under or pursuant to the By-Laws is not a Business Day, that act, matter or thing may be done on the next Business day; and
- (j) references to sections means sections of the Management Act or the Strata Schemes Act as the case may be.

2. **RESIDENTIAL STRATUM**

- 2.1 The Residential Stratum is part of The Alto Apartments. The Alto Apartments has two components, being the Residential Stratum and the Commercial Stratum.
- 2.2 The regulation of the use, maintenance and operation of the Residential Stratum and The Alto Apartments is achieved through these By-Laws, the Management Statement, the Management Act and the Strata Schemes Act.

3. MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

- 3.1 The Management Statement governs the management and operational issues for The Alto Apartments.
- 3.2 A consent under these By-Laws does not provide the Owner or Occupier of a Lot with relief from its obligations under the management Statement.
- 3.3 If there is an inconsistency between these By-Laws and the management Statement, the Residential Owners Corporation must amend the inconsistent By-Law to make it consistent with the Management Statement.

4. APPOINTING REPRESENTATIVES TO THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Residential Owners Corporation must, by special resolution, appoint two (2) representatives to represent and vote for the Residential Owners Corporation at meetings of the Management Committee.

5. **COMPLIANCE**

Persons who must comply with the By-Laws are:

- (a) the Owner of a Lot in the Residential Stratum;
- (b) the Occupier of a Lot in the Residential Stratum;
- (c) the Residential Owners Corporation; and
- (d) the proprietor, mortgagee in possession or lessee or licensee for the time being of any Lot in the Residential Stratum.

6. NOISE

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not create any nuisance or excessive noise on a Lot or the Common Property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the Owner or Occupier of Another Lot or of any person lawfully using the Common Property.

7. VEHICLES, CAR PARKS AND CAR SPACES

- 7.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle:
 - (a) on property of The Alto Apartments which is not part of the Residential Stratum; or
 - (b) on Common Property, or permit any invitees of the Owner or Occupier to park or stand any motor or other vehicle on Common Property, except with the prior written approval of the Residential Owners Corporation, which must consider the conditions of the Management Statement when considering such consents in relation to vehicles.
- 7.2 The rights of the Owner or Occupier of a Lot are governed by the Management Statement, which has important provisions about using the Car Park and the Car Space. The Owner or Occupier of a Lot which has a Car Space must comply with the Car Park and Car Space provisions of the Management Statement.
- 7.3 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not enclose any Car Space without the approval of the Residential Owners Corporation which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 7.4 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not use or store any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material in any Car Space other than any fuel or gas in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle.

8. OBSTRUCTION OF COMMON PROPERTY

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not obstruct the lawful use of Common Property by any person.

9. DAMAGE TO COMMON PROPERTY

- 9.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not carry on any activity likely to damage or alter or deface any structure that forms part of the Common Property, except with the written approval of the Residential Owners.
- 9.2 An approval given by the Residential Owners Corporation under By-Law 9.1 cannot authorise any addition to the Common Property.
- 9.3 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must:
 - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in By-Law 9.1 that is locate on the Common Property and that services the Lot; and
 - (b) repair any damage caused to any part of the Common Property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure

referred to in By-Law 9.1 that is located on the Common Property and that services the Lot.

10. BEHAVIOUR OF OWNERS, OCCUPIERS AND INVITEES

- 10.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the Owner or Occupier of Another Lot or to any person lawfully using the Common Property.
- 10.2 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees do not behave in a manner which does not comply with the By-Laws or the Management Statement, or is likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the Owner or Occupier of Another Lot or any person lawfully using the Common Property.

11. PLAYING ON COMMON PROPERTY

- 11.1 Skateboards, roller blades and push bikes (other than push bikes using the Car Park for access to or egress from that part of any Lot located within the car Park) are prohibited from the Lift or any part of the Common Property and The Alto Apartments.
- 11.2 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not permit any child of whom the Owner or Occupier has control to play within the Common Property of the Residential Stratum or The Alto Apartments or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on the Common Property or The Alto Apartments.

12. DEPOSITING RUBBISH AND OTHER MATERIAL ON COMMON PROPERTY

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not deposit or throw on the Common Property of The Alto Apartments any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except in accordance with By-Law 18 or with the prior written approval of the Residential Owners Corporation.

13. DRYING OF LAUNDRY ITEMS

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not hang any washing, laundry, towels, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the Lot in such a way as to be visible from outside the Lot.

14. CLEANING WINDOWS AND DOORS

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the Lot, including so much as is Common Property, unless:

- (a) the Residential Owners Corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified parts of the glass clean; or
- (b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the Owner or Occupier of the Lot safely or at all.

15. STORAGE OF INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS AND OTHER SUBSTANCES AND MATERIALS

15.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the Residential Owners Corporation, use or store on the Lot or on the Common Property, any inflammable chemical, liquid, gas or other inflammable material.

15.2 This By-Law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used for domestic purposes, or any fuel or gas in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle.

16. MOVING FURNITURE AND OTHER OBJECTS ON OR THROUGH COMMON PROPERTY OR THE COMMERCIAL STRATUM

- 16.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not transport any furniture, large object or deliveries to or from a Lot through or on the Common Property or The Alto Apartments unless sufficient notice has first been given to the Executive Committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the Owner or Occupier does so.
- 16.2 The Residential Owners Corporation may resolve that furniture, large objects or deliveries to and from a Lot are to be transported through or on the Common Property or The Alto Apartments in a specified manner.
- 16.3 If the Residential Owners Corporation has specified, by resolution, the manner in which furniture, large objects or deliveries to and from a Lot are to be transported, then the Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not transport any furniture, large object or deliveries to and from the Lot through or on Common Property or The Alto Apartments except in accordance with that resolution.

17. FLOOR COVERINGS

An Owner of a Lot must ensure that all floor space within the Lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the Owner or Occupier of another Lot.

18. DISPOSING OF RUBBISH

- 18.1 Garbage Bins are located within the garbage Room located on the Commercial Stratum for the disposal of garbage and recyclable materials by the Owners and Occupiers of a Lot.
- 18.2 The Owners or Occupiers of a Lot:
 - (a) must drain and securely wrap all garbage for the Lot and dispose of the garbage in the garbage bin within the Garbage Room;
 - (b) dispose of recyclable material in the recyclable bins designated for the Residential Owners Corporation for that purpose in the garbage Room;
 - (c) drain and clean bottles before placing them in the recyclable bins designated for the Residential Owners Corporation for that purpose in the Garbage Room;
 - (d) contact the Residential Owners corporation (or it nominee) to remove large articles or garbage, recyclable materials, or liquids that are poisonous or dangerous to the environment or likely to be held dangerous to the environment by any Authority;
 - (e) must remove any garbage referred to in By-Law 18.2(d) at their own cost an in accordance with the reasonable directions of the Residential Owners Corporation; and
 - (f) deposit garbage, recyclable materials and other waste from the Lot in accordance with the reasonable requirements of the Residential Owners Corporation.

- 18.3 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must ensure when in the process of disposing of garbage and recyclable material from the Lot to the Garbage Room that:
 - (a) the garbage and recyclable material being transferred from the Lot is securely wrapped and drained and does not leak or spill over the Common Property and the Garbage Room; and
 - (b) at its cost clean up or remove anything which the Owner or the Occupier may have spilled or leaked on the Common Property or Garbage Room as a consequence of transferring garbage, recyclable materials or waste from the Lot to the Garbage Room or otherwise.
- 18.4 This By-Law 18 does not allow an Owner or Occupier of a Lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any Law applying to the disposal of such waste.
- 18.5 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must make their own private arrangements for disposing of recyclable materials, garbage or waste which cannot be removed by Council or by private services engaged by the residential Owners Corporation.

19. KEEPING OF ANIMALS

- 19.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot may make an application, on the Owners Corporation standard application form to keep an animal on the Lot or the Common Property, seeking the written approval of the Owners Corporation.
- 19.2 The Owners Corporation must not unreasonably withhold its approval of the keeping of an animal on a Lot or the Common Property and must give an Owner or Occupier written reasons for any refusal to grant approval.
- 19.3 If an Owner or Occupier of a Lot keeps an animal on the Lot, the Owner or Occupier must
 - a) keep the animal within the Lot, and
 - b) supervise the animal when it is on the Common Property, and
 - c) take any action that is necessary to clean all areas of the Lot or the Common Property that are soiled by the animal.
- 19.4 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot who keeps an assistance animal on the Lot must, if required to do so by the Owners Corporation, provide evidence to the Owners Corporation demonstrating that the animal is an assistance animal as referred to in section 9 of the Disability Discrimination Act 1992 of the Commonwealth.

20. CHANGE IN USE OF LOT TO BE NOTIFIED

- 20.1 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not use Common Property for any purpose other than that for which it was intended.
- 20.2 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not, without the prior written consent of the Residential Owners Corporation and the relevant Authorities, use a Lot for any purpose other than a residential property.

20.3 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must notify the Residential Owners Corporation if the Owner or Occupier changes the existing use of the Lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the Residential Stratum or The Alto Apartments.

21. PROVISION OF AMENITIES OR SERVICES

- 21.1 The Residential owners Corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provisions of the following amenities or services to one or more of the Lots, or to the Owners or Occupiers of one or more of the Lots:
 - (a) security services;
 - (b) commercial and window cleaning;
 - (c) garbage disposal and recycling services;
 - (d) domestic services;
 - (e) electricity, water or gas supply;
 - (f) telecommunications services (for example, cable/satellite television, satellite receiving discs and antennas, Internet, etc);
 - (g) management and maintenance of the Residential Stratum; and
 - (h) fire safety service.
- 21.2 If the Residential Owners Corporation makes a resolution referred to in By-Law 21.1 to provide an amenity or service to a Lot or to the owner or Occupier of a Lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

22. LEASED OR LICENSED RESIDENTIAL LOTS

If a Lot is leased or licensed by an Owner then the Owner must ensure that the Occupier: (a) comply with the By-Laws and the Management Statement;

- (b) enforce any action available to the owner under the lease or the licence to ensure that the Occupier complies with the By-Laws and the Management Statement; and
- (c) is provided with a copy of the By-Laws and the Management Statement.

23. COMPLIANCE, OWNERS CORPORATION'S CONSENT AND BUILDING WORKS

- 23.1 Subject to compliance with the Management Statement, the Owner or Occupier must obtain the Residential Owners Corporation's written consent to:
 - (a) keep anything visible from outside the Lot which is not in accordance with the By-Laws or Management Statement and provided that all window furnishings installed within a Lot must be of a light colour; or
 - (b) install bars, screens, safety devices, grilles or locks on the exterior of the windows and doors of the Lot, if they are visible from outside the Lot; or
 - (c) attach, install, hang an aerial, security device or wires outside the Lot; or
 - (d) undertake alterations to the Lot which require Council or Authority development approval; or

(e) store items in the Car Space of the Lot (other than a motor vehicle.

23.2 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not:

- (a) install or operate an alarm or security system with an audible signal within the Lot; or
- (b) install any awning, blind or security screen to the balcony or any window of the Lot; or
- (c) install an television, radio or any other antenna or satellite dish visible from Another Lot or from outside the Lot; or
- (d) modify the exterior lights to any deck or balcony. Sodium vapour or coloured bulbs are not to be used; or
- (e) use or operate or install electronic devices or equipment within the Lot which interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of domestic appliances in Another Lot; or
- (f) install an air conditioning unit or compressor on a balcony other than permitted in accordance with By-Law 29.4.
- 23.3 All building work on the load bearing, fire rated or sound insulated walls, electrical and maintenance work to the inside of a Lot, to be carried out by an Owner or Occupier of a Lot (or its contractor), must only be carried out:
 - (a) with the consent of the residential Owners Corporation;
 - (b) in accordance with the Management Statement;
 - (c) in accordance with all Laws and any requirement of any Authority; and
 - (d) within the hours of 8.00am to 6.00pm on Business Days, except in the event of an emergency.
- 23.4 Subject to By-Law 23.3, the Owner or Occupier of a Lot must:(a) find out where service lines and pipes are located; and
 - (b) obtain consent from the Residential Owners Corporation,

if the Owner or Occupier of a Lot proposes to interfere with or interrupt services to the Common Property or The Alto Apartments.

- 23.5 When an Owner or Occupier of a Lot carries out building works, they must:
 - (a) use a qualified, reputable and (where appropriate) licensed contractors
 - (b) carry out the building works in a proper manner and to the reasonable satisfaction of the Residential Owners Corporation; and
 - (c) repair any damage caused to the Common Property, The Alto Apartments or Another Lot or the property of Another Lot Owner or Occupier.

24. USE OF LOT BALCONY

24.1 If and Owner's or Occupier's Lot includes a Balcony the Owner or Occupier of that Lot may keep planter boxes and outdoor furniture on the Balcony of the Lot if they are:

- (a) approved by the Residential Owners Corporation;
- (b) are not dangerous;
- (c) are maintained in good condition and kept clean and tidy;
- (d) comply with the Management Statement; and
- (e) comply with all Laws and orders of any Authority.
- 24.2 If there are planter boxes on the Balcony of a Lot, the Owner or Occupier of a Lot must maintain the plantings within the planter box to the standard required by the Residential Owners Corporation and when watering the plants in the planter boxes located on the Balcony of the Lot ensure that no water goes onto or damages Another Lot or the Common Property.

25. **PRESERVATION OF FIRE SAFETY**

The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not do anything or permit any invitees of the Owner or Occupier of a Lot to do anything on the Lot or in the Common Property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the Residential Stratum or to reduce the level of fire safety in the Common Property or The Alto Apartments or Another Lot.

26. SIGNAGE

- 26.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not erect any signage within or on the Lot without the prior consent of the Residential Owners Corporation, which may be withheld in its absolute discretion.
- 26.2 The right granted under By-Law 26.1 are granted on the condition that the signage: (a) is approved by the Management Committee; and
 - (b) complies with the Management Statement.
- 26.3 The Developer may place "For Sale" and "For Lease" signs on the interior of any window on the boundary of any Lot owned by the Developer without the consent of the Residential Owners Corporation.

27. RULES AND REGULATIONS REGARDING COMMON FACILITIES OR COMMON PROPERTY

The Residential Owners Corporation is empowered to make rules and regulations relating to the management and operation of the Common Facilities and the Common Property.

28. SECURITY KEYS

- 28.1 The Residential Owners Corporation:
 - (a) must give the owner or Occupier of a Lot a Security Key(s) for the Residential Stratum and the Common Property; and
 - (b) may give the Owner or Occupier of a Lot a Security Key(s) if the Residential Owners Corporation restricts access to parts of the Common Property under By-Law 28.5.

- 28.2 The Residential Owners Corporation may charge the Owner or Occupier of a Lot a fee or bond for any Security Key(s) issues for any extra or replacement Security Key(s).
- 28.3 A person to whom a Security Key(s) is made available must:
 - (a) not duplicate or copy the Security Key(s);
 - (b) immediately notify the Residential Owners Corporation if the Security Key(s) is lost or misplaced;
 - (c) when requested by the Residential Owners Corporation, immediately return the Security Key(s) to the Residential Owners Corporation; and
 - (d) take all reasonable steps to safeguard the Security Key(s) against loss, damage or theft.
- 28.4 Owners and Occupiers of a Lot and/or residential property managers will be responsible for arranging replacement of lost Security Key(s) after authorisation has been given by the Residential Owners Corporation. Identification and/or proof of tenancy will be required prior to authorisation for replacement keys and the reasonable cost and expense of replacement keys will be charged for Owners, Occupiers, and/or property managers who may require replacement Security Key(s).
- 28.5 The Residential Owners Corporation may:
 - (a) close off or restrict by Security Key(s) access to parts of Common Property that do not give access to a Lot; and
 - (b) restrict by Security Key(s) access to levels within the Residential Stratum where the Owner or Occupier of a Lot does not own or occupy a Lot.

29. AIR CONDITIONING

- 29.1 Any owner or occupier of a Lot who wishes to install air-conditioning into their Lot must make written application to the Executive Committee of the Residential Owners Corporation.
- 29.2 The Residential Owners Corporation must not unreasonably withhold its consent to an application made in writing pursuant to By-Law 29.1 subject to the owner or occupier of the Lot making application (the "Applicant") and complying with the following:
 - (a) All requirements of the Residential Owners Corporation and, in particular, air conditioning installation requirements and By-laws of the Residential Owners Corporation;
 - (b) The air conditioning outlet, the coolant pipes, plant and equipment and electrical wiring connection the air conditioning outlet in the Lot to the condenser on the plant location (hereinafter call the "air conditioning equipment") must be installed by a qualified contractor approved by the Residential Owners Corporation and located as directed by the Residential Owners Corporation;
 - (c) The type of unit to be installed on the air conditioning plant location on the roof of the building must be approved by the Residential Owners Corporation;
 - (d) All installation and maintenance costs of the air conditioning equipment are at the sole cost of the Applicant;
 - (e) All approvals for installation of air conditioning equipment will be conditional upon the Applicant agreeing to maintain the equipment to the satisfaction of the

Management Committee which can require the Residential Owners Corporation to remove any air conditioning equipment in a state of disrepair;

- (f) The Applicant must procure its contractor to install the air conditioning equipment at such times as the Residential Owners Corporation may stipulate in their sole discretion;
- (g) The Application will be responsible (at its cost) to make good all damage to the Building, Residential Stratum, Common Property, The Alto Apartments and Another Lot;
- (h) If the Applicant fails to make good in accordance sub-paragraph (g) within a reasonable time of written notices to do so by the Residential Owners Corporation, then the Residential Owners Corporation may repair and make good any such damage at the cost of the Applicant which cost will become a debt due and owing by the said Owner or Occupier to the Residential Owners Corporation;
- (i) All works carried out in connection with installation of air conditioning equipment and its removal must be carried out in a good and tradesman like manner at the expense of the Applicant; and
- (j) No air conditioning equipment shall be permitted to be installed in the windows or on the balcony of any Lot other than in accordance with By-law 29.4.
- 29.3 The following By-laws regulate the installation of air-conditioning into the Lots:
 - (a) Other than an installation of an air conditioning unit in accordance with By-Law 29.4 any installation of air conditioning equipment must be connected to the air conditioning plant locations on the roof of the building which is part of the Residential Stratum as indicated on the Location Plan;
 - (b) All air conditioning units to be installed must be air conditioning systems, approved by the Residential Owners corporation, and must comply with all consent Authority requirements and be installed within the ceiling or on the internal (not boundary) wall within the Lot;
 - (c) Owners or occupiers of a Lot requesting installation of air conditioning to the Lot must ensure when connecting the air conditioning equipment that the roof membrane of the building is adequately protected;
 - (d) Any damage caused to the common area including the roof or the roof membrane must be made good in a good and tradesman like manner by the relevant owner or occupier of the Lot at the cost of the relevant owner or occupier of a Lot; and
 - (e) The installation of air conditioning equipment, referred to in this By-law 29, on the roof or within the Lot, must be in accordance with all approvals as may be required by any Authority or Council, all relevant Standards, manufacturers' specifications and in a manner to prevent vibration both on the roof and within the Alto Apartments.
- 29.4 An owner or occupier of a Lot may install an air-conditioning unit on the balcony of a Lot provided:
 - (a) Approval is obtained from the Residential Owners Corporation which shall not unreasonably withhold it approval provided the conditions of this By-law are complied with;
 - (b) The air conditioning unit is located behind a suitable designed ventilated screen which restricts the visibility of the air conditioning unit from the street, with all exhaust air to be directed away from neighbouring Lots;

- (c) The screen and pipework is painted to match adjoining walls; and
- (d) The air conditioning unit is mounted on the floor of the balcony upon resilient mountings to minimise noise transfer to the Building and in accordance with all relevant regulation of any Authority and Council.

30. SMOKING

- 30.1 An Owner or Occupier is not to smoke on common property.
- 30.2 An Owner or Occupier is to ensure that any smoking within their lot does not interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of another Lot nor a person lawfully using the common property.

31. AMENDING BY-LAWS

The Residential Owners Corporation may add, change or cancel By-Laws only if:

- (a) the addition, change or cancellation complies with the provisions of the Management Statement about adding, changing or cancelling By-Laws;
- (b) it consults with the Management Committee before adding, changing or cancelling a By-Law; and
- (c) adding, changing or cancelling the By-Law does not conflict with the Management Statement.

32. SHOPPING TROLLEYS

An owner or occupier of a Lot must not bring shopping trolleys onto The Alto Apartments for any purpose. Shopping Trolleys are prohibited from the lift or any part of the common property of The Alto Apartments.

33. NOTICES

- 33.1 Notices must not be placed within the lifts or any other locations within the Alto Apartments except with the prior written consent of the Executive Committee and/or Strata Manager.
- 33.2 Approved notices for sale may only be placed on B2 and B3 car parking levels on the wall between the lifts and in the Garbage Room.
- 33.3 All such notices must be removed within seven (7) days.

34. SERVING OF DOCUMENTS

A document may be served on the owner of a lot by electronic means if the person has given the owners corporation an e-mail address for the service of notices and the document is sent to that address.

35. CHANGING OF FLOOR COVERINGS

35.1 An owner or occupier of a lot must notify the Owners Corporation at least twenty-one (21) days before changing any of the floor coverings or surfaces of the lot if the change is likely to result in an increase in noise transmitted from that lot to any other lot. The notice must specify the type of the proposed floor covering or surface.

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35.2 This by-law does not affect any requirement under any law to obtain a consent to, approval for or any other authorisation for the changing of the floor covering or surface concerned.

36. FIRE SAFETY, ACCESS, DAMAGE TO COMMON PROPERTY AND RECOVERY OF COSTS

- 36.1 The owner or occupier of a lot must not do anything, or permit any visitors to that lot to do anything, in or on the lot or anywhere in the building that interferes with, impedes or affects, or is likely to interfere with, impede or affect, the operation of fire safety devices, or reduce the level of fire safety in the lot or anywhere else in the building, including without limitation interference with any smoke detector or smoke alarm installed in the lot or the building or use of or interference with any fire hydrant or any other fire fighting or fire safety equipment except in the case of an emergency.
- 36.2 If an Authorised Fire Safety Inspector gives a notice to the owners corporation requiring access to any lot or lots in the strata scheme, each owner and occupier of a lot must comply with that notice and allow that access to the lot to take place at the time and date notified to that owner or occupier by the owners corporation.
- 36.3 If the owner or occupier of a lot fails to give access to the lot to an Authorised Fire Safety Inspector at the time and date notified by the owners corporation under Clause 36.2 of this by law and, as a result, the Authorised Fire Safety Inspector is required to attend at the lot to carry out the inspection at another time and date, the owner of the lot shall be liable for and must bear and pay the costs of that subsequent attendance or attendances by the Authorised Fire Safety Inspector at the lot and the owners corporation may recover the same from the owner of the lot as a debt due and payable to the owners corporation.
- 36.4 If as a result of the action or inaction of an owner or occupier of, or visitor to, a lot in the strata scheme, the attendance occurs at the strata scheme of any of the Fire Brigades-NSW, The Police Service (NSW), the Ambulance Service of NSW or any other person in connection with the provision of a Utility Service in or to the strata scheme and, as a result of that attendance, a charge is imposed on the owners corporation, the owners corporation may recover the amount of that charge from the owner of the lot as a debt due and payable by that owner.
- 36.5 If the cost of any subsequent attendance or attendances of an Authorised Fire Safety Inspector as described in Clause 36.3, the owners corporation costs of rectifying any interference or damage as described in Clause 36.1 or any charge imposed on the owners corporation as described in Clause 36.4, or any part of any of those costs or charges, is not paid within one month after the date on which the notice of that cost has been given to the owner, it (or so much of the cost as remains unpaid) will bear simple interest at the same rate as is applicable to the contributions unpaid under Section 79(2) of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*, or of the regulations under the Act prescribe some other rate, then at that other rate.
- 36.6 If any cost or charge referred to in Clause 36.5, or any part thereof, remains unpaid, the owners corporation may include reference to that cost to that debt (including interest thereon) on notices under Section 109 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* in respect of the Lot.
- 36.7 In order to ensure the safety and protection of all owners, occupiers and visitors and compliance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000*, every owner of a lot must install in that lot one or more smoke alarms which complies with the

provisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000* and must maintain and keep them in a state of good and serviceable repair and renew when necessary any and all such smoke alarms installed in that owner's lot.

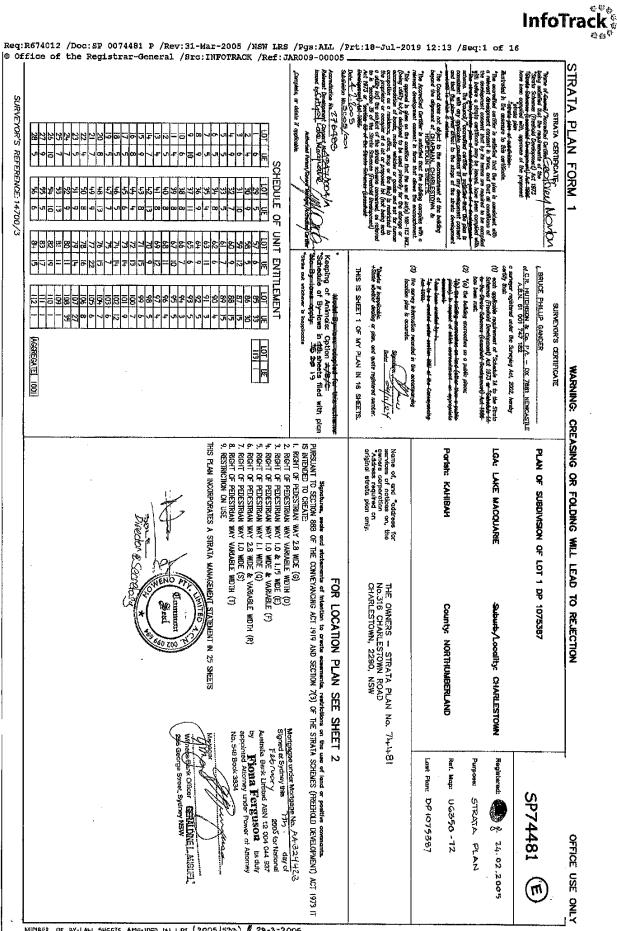
- 36.8 Without limiting the obligations of owners under Clause 36.7, the owners corporation must install smoke alarms in the common property in the building in compliance with the provisions of the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000* and must maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair and renew when necessary any and all such smoke alarms installed in the common property.
- 36.9 In this by-law:
 - (a) **"Authorised Fire safety Inspector"** means a person authorised under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* to carry out an inspection of a building for the purposes relating to fire safety;
 - (b) "Utility Service" means any service associated with the provision of plumbing, electricity, gas, fire safety, security, cleaning or telecommunications (including cable television) services to the strata scheme;
 - (c) references to the Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979, the Environmental Planning and Assessment Regulation 2000 and the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 include any amendment, consolidation, modification, re-enactment or reprint of that Act or Regulation or provision thereof or any statute, proclamation, rule, code, regulation or ordinance replacing any of them.

37. DAMAGE TO COMMON PROPERTY AND RECOVERY OF COSTS

- 37.1 The owner or occupier of a lot must not do anything, or permit any visitors to that lot to do anything, in or on the lot or anywhere in the building that causes damage to the common property unless prior to causing the damage, the lot owner obtains written authorisation to cause damage from the owners corporation.
- 37.2 If any part of the common property is damaged by the action or inaction of an owner or occupier of, or visitor to, a lot in the strata scheme, the owners corporation may, subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*, recover from the owner of the lot as a debt due and payable by the owner, the costs incurred by the owners corporation in rectifying the damage.
- 37.3 If the cost described in clause (2), or any part of those costs or charges, is not paid within one month after the date on which the notice of that cost has been given to the owner, it (or so much of the cost as remains unpaid) will bear simple interest at the same rate as is applicable to contributions unpaid under section 79(2) of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996*, or if the regulations under the Act prescribe some other rate, then at that other rate.
- 37.4 If any cost of charge referred to in clause (2), or any part thereof, remains unpaid, the owners corporation may include reference to that debt (including interest thereon) on notices under section 109 of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* in respect of the lot.
- 37.5 In this by-law references to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 1996* include any amendment, consolidation, modification, re-enactment or reprint of the Act or Regulation or provision thereof or any stature, proclamation, rule, code, regulation or ordinance replacing any of them.

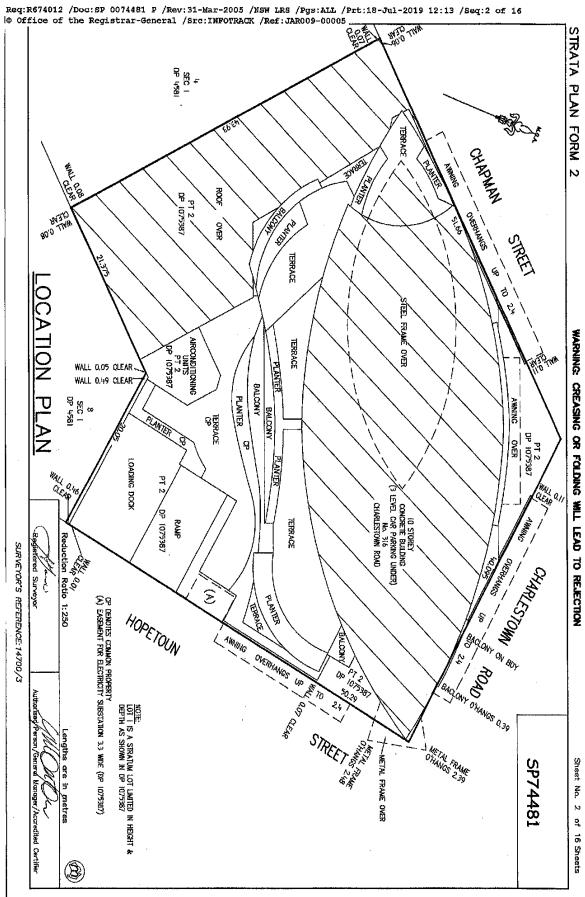
38. MINOR RENOVATIONS

- 38.1 The Owners Corporation by resolution in general meeting may delegate to the Strata Committee, generally or in a particular case or cases, its functions of giving and withholding approval of minor renovations (for the purposes of s.110 of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) and of imposing conditions on such approval.
- 38.2 The Owners Corporation in like manner may revoke any such delegation.
- 38.3 The Owners Corporation may continue to exercise its functions under s.110 of the Act, despite any such delegation.

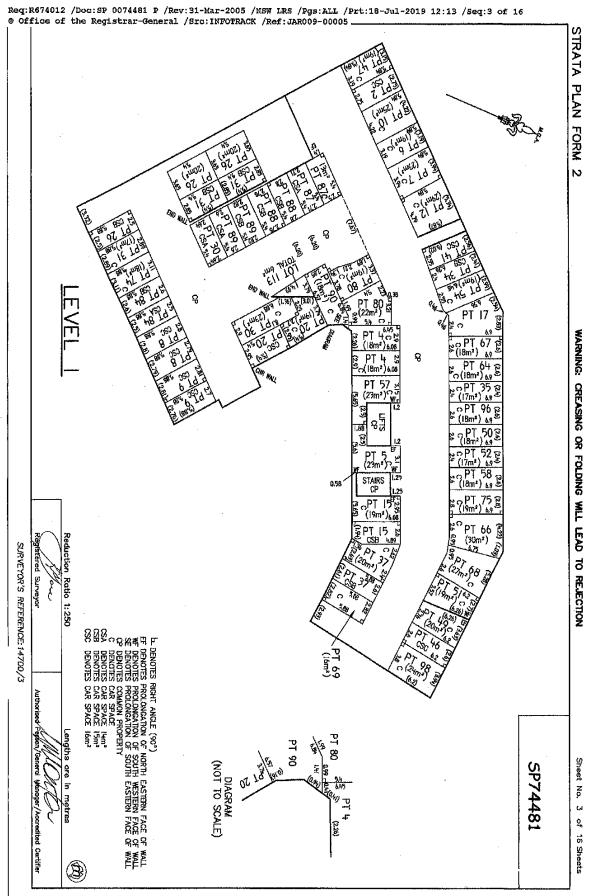


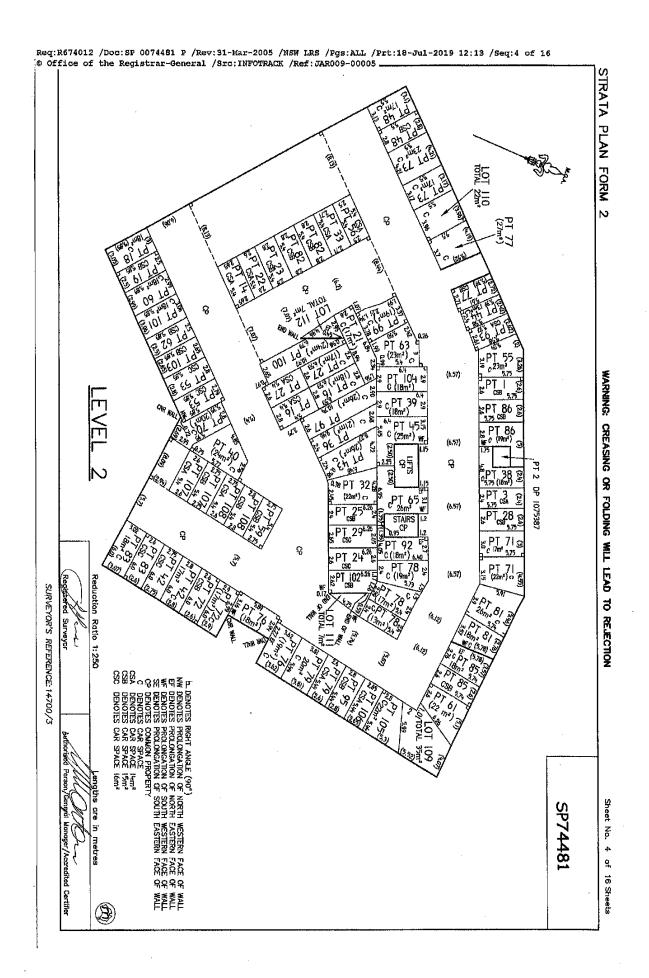
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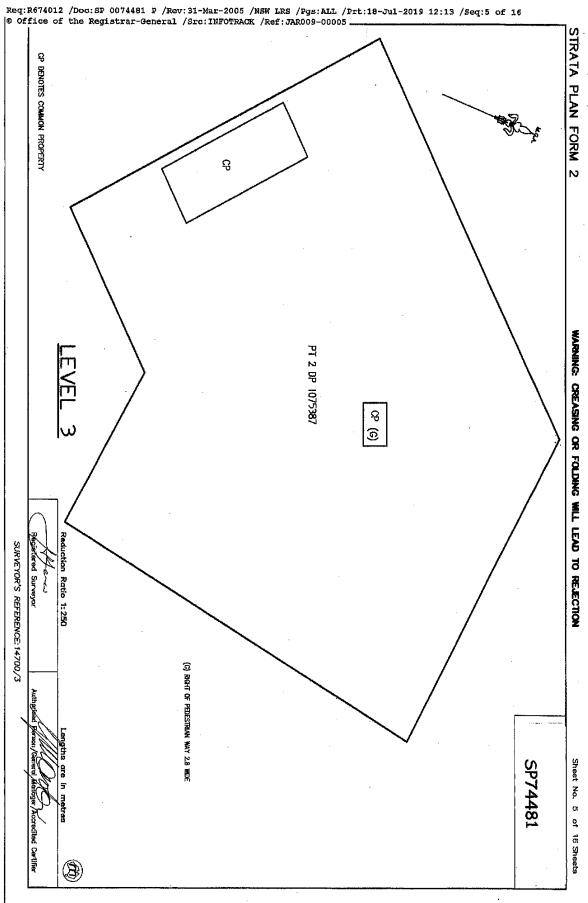
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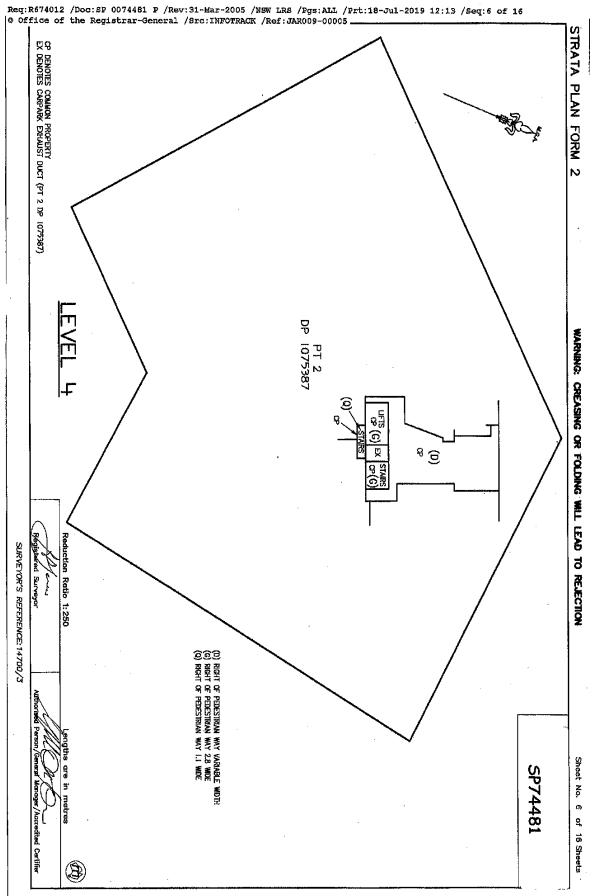


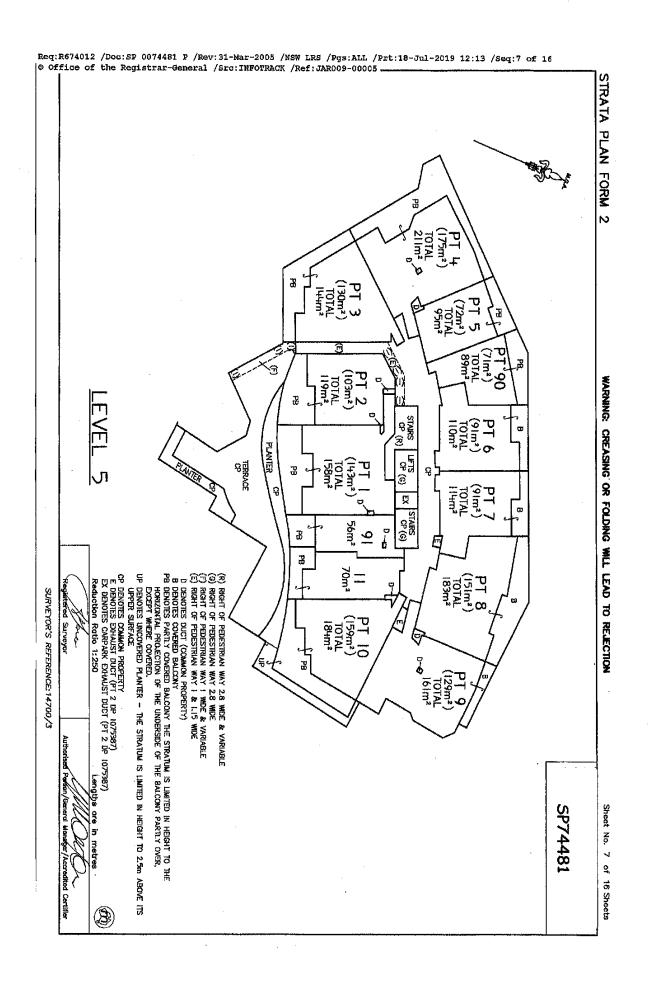
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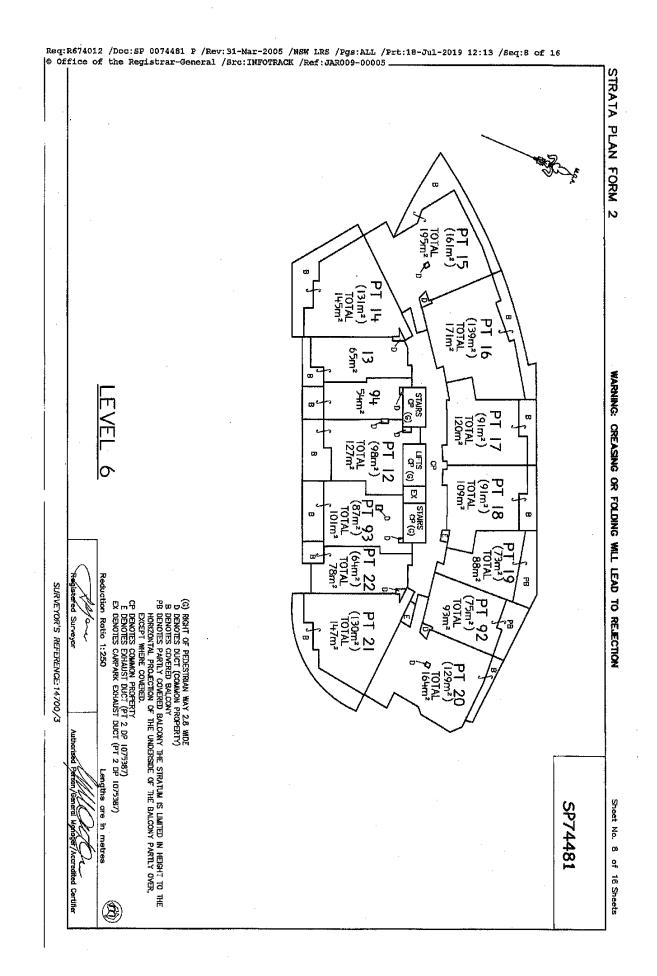


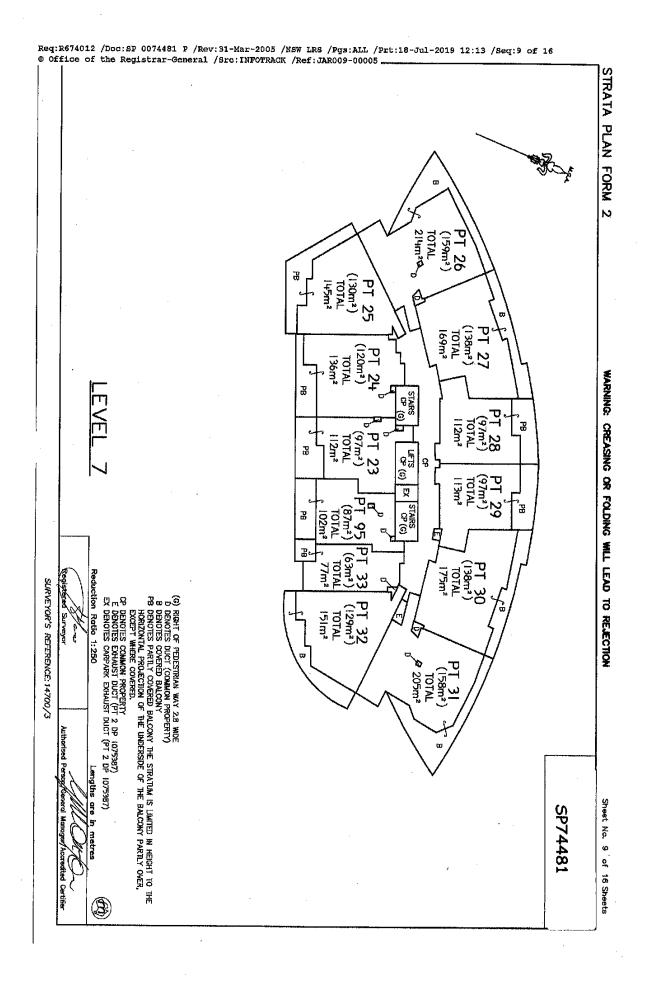


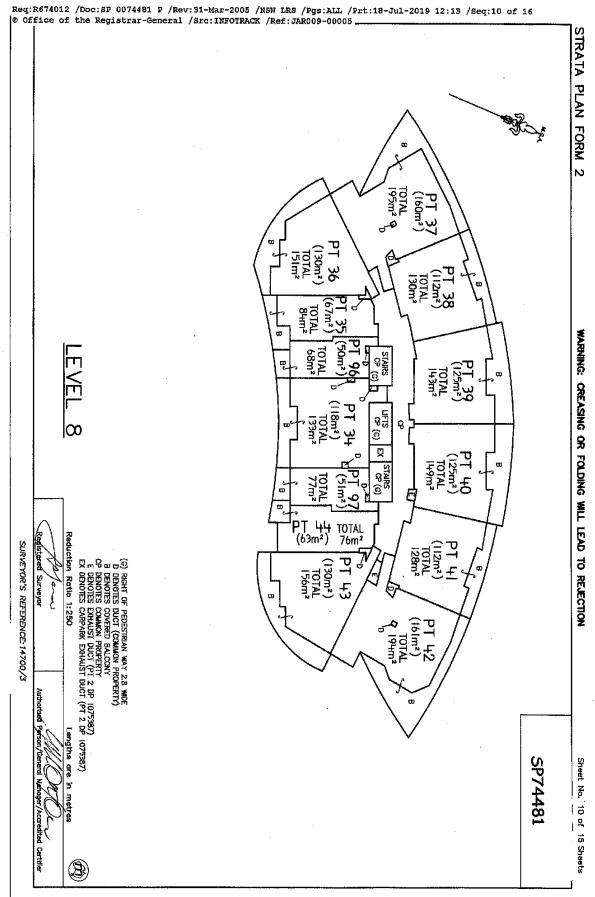






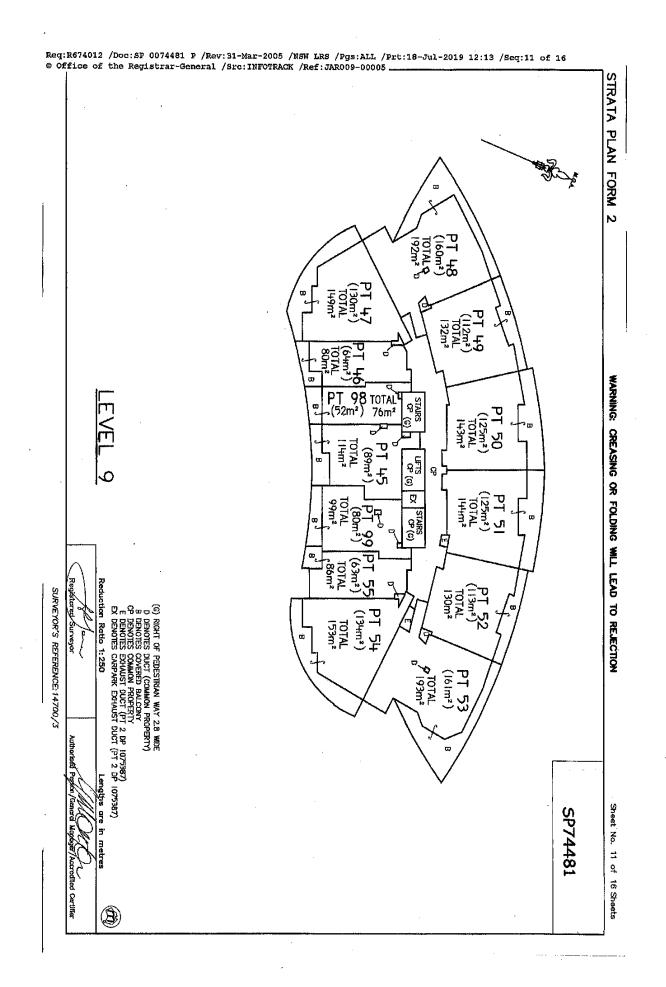


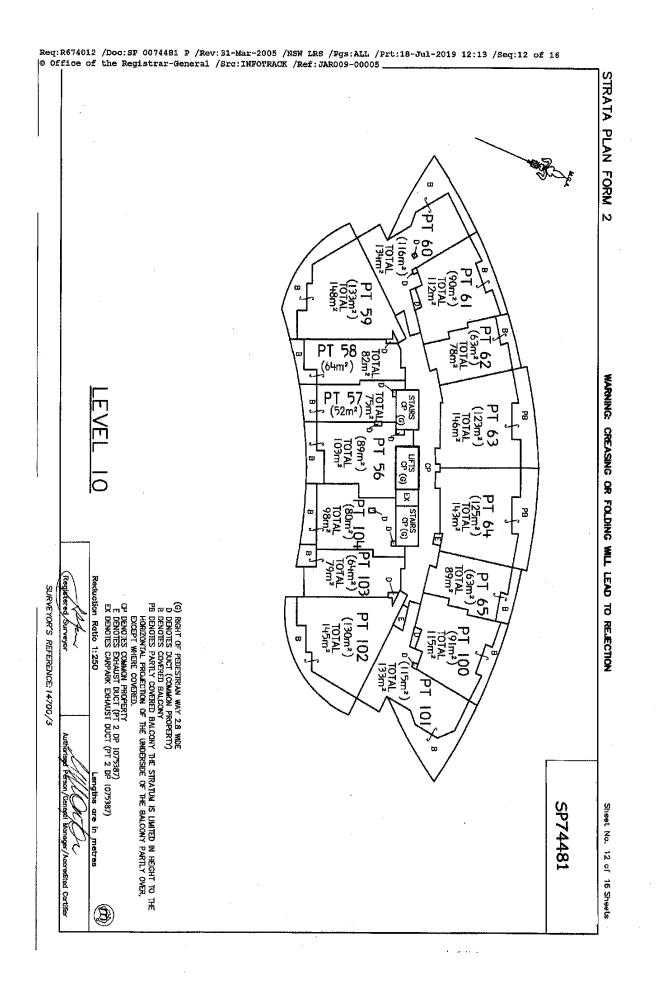


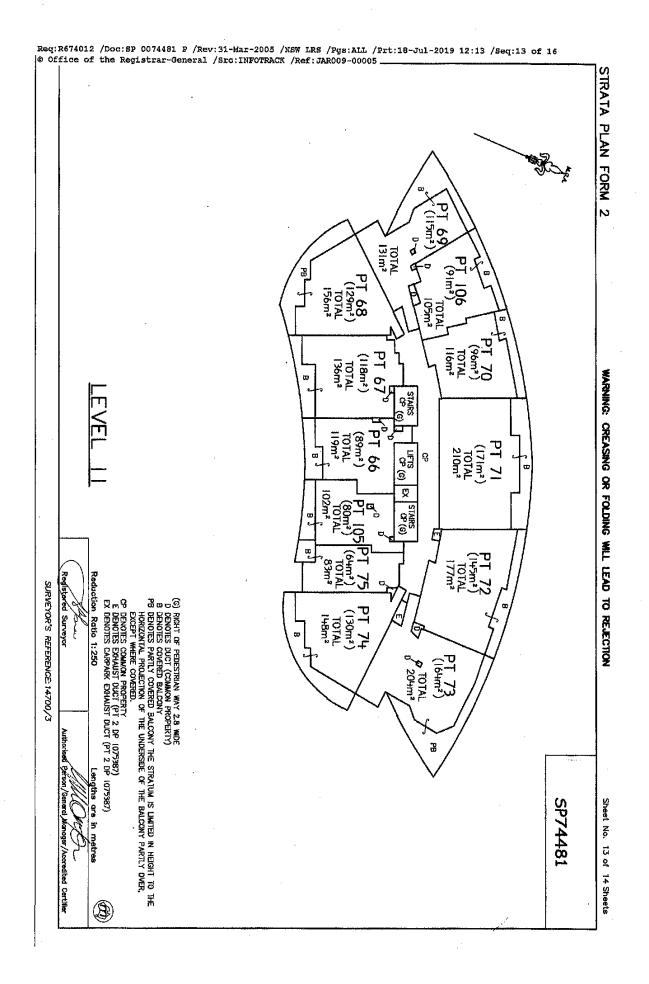


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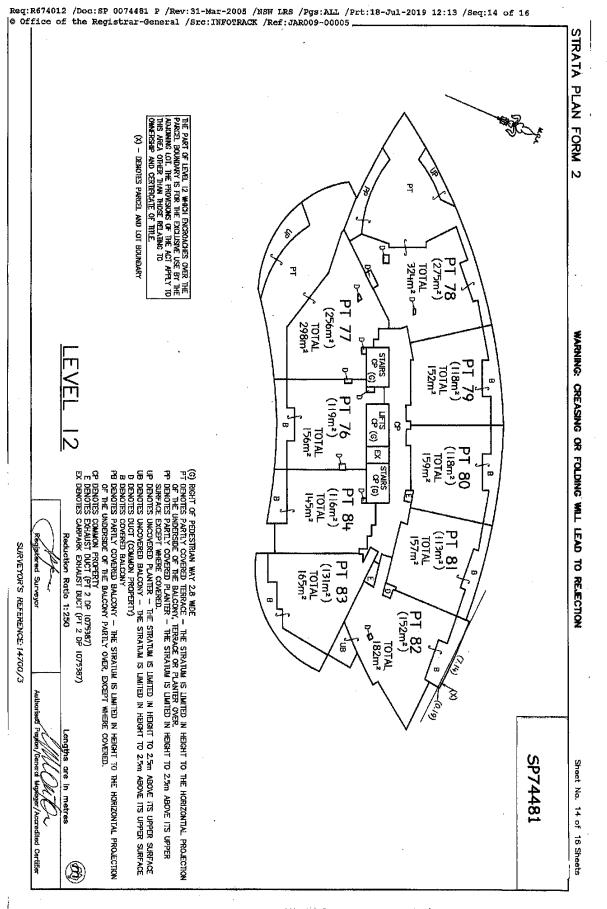




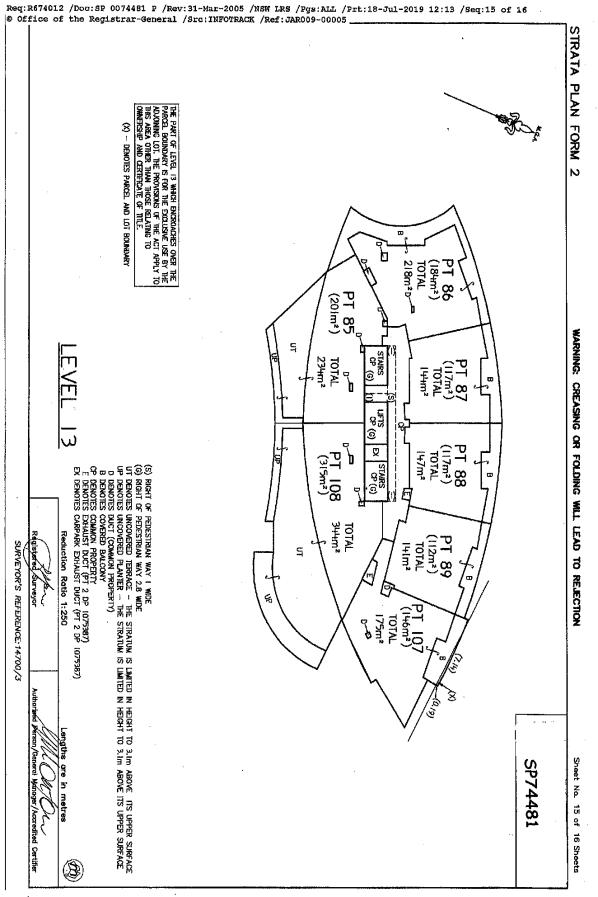




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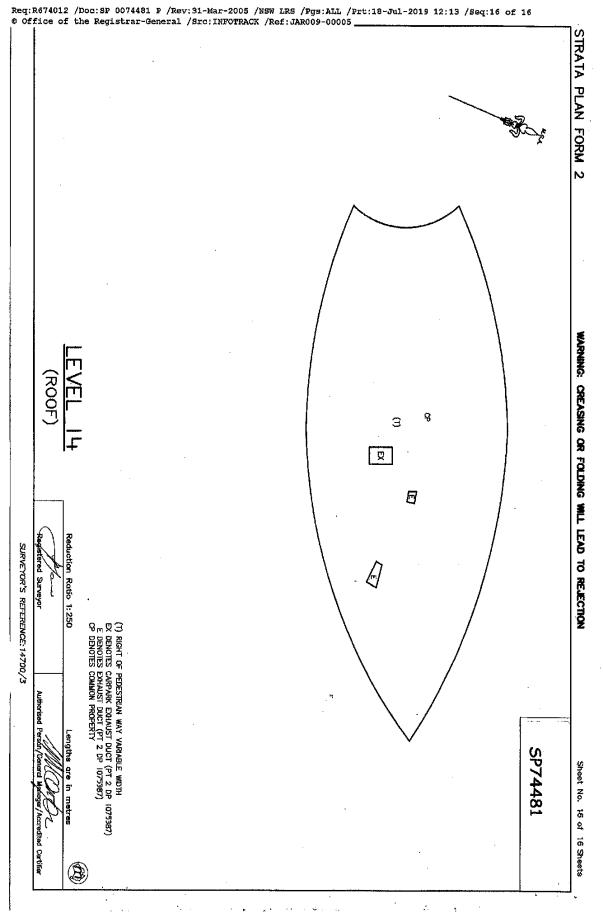


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> Instrument Setting out Terms of Easements Intended to be Created Pursuant to Section 88B of the Conveyancing Act 1919 and Section 7 (3) of the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act, 1973

(Sheet 1 of 2 Sheets)

SP74481

Full name and address of the owner of the land:

Moweno Pty. Ltd., ACN 002 099 694 4 Parramatta Road, SUMMER HILL, N.S.W. 2130

being part of a building

Plan of Subdivision of Lot 1 D.P.1075387

Full name and address of the mortgagee of the land:

National Australia Bank, 500 Bourke Street, MELBOURNE. VIC. 3000

Part 1 (Creation)

Number of	Identity of easement, profit à	Burdened	Benefited lot(s), road(s),
item shown in	prendre, restriction or positive	lot(s) or	bodies or Prescribed
the intention	covenant to be created and	parcel(s)	Authorities
panel on the	referred to in the plan		
plan			
1	Right of Pedestrian Way 2.8 wide (G)	Common Property	Lot 2 D.P.1075387
2	Right of Pedestrian Way variable width (D)	Common Property	Lot 2 D.P.1075387
3	Right of Pedestrian Way 1 & 1.15 wide (E)	Common Property	Lot 2 D.P.1075387
.4	Right of Pedestrian Way 1 wide & variable width (F)	Common Property	Lot 2 D.P.1075387
5	Right of Pedestrian Way 1.1 wide (Q)	Common Property	Lot 2 D.P.1075387
6	Right of Pedestrian Way 2.8 wide & variable width (R)	Common Property	Lot 2 D.P.1075387
7	Right of Pedestrian Way 1 wide (S)	Common Property	Lot 2 D.P.1075387
8	Right of Pedestrian Way variable width (T)	Common Property	Lot 2 D.P.1075387
9	Restriction on Use	109, 110, 111, 112, 113	Council of the City of Lake Macquarie

Part 2 (Terms)

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8. Terms of Right of Pedestrian Way firstly, secondly, thirdly, fourthly, fifthly, sixthly, seventhly and eighthly referred to in the abovementioned plan

Full and free right for every person who is at any time entitled to an estate or interest or possession in the land herein indicated as the Lot Benefited or any part thereof with which the right shall be capable of enjoyment and every person authorised by him to go, pass and re-pass on foot at all times and for all purposes without animals or vehicles to and from the said Lot Benefited or any such part thereof.

9. Terms of Restriction on Use ninthly referred to in the abovementioned plan

The lots burdened may only be owned by a registered proprietor of Lots 1 - 108 (inclusive).

Req:R674015 /Doc:SP 0074481 B /Rev:25-Feb-2005 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:18-Jul-2019 12:13 /Seq:2 of 2 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:INFOTRACK /Ref:JAR009-00005

(Sheet 2 of 2 Sheets)

Plan of Subdivision of Lot 1 D.P.1075387 being part of a building

SP74481

Name of authority empowered to release vary or modify the restriction referred to in the abovementioned plan

The Council of the City of Lake Macquarie.

Certified correct for the purposes of the Real Property Act 1900 and executed on behalf of MOWENO PTY. LIMITED ACN 002 099 694 by the authorised persons whose signatures appear below pursuant to Section CANTED Corporations Act 2001 Signature of NICOLAS VRANAS Director & SecNetary

Executed by Lake Macquarie City Council

Mortgagee under Mortgage No. AA324423 Signed at Sydney this 775 day of

FPBCMCV200Sfor NationalAustralia Bank Limited ABN 12 004 044 937byFiona Fergusonits dulyappointed Attorney under Power of AttorneyNo. 549 Book 3834

ann Man

Executed by National Australia Bank ABN by:

Withers/Benk/Officer 255 George Street, Sydney NSW

24.02.2005

Lake Macquarie City Council
Approved 88B Instrument for
SUBDIVISION CERTIFICATE
DC 4947/2004 A
Authorised Person:
Date: 3 / 2 / 05
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REGISTERED

SP74481

Approved Form 27

BY-LAWS FOR THE RESIDENTIAL STRATUM FOR THE ALTO APARTMENTS

Instrument setting out the terms of by-laws to be created upon registration of the strata plan.

1. DEFINITIONS AND INTERPREATATIONS

1.1 Definitions

In these By-Laws, unless the contrary intention appears:-

"The Alto Apartments" comprises the lots within the Residential Stratum and the Commercial Stratum and the Shared Facilities for The Alto Apartments.

"Another Lot" means any lot in the Residential Stratum or the Commercial Stratum.

"Authority" means any government or any governmental, semi-governmental department, authority, or agency with jurisdiction over The Alto Apartments.

"Building" means the structure and improvements located at The Alto Apartments which comprise the Residential Stratum and the Commercial Stratum.

"Business Day(s)" means a day which is not a Saturday, Sunday or a Public Holiday.

"By-Laws" means the By-Laws for the Residential Stratum.

"Car Park" means the car park area for the Residential Stratum and the Commercial Stratum.

"Car Space" means the car space allocated to the Owner or Occupier of a Lot in the Residential Stratum.

"Commercial Stratum" means Strata Scheme

"Common Facilities" means common facilities such as control rooms, garbage rooms, store rooms, switch rooms and the lobby entrance areas.

"Common Property" means the property designated by the Residential Owners Corporation as common property for the Residential Stratum including the passive recreation area. Req:R674019 /Doc:SP 0074481 D /Rev:31-Mar-2005 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:18-Jul-2019 12:14 /Seq:2 of 19 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:INFOTRACK /Ref:JAR009-00005

2 OF 20

SP74481

"Council" means the council or authority having the jurisdiction or authority to approve the development or redevelopment of the land on which the Building is erected.

"Developer" means Moweno Pty Limited ACN 002 099 694.

"Executive Committee" is the executive for the Residential Owners Corporation.

"Garbage Room" means the garbage room located in the Commercial Stratum for use by the Owners and Occupiers of the Residential Stratum in accordance with the By-Laws.

"Lift or Lifts" includes the lifts located in the Residential Stratum.

"Location Plan" means the plan annexed to these By-Laws as Schedule One.

"Lot" means a Lot in the Residential Stratum.

"Management Act" means the Strata Schemes Management Act, 1996.

"Management Committee" means the management committee appointed in accordance with the Management Statement.

"Management Statement" means the management statement for The Alto Apartments, with the registration number

"Occupier" means an occupier of a Lot including but not limited to a lessee or licensee.

"Owner" means the owner of a Lot.

"Residential Car Park" means that part of the Car Park which forms part of the Residential Stratum.

"Residential Owners Corporation" means the owners corporation for the Residential Stratum.

"Residential Stratum" means strata scheme

"Resolution" means a motion of the Residential Owners Corporation in favour of which more than 50% vote of the votes of the members of the Residential Owners Corporation present and entitled to vote are cast.

"Security Key(s)" means a key, magnetic card or other device or security measure used in the Residential Stratum to open and close Common Property doors, locks or gates.

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"Shared Facilities" are facilities used by the Residential Stratum and the Commercial Stratum. The Management Statement regulates the use, maintenance and shared costs for the Shared Facilities.

"Strata Manager" is the person or entity appointed by the Residential Owners Corporation as the Residential Stratum's managing agent under the Management Act. The Strata Manager must be appointed in accordance with By-Law 30.

"Strata Schemes Act" means the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development Act), 1973.

"Strata Plan" means the Strata Plans of subdivision of Residential Stratum and the Commercial Stratum on the Plan.

1.2 Interpretation

In the By-Laws unless context otherwise requires:-

- (a) headings are for convenience only and do not affect the interpretation of the By-Laws;
- (b) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa;
- (c) words importing a gender include any gender;
- (d) a reference to a natural person includes any corporation or other body corporate or government body and vice versa;
- (e) references to legislation or legislative provisions include modifying, consolidating or replacement legislation or legislative provisions;
- (f) a reference applying to or binding more than one person will refer to or bind them jointly and each of them severally;
- (g) references to months and years means calendar months and years;
- (h) where any word or phrase is given a defined meaning any other grammatical form of that word or phrase will have a corresponding meaning;
- (i) if the day on which any act, matter or thing is to be done under or pursuant to the By-Laws is not a Business Day, that act, matter or thing may be done on the next Business Day;
- (j) references to sections means sections of the Management Act or the Strata Schemes Act as the case may be.

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2. **RESIDENTIAL STRATUM**

- 2.1 The Residential Stratum is part of The Alto Apartments. The Alto Apartments has two components, being the Residential Stratum and the Commercial Stratum.
- 2.2 The regulation of the use, maintenance and operation of the Residential . Stratum and The Alto Apartments is achieved through these By-Laws, the Management Statement, the Management Act and the Strata Schemes Act.

3. MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

- 3.1 The Management Statement governs the management and operational issues for The Alto Apartments.
- 3.2 A consent under these By-Laws does not provide the Owner or Occupier of a Lot with relief from its obligations under the Management Statement.
- 3.3 If there is an inconsistency between these By-Laws and the Management Statement, the Residential Owners Corporation must amend the inconsistent By-Law to make it consistent with the Management Statement.

4. APPOINTING REPRESENTATIVES TO THE MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

The Residential Owners Corporation must, by special resolution, appoint two (2) representatives to represent and vote for the Residential Owners Corporation at meetings of the Management Committee.

5. COMPLIANCE

Persons who must comply with the By-Laws are;-

- (a) the Owner of a Lot in the Residential Stratum;
- (b) the Occupier of a Lot in the Residential Stratum;
- (c) the Residential Owners Corporation; and
- (d) the proprietor, mortgagee in possession or lessee or licensees for the time being of any Lot in the Residential Stratum.

6. NOISE

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not create any nuisance or excessive noise on a Lot or the Common Property likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the Owner or Occupier of Another Lot or of any person lawfully using the Common Property. Req:R674019 /Doc:SP 0074481 D /Rev:31-Mar-2005 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:18-Jul-2019 12:14 /Seq:5 of 19 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:INFOTRACK /Ref:JAR009-00005

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VEHICLES, CAR PARKS AND CAR SPACES

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- 7.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle:
 - (a) on property of The Alto Apartments which is not part of the Residential Stratum; or
 - (b) on Common Property, or permit any invitees of the Owner or Occupier to park or stand any motor or other vehicle on Common Property, except with the prior written approval of the Residential Owners Corporation, which must consider the conditions of the Management Statement when considering such consents in relation to vehicles.
- 7.2 The rights of the Owner or Occupier of a Lot are governed by the Management Statement, which has important provisions about using the Car Park and the Car Space. The Owner or Occupier of a Lot which has a Car Space must comply with the Car Park and Car Space provisions of the Management Statement.
- 7.3 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not enclose any Car Space without the approval of the Residential Owners Corporation which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- 7.4 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not use or store any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material in any Car Space other than any fuel or gas in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle.

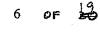
8. OBSTRUCTION OF COMMON PROPERTY

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not obstruct the lawful use of Common Property by any person.

9. DAMAGE TO COMMON PROPERTY

- 9.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not carry on any activity likely to damage or alter or deface any structure that forms part of the Common Property, except with the written approval of the Residential Owners Corporation.
- 9.2 An approval given by the Residential Owners Corporation under By-Law 9.1 cannot authorize any addition to the Common Property.
- 9.3 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must:-
 - (a) maintain and keep in a state of good and serviceable repair any installation or structure referred to in By-Law 9.1 that is located on the Common Property and that services the Lot, and

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(b) repair any damage caused to any part of the Common Property by the installation or removal of any locking or safety device, screen, other device or structure referred to in By-Law 9.1 that is located on the Common Property and that services the Lot.

10. BEHAVIOUR OF OWNERS, OCCUPIERS AND INVITEES

- 10.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the Owner or Occupier of Another Lot or to any person lawfully using the Common Property.
- 10.2 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must take all reasonable steps to ensure that invitees do not behave in a manner which does not comply with the By-Laws or the Management Statement, or is likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the Owner or Occupier of Another Lot or any person lawfully using the Common Property.

11. PLAYING ON COMMON PROPERTY

- 11.1 Skateboards, roller blades and push bikes (other than push bikes using the Car Park for access to or egress from that part of any Lot located within the Car Park) are prohibited from the Lift and any part of the Common Property and The Alto Apartments.
- 11.2 The Owner or the Occupier of a Lot must not permit any child of whom the Owner or Occupier has control to play within the Common Property of the Residential Stratum or The Alto Apartments or, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on the Common Property or The Alto Apartments.

12. DEPOSITING RUBBISH AND OTHER MATERIAL ON COMMON PROPERTY

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not deposit or throw on the Common Property or The Alto Apartments any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except in accordance with By-Law 18 or with the prior written approval of the Residential Owners Corporation.

13. DRYING OF LAUNDRY ITEMS

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not hang any washing, laundry, towels, bedding, clothing or other article on any part of the Lot in such a way as to be visible from outside the Lot.

14. CLEANING WINDOWS AND DOORS

An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must keep clean all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the Lot, including so much as is Common Property, unless: Req:R674019 /Doc:SP 0074481 D /Rev:31-Mar-2005 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:18-Jul-2019 12:14 /Seq:7 of 19 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:INFOTRACK /Ref:JAR009-00005

(a) the Residential Owners Corporation resolves that it will keep the glass or specified parts of the glass clean, or

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(b) that glass or part of the glass cannot be accessed by the Owner or Occupier of the Lot safely or at all.

15. STORAGE OF INFLAMMABLE LIQUIDS AND OTHER SUBSTANCES AND MATERIALS

- 15.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not, except with the prior written approval of the Residential Owners Corporation, use or store on the Lot or on the Common Property, any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material.
- 15.2 This By-Law does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used for domestic purposes, or any fuel or gas in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle.

16. MOVING FURNITURE AND OTHER OBJECTS ON OR THROUGH COMMON PROPERTY OR THE COMMERCIAL STRATUM

- 16.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not transport any furniture, large object or deliveries to or from a Lot through or on the Common Property or The Alto Apartments unless sufficient notice has first been given to the Executive Committee to arrange for its nominee to be present at the time when the Owner or Occupier does so.
- 16.2 The Residential Owners Corporation may resolve that furniture, large objects or deliveries to and from a Lot are to be transported through or on the Common Property or The Alto Apartments in a specified manner.
- 16.3 If the Residential Owners Corporation has specified, by resolution, the manner in which furniture, large objects or deliveries to and from a Lot are to be transported, then the Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not transport any furniture, large object or deliveries to and from the Lot through or on Common Property or The Alto Apartments except in accordance with that resolution.

17. FLOOR COVERINGS

An Owner of a Lot must ensure that all floor space within the Lot is covered or otherwise treated to an extent sufficient to prevent the transmission from the floor space of noise likely to disturb the peaceful enjoyment of the Owner or Occupier of another Lot.

18. **DISPOSING OF RUBBISH**

18.1 Garbage Bins are located within the Garbage Room located on the Commercial Stratum for the disposal of garbage and recyclable materials by the Owners and Occupiers of a Lot.

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- 18.2 The Owners and Occupiers of a Lot:-
 - (a) must drain and securely wrap all garbage for the Lot and dispose of the garbage in the Garbage bin within the Garbage Room;
 - (b) dispose of recyclable material in the recyclable bins designated for the Residential Owners Corporation for that purpose in the Garbage Room;
 - (c) drain and clean bottles before placing them in the recyclable bins designated for the Residential Owners Corporation for that purpose in the Garbage Room;
 - (d) contact the Residential Owners Corporation (or its nominee) to remove large articles or garbage, recyclable materials, or liquids that are poisonous or dangerous to the environment or likely to be held dangerous to the environment by any Authority;
 - (e) must remove any garbage referred to in By-Law 18.2(d) at their own cost and in accordance with the reasonable directions of the Residential Owners Corporation; and
 - (f) deposit garbage, recyclable materials and other waste from the Lot in accordance with the reasonable requirements of the Residential Owners Corporation.
- 18.3 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must ensure when in the process of disposing of garbage and recyclable material from the Lot to the Garbage Rooms that:-
 - (a) the garbage and recyclable material being transferred from the Lot is securely wrapped and drained and does not leak or spill over the Common Property and the Garbage Room;
 - (b) at its cost clean up or remove anything which the Owner or the Occupier may have spilled or leaked on the Common Property or Garbage Room as a consequence of transferring garbage, recyclable materials or waste from the Lot to the Garbage Rooms or otherwise.
- 18.4 This By-Law 18 does not allow an Owner or Occupier of a Lot to dispose of any chemical, biological, toxic or other hazardous waste in a manner that would contravene any Law applying to the disposal of such waste.
- 18.5 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must make their own private arrangements for disposing of recyclable materials, garbage or waste which cannot be removed by Council or by private services engaged by the Residential Owners Corporation.

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19. KEEPING OF ANIMALS

- 19.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not keep any animals or birds on the Lot or the Common Property.
- 19.2 An Owner or Occupier must not allow its invitees, guests or visitors to bring animals or birds into the Lot or The Alto Apartments.
- 19.3 This By-Law does not prohibit or restrict the keeping on a Lot of a dog used as a guide or hearing dog by the Owner or Occupier of a Lot or the use of a dog as a guide or hearing dog on a Lot or Common Property.

20. CHANGE IN USE OF LOT TO BE NOTIFIED

- 20.1 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not use the Common Property for any purpose other than that for which it was intended.
- 20.2 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not, without the prior written consent of the Residential Owners Corporation and the relevant Authorities, use a Lot for any purpose other as a residential property.
- 20.3 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must notify the Residential Owners Corporation if the Owner or Occupier changes the existing use of the lot in a way that may affect the insurance premiums for the Residential Stratum or The Alto Apartments.

21. PROVISION OF AMENITIES OR SERVICES

- 21.1 The Residential Owners Corporation may, by special resolution, determine to enter into arrangements for the provisions of the following amenities or services to one or more of the Lots, or to the Owners or Occupiers of one or more of the Lots:-
 - (a) security services;
 - (b) commercial and window cleaning;
 - (c) garbage disposal and recycling services;
 - (d) domestic services;
 - (e) electricity, water or gas supply;
 - (f) telecommunication services (for example, cable/satellite television, satellite receiving discs and antennas, Internet etc);
 - (g) management and maintenance of the Residential Stratum; and
 - (h) fire safety service.

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21.2 If the Residential Owners Corporation makes a resolution referred to in By-Law 21.1 to provide an amenity or service to a Lot or to the Owner or Occupier of a Lot, it must indicate in the resolution the amount for which, or the conditions on which, it will provide the amenity or service.

Note: Section 111 of the Management Act provides that the Residential Owners Corporation may enter into an agreement with an Owner or Occupier of a Lot for the provision of amenities or services by it to the Lot or to the Owner or Occupier.

22. LEASED OR LICENSED RESIDENTIAL LOTS

If a Lot is leased or licensed by an Owner then the Owner must ensure that the Occupier :-

- (a) comply with the By-Laws and the Management Statement;
- (b) enforce any action available to the Owner under the lease or the licence to ensure that the Occupier complies with the By-Laws and the Management Statement; and
- (c) is provided with a copy of the By-Laws and the Management Statement.

23. COMPLIANCE, OWNERS CORPORATION'S CONSENT AND BUILDING WORKS

- 23.1 Subject to compliance with the Management Statement, the Owner or Occupier must obtain the Residential Owners Corporation's written consent to:-
 - (a) keep anything visible from outside the Lot which is not in accordance with the By-Laws or the Management Statement and provided that all window furnishings installed within a Lot must be of a light colour; or
 - (b) install bars, screens, safety devices, grilles or locks on the exterior of the windows and doors of the Lot, if they are visible from outside the Lot; or
 - (c) attach, install, hang an aerial, security device or wires outside the Lot; or
 - (d) undertake alterations to the Lot which require Council or any Authority development approval; or
 - (e) store items in the Car Space of the Lot (other than a motor vehicle).

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23.2 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not:-

- (a) install or operate an alarm or security system with an audible signal within the Lot;
- (b) install any awning, blind or security screen to the balcony or any window of the Lot;
- (c) install any television, radio or any other antenna or satellite dish visible from Another Lot or from outside the Lot;
- (d) modify the exterior lights to any deck or balcony. Sodium vapour bulbs or coloured bulbs are not to be used;
- (e) use or operate or install electronic devices or equipment within the Lot which interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of domestic appliances in Another Lot; or
- (f) install an air conditioning unit or compressor on a balcony other than as permitted in accordance with By-Law 29.4
- 23.3 All building work to the load bearing, fire rated or sound insulated walls, electrical and maintenance work to the inside of a Lot, to be carried out by an Owner or Occupier of a Lot (or its contractor), must only be carried out:-
 - (a) with the consent of the Residential Owners Corporation;
 - (b) in accordance with the Management Statement;
 - (c) in accordance with all Laws and any requirement of any Authority; and
 - (d) within the hours of 8.00am to 6.00pm on Business Days, except in the event of an emergency.
- 23.4 Subject to By-Law 23.3, the Owner or Occupier of a Lot must:-
 - (a) find out where service lines and pipes are located; and
 - (b) obtain consent from the Residential Owners Corporation,

if the Owner or Occupier of a Lot proposes to interfere with or interrupt services to the Common Property or The Alto Apartments.

- 23.5 When an Owner or Occupier of a Lot carries out building works, they must:-
 - (a) use a qualified, reputable and (where appropriate) licensed contractors;
 - (b) carry out the building works in a proper manner and to the reasonable satisfaction of the Residential Owners Corporation; and

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(c) repair any damage caused to the Common Property, The Alto Apartments or Another Lot or the property of Another Lot Owner or Occupier.

24. USE OF LOT BALCONY

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- 24.1 If an Owner's or Occupier's Lot includes a Balcony the Owner or Occupier of that Lot may keep planter boxes and outdoor furniture on the Balcony of the Lot if they are:-
 - (a) approved by the Residential Owners Corporation;
 - (c) are not dangerous;
 - (d) are maintained in good condition and kept clean and tidy;
 - (e) comply with the Management Statement; and
 - (f) comply with all Laws and orders of any Authority.
- 24.2 If there are planter boxes on the Balcony of a Lot, the Owner or Occupier of a Lot must maintain the plantings within the planter box to the standard required by the Residential Owners Corporation and when watering the plants in the planter boxes located on the Balcony of the Lot ensure that no water goes onto or damages Another Lot or the Common Property.

25. PRESERVATION OF FIRE SAFETY

The Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not do anything or permit any invitees of the Owner or Occupier of a Lot to do anything on the Lot or in the Common Property that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the Residential Stratum or to reduce the level of fire safety in the Common Property or The Alto Apartments or Another Lot.

26. SIGNAGE

- 26.1 An Owner or Occupier of a Lot must not erect any signage within or on the Lot without the prior consent of the Residential Owners Corporation, which may be withheld in its absolute discretion.
- 26.2 The rights granted under By-Law 26.1 are granted on the condition that the signage:-
 - (a) is approved by the Management Committee; and
 - (b) complies with the Management Statement.

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26.3 The Developer may place "For Sale" and "For Lease" signs on the interior of any window on the boundary of any Lot owned by the Developer without the consent of the Residential Owners Corporation.

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27. RULES AND REGULATIONS REGARDING COMMON FACILITIES OR COMMON PROPERTY

The Residential Owners Corporation is empowered to make rules and regulations relating to the management and operation of the Common Facilities and the Common Property.

28. SECURITY KEYS

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- 28.1 The Residential Owners Corporation:-
 - (a) must give the Owner or Occupier of a Lot a Security Key(s) for the Residential Stratum and the Common Property; and
 - (b) may give the Owner or Occupier of a Lot a Security Key(s) if the Residential Owners Corporation restricts access to parts of the Common Property under By-Law 28.5.
- 28.2 The Residential Owners Corporation may charge the Owner or Occupier of a Lot a fee or bond for any Security Key(s) issued or for any extra or replacement Security Key(s).
- 28.3 A person to whom a Security Key(s) is made available must:-
 - (a) not duplicate or copy the Security Key(s);
 - (b) immediately notify the Residential Owners Corporation if the Security Key(s) is lot or misplaced;
 - (c) when requested by the Residential Owners Corporation, immediately return the Security Key(s) to the Residential Owners Corporation; and
 - (d) take all reasonable steps to safe guard the Security Key(s) against loss, damage of theft.
- 28.4 Owners and Occupiers of a Lot and/or residential property managers will be responsible for arranging replacement of lost Security Key(s) after authorisation has been given by the Residential Owners Corporation. Identification and/or proof of tenancy will be required prior to authorisation for replacement keys and the reasonable cost and expense of replacement keys will be charged for Owners, Occupiers, and/or property managers who may require replacement Security Key(s).

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- 28.5 The Residential Owners Corporation may:-
 - (a) close off or restrict by Security Key(s) access to parts of Common Property that do not give access to a Lot; and
 - (b) restrict by Security Key(s) access to levels in the Residential Stratum where the Owner or Occupier of a Lot does not own or occupy a Lot.

29. AIR CONDITIONING

- 29.1 Any Owner or Occupier of a Lot who wishes to install air conditioning into their Lot must make written application to the Executive Committee of the Residential Owners Corporation.
- 29.2 The Residential Owners Corporation must not unreasonably withhold its consent to an application made in writing pursuant to By-Law 29.1 subject to the Owner or Occupier of the Lot making application (the "Applicant") and complying with the following:-
 - (a) all requirements of the Residential Owners Corporation and, in particular, air conditioning installation requirements and By-Laws of the Residential Owners Corporation;
 - (b) the air conditioning outlet, the coolant pipes, plant and equipment and electrical wiring connecting the air conditioning outlet in the Lot to the condenser on the plant location (hereinafter called the "air conditioning equipment") must be installed by a qualified contractor approved by the Residential Owners Corporation and located as directed by the Residential Owners Corporation;
 - (c) the type of unit to be installed on the air conditioning plant location on the roof of the building must be approved by the Residential Owners Corporation;
 - (d) all installation and maintenance costs of the air conditioning equipment are at the sole cost of the Applicant;
 - (e) all approvals for installation of air conditioning equipment will be conditional upon the Applicant agreeing to maintain the equipment to the satisfaction of the Management Committee which can require the Residential Owners Corporation to remove any air conditioning equipment in a state of disrepair;
 - (f) the Applicant must procure its contractor to install the air conditioning equipment at such times as the Residential Owners Corporation may stipulate at their sole discretion;

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(g) the Application will be responsible (at its cost) to make good all damage to the Building, Residential Stratum, Common Property, The Alto Apartments and Another Lot;

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(h) If the Applicant fails to make good in accordance with sub-paragraph (g) within a reasonable time of written notice to do so by the Residential Owners Corporation, then the Residential Owners Corporation may repair and make good any such damage at the cost of the Applicant which cost will become a debt due and owing by the said Owner or Occupier to the Residential Owners Corporation;

- (i) all works carried out in connection with installation of air conditioning equipment and its removal must be carried out in a good and tradesman like manner at the expense of the Applicant; and
- (j) No air conditioning equipment shall permitted to be installed in the windows or on the balcony of any Lot other than in accordance with By-Law 29.4.
- 29.3 The following By-Laws regulate the installation of air conditioning into the Lots:-
 - (a) other than an installation of an air conditioning unit in accordance with By-Law 29.4 any installation of air conditioning equipment must be connected to the air conditioning plant locations on the roof of the Building which is part of the Residential Stratum as indicated on the Location Plan;
 - (b) all air conditioning units to be installed must be air conditioning systems, approved by the Residential Owners Corporation, and must comply with all consent Authority requirements and be installed within the ceiling or the wall within the Lot;
 - (c) Owners or Occupiers of a Lot requesting installation of air conditioning to the Lot must ensure when connecting the air conditioning equipment that the roof membrane of the Building is adequately protected;
 - (d) any damage caused to the common area including the roof or the roof membrane must be made good in a good and tradesman like manner by the relevant Owner or Occupier of the Lot at the cost of the relevant Owner or Occupier of a Lot; and
 - (e) the installation of air conditioning equipment, referred to in this By-Law 29, on the roof or within the Lot, must be in accordance with all approvals as may be required by any Authority or Council, all relevant Standards, manufacturers' specifications and in a manner to prevent vibration both on the roof and within The Alto Apartments.

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- 29.4 An Owner or Occupier of Lots 42, 57, 59, 69, 74, 77, 79, 82, 83, 84 and 102 may install an air conditioning unit on the balcony of a Lot provided:
 - (a) approval is obtained from the Residential Owners Corporation which shall not unreasonably withhold its approval provided the conditions of this By-Law are complied with;
 - (b) the air conditioning unit is located behind a suitably designed ventilated screen which restricts the visibility of the air conditioning unit from the street;
 - (c) the screen is painted to match the adjoining walls; and
 - (d) the air conditioning unit is mounted on the floor of the balcony upon resilient mountings to minimise noise transfer to the Building and in accordance with all relevant regulations of an Authority and Council.

30. STRATA MANAGER

The Residential Owners Corporation must appoint and retain a Strata Manager under section 28 of the Management Act. The Strata Manager appointed and retained by the Residential Owners Corporation under this By Law must be the same strata manager appointed by the Management Committee under Clause 19 of the Management Statement.

31. AMENDING BY-LAWS

The Residential Owners Corporation may add, change or cancel By-Laws only if:-

- (a) the addition, change or cancellation complies with the provisions of the Management Statement about adding, changing or cancelling By-Laws;
- (b) it consults with the Management Committee before adding, changing or cancelling a By-Law; and
- (c) adding, changing or cancelling the By-Law does not conflict with the Management Statement.

Signed by Moweno Pty Limited ACN 002 099 694 in accordance with its constitution:

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Mortgagee under Mortgage No. AA324423 Sighed at Sydney this

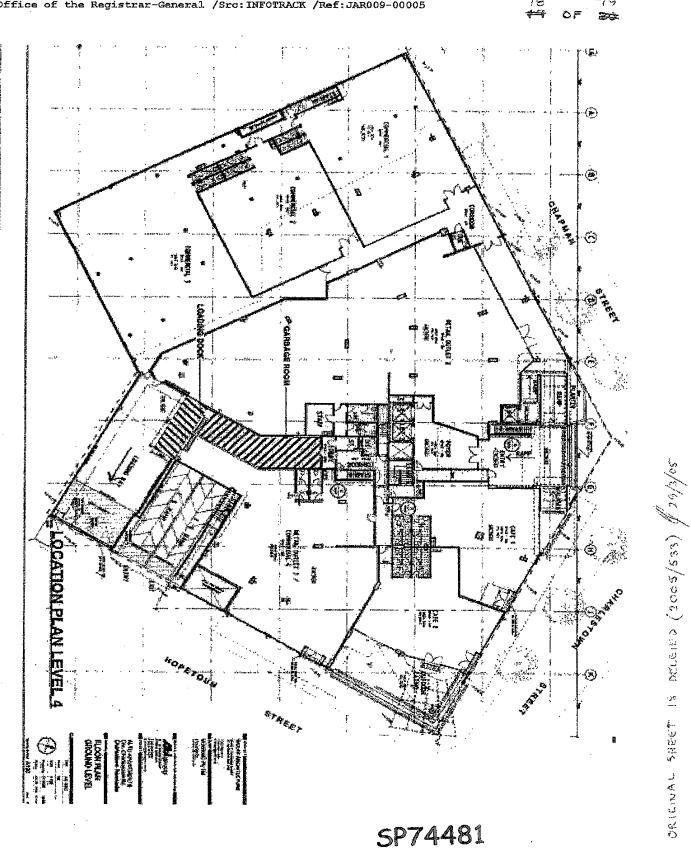
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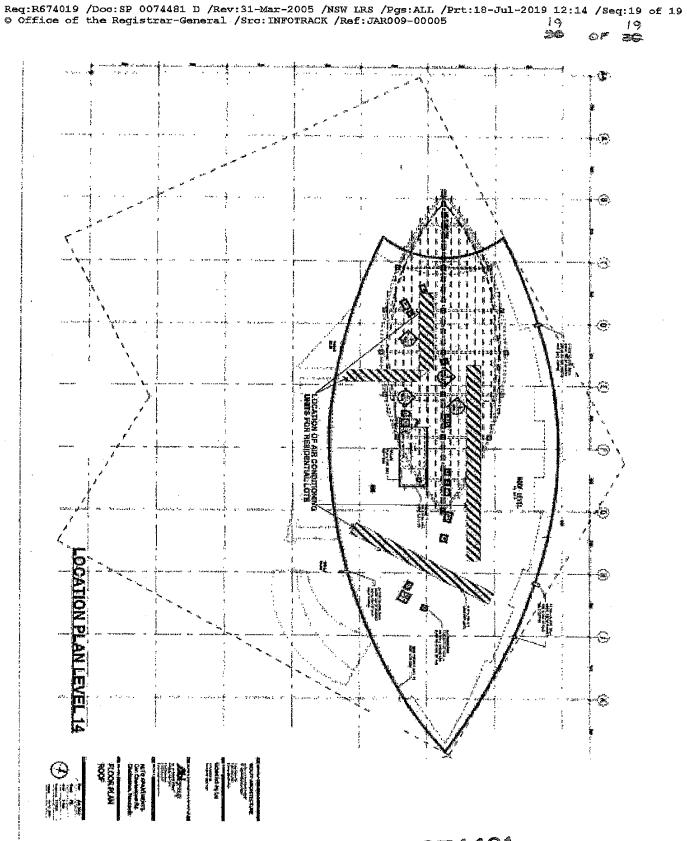
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STRATA SCHEMES (FREEHOLD DEVELOPMENTS) ACT 1973

Division 2B Sections 28R-28W Schedule 1C

STRATA MANAGEMENT STATEMENT

WARNING

INTRODUCTION

The terms of this Strata Management Statement are binding on:

- (a) The Owners Corporation; and
- (b) A proprietor, mortgagee in possession, occupier or lessee of any of the Strata Lots in the Strata Schemes; and
- (c) Any other person in whom the fee simple of any part of the building or its site (being a part affected by this Statement) is vested for the time being or the mortgagee in possession, occupier or lessee of any such part.

1. DEFINITIONS AND INTERPRETATION

In this Statement, unless a contrary intention appears:

Act means the Strata Schemes (Freehold Development) Act 1973 and Regulations.

The Alto Apartments comprises the Lots and Common Property within the Strata Schemes.

Annual General Meeting means the annual meeting of the Building Management Committee referred in clause 2.6.

Approved Insurer has the meaning assigned to it by the Act.

Authorised Person means in respect of any Owner every person authorised by that Owner in accordance with clause 8 for the purposes of any right created by clauses 6.1(b) and 7.2 in this Statement.

Authority means any government or local government department or any local or statutory authority or any other authority having jurisdiction or authority in relation to the Building.

Building means the building erected for the time being upon 316 Charlestown Road, 1A Hopetoun Street and 4 Chapman Street, Charlestown at the date of registration of this Statement.

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Building Management Committee means the committee constituted pursuant to clause 2.1

Business Day means any day that is not a Saturday, Sunday or gazetted public holiday in New South Wales.

Commercial Building means that part of the Building affected by the Commercial Strata Scheme.

Commercial Owners Corporation means the Owners Corporation constituted by section 11 of the Management Act on registration of the Commercial Strata Plan.

Commercial Strata Lot means a lot in the Commercial Strata Plan.

Commercial Strata Plan means the strata plan subdividing Lot 2 in the Deposited Plan into lots and common property under the Act.

Commercial Strata Scheme means the strata scheme constituted on registration of the Commercial Strata Plan and this Statement.

Conducting Medium means any wire, cable, pipe, line, duct, chute, drain, equipment, water storage tank, cooling tower, kitchen or other exhaust flue or duct or other apparatus within the Commercial Building and or the Residential Building (as the case may be) through or in which a Service passes or is stored or contained, existing at or installed after the date of registration of this Statement.

Council means the council or authority having the jurisdiction or authority to approve the development or redevelopment of the land on which the Building is erected.

Damage Policy has the meaning assigned to the phase "damage policy" by section 82 of the Management Act.

Defaulting Owner means an Owner which fails to pay its share of the Share Costs as referred to in clause 5.2.

Deposited Plan means deposited plan

Developer means Moweno Pty Limited ACN 002 099 694.

Employees means employees, servants, agents and contractors.

Equipment means any air conditioning unit and motor, any exhaust fan and motor, any pump and motor, any storage tank, and any aerial, TV antenna, communications dish or any other communications equipment together with associated pipes, wires, cables and ducts existing at or installed after the date of registration of this Statement.

Excluded Services means

 All interior fixtures, furniture, furnishings, fittings within a Lot including but not limited to wall linings, windows and fixed glass, carpet and underlay, lighting, hot water systems and plumbing fittings; and Req:R674021 /Doc:SP 0074481 M /Rev:28-Feb-2005 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:18-Jul-2019 12:14 /Seq:3 of 25 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:INFOTRACK /Ref:JAR009-00005

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 All pipes, wires, ducts and cables within a Lot for the exclusive use of that Lot, including, but not limited to cable television, telephones, facsimiles, air conditioning systems and related equipment.

Functions include power, authority and duty.

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Garbage Room means the shared facility located in the Commercial Scheme as indicated on the Location Plan for use as a garbage room.

Government Agency means any governmental or semi-government administrative, fiscal or judicial department, commission, authority, tribunal, agency or entity.

Insurer means the party with whom the insurances referred to in clause 4.1(a) is effected.

- (a) all insurances required by the Management Act to be taken out by the Owners including, without limitation, a Damage Policy for the Building with an Approved Insurer; and
- (b) any other insurance determined by the Building Management Committee to be Insurances.

Lots means the Residential Strata Lots and Commercial Strata Lots and Lot means any of them.

Management Fee means any fee agreed by the Owners to pay to any manager appointed pursuant to clause 2.5(f).

Management Act means the Strata Schemes Management Act 1996 and regulations.

Manager means any person appointed by the Building Management Committee to be the manager for the purposes of this Statement.

Operating Costs means the costs of operating, repairing, maintaining, cleaning, replacing, renovating the Shared Facilities (including but not limited to the Repair Costs, lighting, cleaning, water usage, gas and electricity costs), and where the actual cost is not known means an estimate determined by the Building Management Committee.

Owner means the Commercial Owners Corporation or the Residential Owners [•] Corporation.

Owners Corporations means the Residential Owners Corporation and the Commercial Owners Corporation and Owners Corporation means either.

Repair means to clean, repair, maintain, renew, renovate or replace and Repaired and Repairing have the correspondence meaning.

Repair Costs means the costs of Repairing the Shared Facilities.

Representative means a natural person appointed or selected in accordance with a special resolution or by-law made by each Owner.

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Residential Building means that part of the Building affected by the Residential Strata Scheme.

Residential Owners Corporation means the Owners Corporation constituted by section 11 of the Management Act on registration of the Residential Strata Plan.

Residential Strata Lot means a lot in the Residential Strata Plan.

Residential Strata Plan means the strata plan subdividing Lot 1 in the Deposited Plan into lots and common property under the Act.

Residential Strata Scheme means the strata scheme constituted on registration of the Residential Strata Plan and this Statement.

Roof means the roof areas of the building being the roof above Level 9 and the Roof above the Ground Floor.

Service means a water, sewerage, drainage, gas, electricity, ventilation, exhaust, air, ducted air, conditioned air, garbage, telephone, telecommunications, and television or radio impulses or signals service.

Share means in respect of each Owner that Owner's proportion of the Share Costs. The Commercial Owners Corporation's share is 3% and the Residential Owners Corporation's share is 97% of all Shared Costs except the premium for the Damage Policy with an Approved Insurer, which is apportioned between the Owners in accordance with clause 4.3.

Shared Costs means:

- (a) the Management Fee (if any);
- (b) the Operating Costs;
- (c) expenses in relation to the Insurances; and
- (d) all other amounts determined from time to time by the Building Management Committee to be Shared Costs.

Shared Facilities means the facilities, machinery, plant, services, areas, parts of the Building, Equipment common to the Commercial Building and the Residential Building (at the date of this Statement) including but not limited to the facilities generally described in Schedule One and such other facilities as may be determined by the Building Management Committee to be Shared Facilities.

Statement means this strata management statement.

Strata Manager means the person from time to time appointed by the Building Management Committee under Clause 19.

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Strata Schemes means Residential Strata Scheme and Commercial Strata Scheme and Strata Scheme means either.

Substitute Representative means a natural person appointed by or selected in accordance with a special resolution or by-law made by an Owner to exercise the functions of that Owner's Representative in the absence of that Representative.

Unanimous Resolution means a resolution of the Building Management Committee passed by all members of the Building Management Committee present and voting.

Year means each consecutive period of 12 months during the term of this Statement the first commencing on the date of registration of this Statement.

1.2 Interpretation

In this Statement, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) headings are for convenience only and do not affect the interpretation of the Statement;
- (b) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa;
- (c) words importing a gender include any gender;
- (d) expressions importing a natural person includes any company, partnership, joint venture, association, corporation or other Owners Corporation and any Governmental Agency;
- (e) a reference to a part, clause, party annexure is a reference to a part of clause of, and a party, annexure, exhibit and schedule to the Statement;
- (f) A reference to any statute, regulation, proclamation, ordinance or by-laws includes all statures, regulations, proclamations, ordinances or by-laws varying, consolidating or replacing them and a reference to a statute includes all regulations, proclamations, ordinances and by-laws issued under that statute; and
- (g) No rule of construction applies to the disadvantage of a party because that party was responsible for the preparation of the Statement nor any part of it.

2. BUILDING MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE.

2.1 Establishment and Composition

There is hereby established a Building Management Committee comprised of the following members:

(a)	the Commercial Owners Corporation -	two members; and
(b)	the Residential Owners Corporation-	two members.

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- 2.2 Each member of the Building Management Committee may be represented for the purposes of the Building Management Committee by a Representative or a Substitute Representative. Notice in writing of the appointment of a Representative and Substitute Representative must be given to the Building Management Committee.
- 2.3 For the purposes of this Statement, a Representative whose term of office has not expired or been terminated is taken to be the Owner so represented.
- 2.4 The Building Management Committee may appoint from any member who is a natural person or a Representative, a chairman for each meeting, and may appoint such other office bearers as the Building Management Committee considers necessary from time to time to perform such functions as determined by the Building Management Committee, which chairman has no casting vote.

2.5 Functions of the Building Management Committee

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The Functions of the Building Management Committee are to:

- (a) make decisions regarding the Insurances;
- (b) make decisions concerning the Shared Facilities including without limitation the manner in which, and by whom, they are to be repaired;
- (c) make decisions concerning the Shared Costs, including without limitation;
 - (i) the manner in which they are to be paid;
 - (ii) the manner in which they are to be collected, levied, estimated and budgeted;
 - (iii) whether there should be a sinking fund (and if so the manner in which contributions should be made to, and monies paid from the sinking fund);
 - (iv) the manner in which contributions to the Shared Costs should be banked, the manner in which, and by whom, cheques are to be drawn.

and other such matters relating to the Shared Costs;

- (d) consider, and where appropriate make a call for the payment of a Shared Costs;
- (e) consider, and where appropriate make a decision concerning, a proposal submitted under clause 2.12;
- (f) make decisions regarding the appointment of a Manager, the remuneration of the Manager and the Manager's Functions;
- (g) monitor the performance of any Manager appointed by It; and
- (h) deal with complaints made by any person affected by this Statement.

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2.6 Annual General Meeting

- (a) The Building Management Committee must meet at least once each Year.
- (b) The Owners must agree between themselves as to the date and venue of the Annual General Meeting. In the event of failure to so agree an Owner may call an Annual General Meeting in the manner contemplated by clause 2.7 and the provisions of that clause will apply to the Annual General Meeting.
- (c) The Building Management Committee must consider at the Annual General Meeting the matters referred to in clauses 2.5(a), 2.5(b) and 2.5(c) but without limitation to its right to consider such matters at any other meeting. The Building Management Committee may decide other matters at the Annual General Meeting.

2.7 Convening Matters

- (a) An Owner may call a meeting of the Building Management Committee at any time by serving a notice on the other Owner. The notice must state the reason for the calling of the meeting and if it involves a proposal contemplated by clause 2.12 it may contain a form of the resolution which is proposed.
- (b) Such notice must give not less than 7 days notice of the date of the meeting and must nominate the venue for the meeting being a venue within the Building. In the case of an emergency, shorter notice may be given.

2.8 Notices and minutes of meetings

The Building Management Committee may effect procedure for preparing and distributing notices of meetings, agendas for meetings and minutes of all meetings and their distribution to each Owner.

2.9 Quorum

At any meeting of the Building Management Committee a quorum will consist of all persons who are members of the Building Management Committee. If a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for a meeting, the meeting will be adjourned for 2 Business Days to be held at the same time and at the same place notified for the original meeting. If an Owner fails or refuses to attend either of such meetings a dispute will be deemed to have arisen for referral in the manner contemplated by clause 12.

2.10 Voting

At all meeting of the Building Management Committee each member is entitled to vote.

2.11 Building Management Committee Decisions

All decisions of the Building Management Committee must be unanimous.

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2.12 Proposals

An Owner or its Representative may submit to the Building Management Committee a proposal:

- (a) to modify or Repair a Shared Facility;
- (b) recommending an additional facility that an Owner may wish to have installed as a Shared Facility in the Building;
- (c) to amend, terminate or renew a maintenance agreement in respect of a Shared Facility;
- (d) to enter into a maintenance agreement in respect of a Shared Facility;
- (e) appointing a Manger or a new Manager;
- (f) to vary any Manager's Functions; or
- (g) relating to the Insurances.

2.13 Amendments to this Statement

The Building Management Committee may by Unanimous Resolution amend this Statement. The Owners shall cause each such amendment to be registered as soon as practicable after the relevant resolution has been passed.

2.14 Service of Notices

- (a) A notice in connection with this Statement must be in writing.
- (b) A notice or other document may be served on the Owners Corporation in the manner contemplated by Chapter 7 of the Management Act.
- (c) A notice or other document may be served on the Building Management Committee by serving it on the Owners severally.

2.15 Date when effective

Unless a later time is specified in it, a notice takes effect from the time it is received.

3 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF OWNERS

3.1 **Obligations of the Owners**

The Owners must:

(a) effect and maintain the Insurances;

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- (b) ensure that the Building Management Committee is and remains properly constituted in accordance with the Act and this Statement;
- (c) ensure there is in place at all times a policy of the Building Management Committee regarding:
 - (i) the Repair of the Shared Facilities; and
 - (ii) the manner in which the Owners must contribute to the Shared Costs;
- (d) ensure that the Building Management Committee convenes an Annual General Meeting each Year and considers the matter referred to in clauses 2.5(a), 2.5(b) and 2.5(c); and
- (e) cause or permit, and not do anything to hinder, the implementation of the decisions made by the Building Management Committee.

3.2 Appointment of Manager

- (a) The Building Management Committee may appoint a suitably qualified person to act as Manager and delegate to that person such Functions, as it deems appropriate.
- (b) Notwithstanding such delegation under this clause, the Building Management Committee may continue to exercise all its Functions which the Manager has been authorised to perform.

4. INSURANCE

4.1 Required Insurance

- (a) The Owners must insure the Building and keep the Building insured under a Damage Policy effected with an Approved Insurer in their joint names and in the name of any mortgagee as may be appropriate.
- (b) The Owners must ensure that any relevant information known to them and relating to the Insurances is provided to the Approved Insurer from time to time.

4.2 **Insurance Premiums**

- (a) A person bound by this Statement must not, without the prior written consent of the Building Management Committee, do or permit anything which may invalidate or suspend any Insurance or increase the premium for Insurances effected under this Statement and the Management Act.
- (b) If a person bound by this Statement does anything which increases a premium for Insurance effected under this Statement or the Management Act then that person must pay any resulting additional premium.

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4.3 **Contributions to Insurance**

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Each of the Owners must contribute to the premium for insurance effected under clause 4.1(a) in the relative proportion of replacement value as required by Chapter 3, Part 4 of the Management Act and must contribute to the premium for any other policy taken out jointly regarding the Building in the same manner as if it were a Shared Facility or as otherwise agreed.

5 FINANCIAL MATTERS

5.1 Contributions to Shared Costs

Each of the Owners must contribute to the Shared Costs and pay its Share. The manner in which the Shared Costs will be collected and paid shall be determined by the Building Management Committee.

5.2 Defaulting Owner

If an Owner fails to pay its Share, the Owner who is not the Defaulting Owner may give to the Defaulting Owner not less than 14 days notice of its intention to pay the Defaulting Owner's Share and, if such failure continues after expiration of such notice, may pay the Defaulting Owner's Share of the Shared Costs and may recover that amount from the Defaulting Owner as a debt due and owing with interest at the rate of 2% per annum above the highest overdraft rate from time to time charged by the Commonwealth Bank. The interest is to be computed on a daily basis from the date on which the payment is made by the non defaulting Owner and is chargeable until payment in full of the amount and interest to the non defaulting Owner. A certificate by the non defaulting Owner to the Defaulting Owner as to the amount payable by the Defaulting Owner is prima facie evidence of that fact.

5.3 Records and Books

The Building Management Committee must cause proper records and books of account to be kept of all the items and costs contemplated by this Statement and must enter all matters and transactions usually entered in books of account kept by property managers.

6 **RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS RELATING TO SERVICES**

6.1 Services Rights

Each Owner has at all times (subject to the provisions of this Statement) an unrestricted right:

(a) (except when it is necessary to halt the Service for any essential maintenance or repairs relating to the Service) to the free and uninterrupted storage and passage of the Service to any extent consistent with the rights of other persons having the same or similar rights, along or through or in the Conducting Media that is for the time being in that part of the Building within the land of the other Owner and applicable to that Service; Req:R674021 /Doc:SP 0074481 M /Rev:28-Feb-2005 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:18-Jul-2019 12:14 /Seq:11 of 25 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:INFOTRACK /Ref:JAR009-00005

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- (b) to carry out an inspection of the Conducting Media to which the right relates;
- (c) in order to maintain, install, inspect, repair or replace any such Conducting Media;
 - (i) to enter such part of the Building within the land of the other Owner with such Employees in such manner as is reasonable in the circumstances; and
 - (ii) to remain there for such reasonable time as may be necessary in the circumstances, for the purpose of Repairing such Conducting Media or any part and for the purpose of making such excavations as may be reasonably necessary.

Subject to the conditions that:

- (iii) that part of the Building within the land of the other Owner is disturbed as little as possible; and
- (iv) any excavated, holed, trenched or otherwise affected surface is restored as nearly as possible to its original state; and
- (v) any other damage attributable to such operations is repaired.

6.2 **Obligations Relating to Services**

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- (a) Where a Conducting Medium subject to the rights created by clause 6.1 is used exclusively by an Owner it must be maintained in good order and repaired by the Owner entitled to such rights at the expense of that Owner and that Owner will have all the rights, entitlements and obligations contemplated by clause 6.1.
- (b) Where an Owner:
 - (i) has failed to carry out a responsibility imposed by sub-clause (a) of this clause 6.2; and
 - (ii) at least 7 days have passed since that failure first arose;

the other Owner may take all lawful steps necessary to ensure that the responsibility is carried out and may recover any expense incurred from the Owner in default.

6.3 Joint Use of Services

Where a Conducting Medium subject to the rights created by clause 6.1 is used jointly by the Owners, so much of the Conducting Medium as is so jointly used in that part of the Building within the land of an Owner shall be maintained in good order and repaired by that Owner at the Owner's expense and that Owner may recover a proportion of such expense from the other Owner equal to the other Owner's proportion of Shared Costs. Req:R674021 /Doc:SP 0074481 M /Rev:28-Feb-2005 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:18-Jul-2019 12:14 /Seq:12 of 25 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:INFOTRACK /Ref:JAR009-00005

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7 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS RELATING TO SHARED FACILITIES

7.1 Obligation to keep Shared Facility in Site

Where a Shared Facility is located in a part of the Building within the land of an Owner, that Owner shall permit such Shared Facility to remain in site and must not remove, alter or disturb it except at the direction of the Building Management Committee.

7.2 Inspection of Shared Facilities

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Each Owner and its Authorised Persons has at all times, subject to the provisions of this Statement, the unrestricted right to carry out an inspection of the Shared Facilities (or any of them) contained in that part of the Building within the land of the other Owner.

7.3 Access for Repairing Shared Facilities

Subject to clauses 6.2 and 6.3 in order to maintain, install, inspect, repair or replace the Shared Facilities each Owner must permit any person authorised by the Building Management Committee from time to time:

- (a) to enter such part of the Building within the land of the Owner and in such manner as is reasonable in the circumstances; and
- (b) to remain there for such reasonable time as may be necessary in the circumstances, for the purpose of Repairing the Shared Facilities and for the purpose of making such excavations as may be reasonably necessary to carry out such work.

Subject to the conditions that:

- (c) that part of the Building within the land of the other Owner is disturbed as little as possible; and
- (d) any excavated surface is restored as nearly as possible to its original state; and
- (e) any other damages attributed to such operations is repaired.

8 ACCESS RIGHTS

8.1 Authorised Persons

Where an Owner seeks to exercise a right of access for the purpose of inspection created by clause 6.1(b) or 7.2 such right must be exercised by an Authorised Person approved by that Owner for this purpose and notified in writing to the other Owner.

8.2 Conditions of Access

In the exercise of its rights in clauses 6.1(b), 6.1(c), 6.2 and 7.2 an Owner:

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- (a) must give the other Owner not less than 24 hours notice of its intention to enter the Building within the land of the other Owner (except in the case of an emergency when no notice is required); and
- (b) must comply with and ensure any Authorised Person complies with, the reasonable requirements of the other Owner when carrying out its rights in this clause.

9 EQUIPMENT BELONGING TO COMMERCIAL STRATA LOT OWNER

9.1 Rights of Commercial Owners Corporation to have Equipment on Roof.

- (a) The Commercial Owners Corporation has the right at all times to:
 - (i) erect or install Equipment on the Roof; and
 - (ii) the right to connect such Equipment to the Commercial Building.
- (b) The right conferred by this clause 9.1 carries with it such ancillary rights and powers as may be necessary to render it effective.
- (c) Upon erection or installation, the Equipment shall be subject to the rights and obligations created by clause 6 in relation to a Conducting Medium.

9.2 Additional Obligations of the Commercial Owners Corporation relating to the Equipment

The Commercial Owners Corporation, upon erection or installation of the Equipment:

- (a) must comply with the requirements of all authorities and notices of all authorities relating to the Equipment;
- (b) releases the Building Management Committee and the Residential Owners Corporation from any claims, costs, expenses and damages relating to the Equipment; and
- (c) Indemnifies the Building Management Committee and the Residential Owners Corporation and agrees to keep the Building Management Committee and the Residential Owners Corporation indemnified in respect of any claims, costs, expenses and damages which the Residential Owners Corporation may suffer or incur in connection with the Equipment other than that which may be caused by the Owners Corporation or Its Employees.

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10 DAMAGE OR DESTRUCTION TO THE BUILDING

10.1 Definitions

(a) For the purpose of this clause:

Total Loss Damage means damage to the Building which requires the demolition and dismantling of the remains of the Building and the total reinstatement of the Building.

Partial Damage means any damage to the Building or any part of it which is not Total Loss Damage.

(b) This clause 10 is subject to any order made under section 50 or 51 of the Act.

10.2 Partial Damage

- (a) The following provisions apply in the event of Partial Damage.
- (b) The Owners and any mortgagee having an interest in the Insurances must do all things necessary on their respective parts to make a claim on the Insurances relating to such damage and to pursue the claim if necessary.
- (c) Where Partial Damage is confined to that part of the Building within the land of an Owner (in this clause 10.2(c) called the "affected Owner") the monies received by the Owners and any mortgagee having an interest in the Insurances in respect of such Partial Damage shall be paid to the affected Owner and such monies shall forthwith be applied by the affected Owner in the rebuilding, replacing, repairing or restoring the portion of the Building so damaged, as the case may require.
- (d) Where Partial Damage is not confined to that part of the Building within the land of an Owner the monies received by the Owners and any mortgagee having interest in the Insurances in respect of such Partial Damage shall be divided between the Owners in such equitable manner as the Owners may agree having regard to the cost of making good the Partial Damage and such monies shall forthwith be applied by the Owners in rebuilding, replacing, repairing or restoring the portion of the Building so damaged, as the case may require.
- (e) Each Owner shall be entitled to reasonable access to that part of the Building within the land of the other Owner for the purpose of effecting such repairs.

10.3 Total Loss

- (a) The following provisions apply in the event of Total Loss Damage.
- (b) The Owners and any mortgagee having an interest in the Insurances must with due dispatch make joint approaches to:
 - (i) the Insurer to elect reinstatement as the basis of settlement; and

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- (ii) to the Authorities with a view to reinstating the Building in accordance with its original design. The Owners must co-operate with each other and the Authorities with a view to obtaining the relevant approvals to reinstate the Building in accordance with its original design.
- (c) The Owners and any mortgage having an interest in the Insurances must do all things necessary on their respective parts as insured parties to make a claim on the Insurances and to pursue claim if necessary.

(d) If the Insurer elects reinstatement as the basis of settlement and if reinstatement of the Building in accordance with its original design is permitted by the Authorities:

- (i) each Owner shall receive a proportion of the proceeds of the insurance paid by the Insurer in the same proportion that the premium was payable by it;
- (ii) the Owners and any mortgagee having an interest in the Insurances will ensure that any monies paid to them are applied in this manner;
- (iii) neither Owner has an obligation to apply such proceeds towards reinstatement of its building;
- (iv) each Owner must advise the other of its decision whether or not it will reinstate its building within a reasonable time of such payment; and
- (v) The Owners must as soon as practicable cause the site of the Building to be cleared of all debris and the cost of such clearing shall be a Shared Cost.

11 NATURE OF OBLIGATIONS

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- 11.1 The obligations of each Owner under this Statement are several and not joint and, accordingly no Owner incurs a liability to another Owner by reason only of the default of any other Owner.
- 11.2 Each Owner must promptly comply with its obligations under the Act and those contained or implied in this Statement.
- 11.3 An Owner and its Authorised Persons and any Employee, whilst within the land of the other Owner in the exercise of rights under this Statement, shall remain there at their own risk entirely and release to the extent not excluded by law that other Owner from all claims, liabilities and expenses incurred as a result of injury or loss of life or damage to property occurring within the land of that other Owner unless such claim, liability or expense arises as a result of negligence on the part of that other Owner or any of its agents, visitors or Employees.

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12 DISPUTE RESOLUTION

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12.1 Notice of dispute

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- (a) If a dispute arises between the Owners in connection with this Statement then the other Owner may serve on the other Owner with whom they have a dispute a written notice of dispute following which this clause applies.
- (b) The Owners agree that:
 - (i) they will undertake in good faith to use all reasonable endeavours to resolve a dispute which arises between them; and
 - (ii) if the Owners cannot resolve the dispute within 14 days after service of the notice, the dispute must be submitted for resolution in accordance with this clause.

12.2 Form of notice

A dispute notice served under this clause must:

- (a) specify the matter in dispute;
- (b) identify the provisions of the Act, Statement or other legislation relevant to the dispute;
- (c) state the position of the Owner giving the notice;
- (d) set out the facts and other circumstances on which the Owner giving the notice relies; and
- (e) have attached to it copies of correspondence and other documents referred to in the dispute notice.

12.3 **Referral of dispute**

- (a) If a dispute has not been resolved within the period referred to in clause 12.1(b)(ii) then any Owner may give written notice to the other Owner that the dispute is to be referred for resolution by a Senior Lawyer.
- (b) If the Owners cannot agree on the appointment of a Senior Lawyer within 7 days of giving the notice under clause 12.3(a) then an Owner may request the President of the Law Society of New South Wales to appoint a Senior Lawyer to determine the dispute.
- (c) An appointed Senior Lawyer acts as an expert not as an arbitrator and the Senior Lawyer's decision, including any decision as to expense arising from the dispute and costs associated with it, is final and binding on the Owners.

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- (d) Within 7 days of appointment of a Senior Lawyer, each Owner involved in the dispute must provide to the Senior Lawyer and to the other Owner all of the information in its possession and must use all reasonable endeavours to ensure that its employees, agents and consultants are available to provide further information required by the Senior Lawyer. If an Owner makes a written submission to the Senior Lawyer it must at the same time provide a copy of the submission to the other Owners.
- (e) The Senior Lawyer may appoint an expert consultant to advise on any aspect of the dispute.
- (f) The Senior Lawyer must be instructed to resolve the dispute and notify the Owners of the resolution within 1 month of the date of the Senior Lawyer's appointment or within such other period as the Senior Lawyer reasonable determines.
- (g) No Owner may commence or maintain any action whether by way of legal proceedings or arbitration relating to the dispute until it has been resolved under this clause.

13 BUILDING COMPLIANCE

13.1 Codes Compliance

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Subject to this Management Statement, the Members, Owners and Occupiers must obtain necessary consents from the Management Committee before they carry out works in The Alto Apartments or a Lot of The Alto Apartments.

13.2 No Requirements for Consent - Residential

The Members, Owners and Occupiers of the Residential Stratum may carry out refurbishment works, fitout and modification to the interior of a Lot or to the Excluded Services in the Residential Stratum where such works do not in any way affect structural or common property walls, ceilings, columns, services, acoustically treated or fire rates surfaces without the need for consent from the Management Committee. A person bound by these standards must not modify or add to the Lot of the Residential Stratum so that the modification or addition is visible from outside the Lot unless the Management Committee by Resolution approves an application for the modification or addition.

13.3 No Requirements for Consent - Commercial

Provided consent from the relevant Authority has been obtained, the Member, Owner and Occupier of the Commercial Stratum may carry out refurbishment works, fitout and modification to the interior of a Lot or to the Excluded Services in the Commercial Stratum without the need for consent from the Management Committee provided the refurbishment works, fitout and modifications comply with the requirements of any Authority.

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13.4 Compliance with Clause 13

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Compliance with Clause 13 does not relieve any person from an obligation to obtain a consent under the By Laws or from any Authority.

14 NO INCONSISTENCY

- 14.1 Each Owner or person bound by this Statement must use its best endeavours to ensure that no amendment or alteration is made to any of the following documents which would have the result that a provision or term of that document is or might become inconsistent with a term or provision of this Statement.
 - (a) the strata by-laws of the Residential Strata Scheme;
 - (b) the strata by-law of the Commercial Strata Scheme;
 - (c) the Residential Strata Plan; or
 - (d) the Commercial Strata Plan.
- 14.2 If an Owner breaches this clause, the relevant Owner is in default under this Statement.
- 14.3 If a proprietor or occupier of a Lot (or a chargee or mortgagee in possession of a Lot) breaches this clause then that person is in default under this Statement. Each Owners Corporation must use its best endeavours to ensure that the proprietor or occupier of a Lot in its respective Strata Scheme does not breach this clause.
- 14.4 If there is an Inconsistency between an easement, right, affectation or restriction in the Deposited Plan, the Residential Strata Plan, Commercial Strata Plan or any Section 88B or other instrument, and a term of this Statement, this Statement prevails and takes precedence.

15 ACCESS

Either Owner may access any part of the Building to do something required or contemplated by this Statement.

If access is not specifically provided for in this Statement, an Owner gaining access must pay any costs associated with or caused by that access.

16. CAR PARK

- 16.1 Some areas of the Car Park in The Alto Apartments are a Shared Facility as detailed in Schedule One.
- 16.2 The Owner and Occupier of a Lot who is allocated a Car Space for that Lot must:
 - (a) park only on the Car Space allocated to the Lot;
 - (b) only drive in the direction indicated by arrows in the Car Park;

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- (c) when driving a motor vehicle in the Car Park not exceed the speed of 5 kph;
- (d) co-operate with other lot Owners or Occupiers in the Car Park; and
- (e) keep the Car Space clean and tidy.
- 16.3 The Owner or Occupier of a Lot who is allocated a Car Space and the rights to the Car Park must not:
 - (a) park vehicles greater than the Car Space;
 - (b) use the Car Space of another Owner or Occupier of a Lot;
 - (c) create any noise within the Car Park or in the Car Space which is likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of Owner or Occupier of another Lot or of any person lawfully using the Car Park;
 - (d) assign the security keys, access keys and necessary access devices for the Car Park without the consent of the Management Committee, which may not be unreasonably withheld; or
 - (e) Use or store any inflammable chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable material in any Car Space other than any fuel or gas in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle.
- 16.4 The Management Committee must:
 - (a) maintain, clean and service the Shared Facility areas, including the mechanical ventilation, water sumps, access system, entrance gates and ramp;
 - (b) provide adequate security for the Car Park;
 - (c) issue each Owner or Occupier who has a Car Space in the Car Park access keys, security keys and necessary access devices for the Car Park.
- 16.5 The Management Committee may charge the Commercial Owners Corporation, the Residential Owners Corporation, the Owners or Occupiers of a Lot in the Residential Stratum and the Owners or Occupiers of a Lot in the Commercial Stratum a fee, charge or bond for the issue of access keys, security keys and necessary access devices for the Car Park under Clause 16.4.
- 16.6 The Residential Owners Corporation, the Commercial Owners Corporation and the Owners and Occupiers of a Lot must notify the Management Committee promptly if an access key, security key or necessary access device is lost or misplaced by the relevant party.
- 16.7 The Management Committee, Owners and Occupiers of a Lot, the Commercial Owners Corporation and the Residential Owners Corporation acknowledge the rights of the Owners or Occupiers of a lot in the Residential Stratum and the Commercial Stratum to

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use the Shared Facilities, including the mechanical ventilation, water sumps, fire control devices which are contained in easements for the Car Park created under the Conveyancing Act 1919 (NSW).

17 RESTRICTION ON THE HOURS OF OPERATION

17 The Owner or Occupier of any Lot shall not permit food or drinks to be served to the outside dining areas of any Lot in the Commercial Strata Plan before 7.00am or after 10.30pm.

18 SIGNAGE

- 18.1 The Developer may place "For Sale" and "For Lease" signs on the interior of any window on the boundary of any Lot owned by the Developer.
- 18.2 Other than as permitted in 18.1 the Owners and Occupiers of Lots in the Commercial Stratum shall only affix signs to the exterior walls of the Alto Apartments in the locations and in the dimensions detailed in the signage plan contained in Schedule 2.
- 18.3 The Owner of any Lot in the Commercial Stratum for which a sign has been affixed as provided in clause 18.2:
 - (a) Are, at their own expense, responsible for the cleaning, maintenance, keeping in a state of good repair and replacement, when necessary, of the sign;
 - (b) Must indemnify the Building Management Committee and the Owners Corporation from all claims and liabilities arising from the sign; and
 - (c) Must paint any conduit the same colour as the surrounding surface.

19 APPOINTING THE STRATA MANAGER

- 19.1 The Building Management Committee may appoint a Strata Manager to manage the Building Management Committees functions relating to the Alto Apartments.
- 19.2 Subject to Clause 19.3, the Building Management Committee may delegate its functions and the functions of the Officers to the Strata Manager.
- 19.3 The Building Management Committee may not delegate the following functions to the Strata Manager:
 - (a) functions which the Building Management Committee decides by Unanimous Resolution may be performed only by the Building Management Committee; and
 - (b) the function to determine and levy the Fund and the Fund contributions on Members.
- 19.4 The fee for the Strata Manager for the term of appointment shall be the amount reasonably determined by the Building Management Committee.

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- 19.5 The agreement between the Building Management Committee and the Strata Manager must:
 - (a) be in writing and be signed by each Member and the Strata Manager;
 - (b) reserve the power for the Building Management Committee and the Officers to continue to exercise the functions which the Building Management Committee delegates to the Strata Manager; and
 - (d) have provisions regulating the rights of the Building Management Committee and the Strata Manager to terminate the agreement if a party does not perform their obligations under the agreement.
- 19.6 Subject to this Clause, the Strata Manager under an agreement may undertake the following duties, without limitation:
 - (a) performing the functions of the Secretary;
 - (b) performing the functions of the Treasurer;
 - (c) performing the functions of the Chairperson; and
 - (d) doing anything else that the Building Management Committee agrees is necessary for the operation and management of the Alto Apartments.
- 19.7 The Strata Manager must have and keep current at all times the licence required by Law to be a strata managing agent.

Signed by Moweno Pty Limited ACN 002 099 694 In accordance with its constitution:

Director 4 Name:

Director Name:

24.02.2005

REGISTERED

Mortgagee under Mortgage No. AA 324423 Signed at Sydney this 10+h day of February 200 Sfor National Australia Bank Limited ABN 12 004 044 937 Fiona Ferguson Its duly by appointed Attorney under Power of Attorney No. 549 Book 3834 UU deron Maŋager ********* Witness/Bank Officer GERALDINE L. MIGUEL 265 George Street, Sydney NSW

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SCHEDULE ONE

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SHARED SERVICES

1. Fire Stairs:

Fire stairs, or such part of them, between the level one car parking level and ground level of the building.

2. Level One Car Park and Ramps

The following parts and areas of the level one car parking level and the ramps from the level one car parking level to the ground level of the Building:

- (i) Ramps to and from the level one car parking level to the ground level of the Building;
- (ii) The driveways from the street level to the level one car parking level;
- (iii) All lighting, cleaning, emergency lighting and fire services;
- (iv) Any roller shutters and other traffic facilities used by both the Residential Strata Scheme and the Commercial Strata Scheme but excluding traffic boom gates and such like which are for the benefit of the Residential Strata Scheme;
- Mechanical ventilation facilities including vents, ducting, controls, damping and wiring;
- (vi) Sprinklers and associated fire emergency services;
- (vii) Fire and emergency services including hydrants, boosters, fire extinguishers, hose reels and such like;
- (viii) Part of the Commercial Building in the basement car parking level over which the Residential Strata Scheme has a right of carriageway,
- 3. Building Perimeter Facilities

The following areas, services and facilities located generally on and around the perimeter of the ground level of the Building;

- (i) Landscaped areas including watering, plants, weeding and other attendances;
- (ii) Lighting which Illuminates the external façade of the Building or parts of it;

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(iii) Entrance and foyer areas, front stairs and corridor to the Garbage Room for the use of both the Commercial Strata Scheme and Residential Strata Scheme.

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- (iv) Canopy and awning attached to the exterior of the building between the Ground Floor and Level One.
- 4. The Lift and Lift Foyer:

Only that lift and lift foyer within the Commercial Strata Plan serving the Commercial Car Park and the Commercial Floor only.

The lift service located within the Residential Strata Plan is for the exclusive use of the Residential Strata Scheme and is not a shared facility.

5. Retention and Drainage Works:

Storm water pits, drains, grates, pipes, retention tank and other services located in all car parking levels of the Building and which are for the benefit of the Building generally and all such other drainage and sewerage works used by both the Residential and Commercial Buildings.

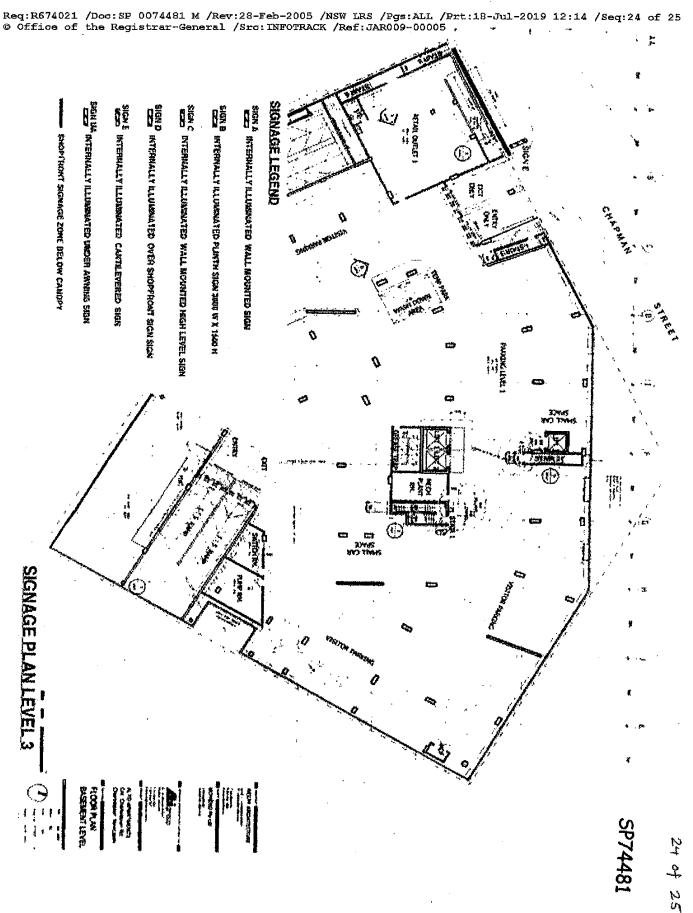
6. Electrical and other Services:

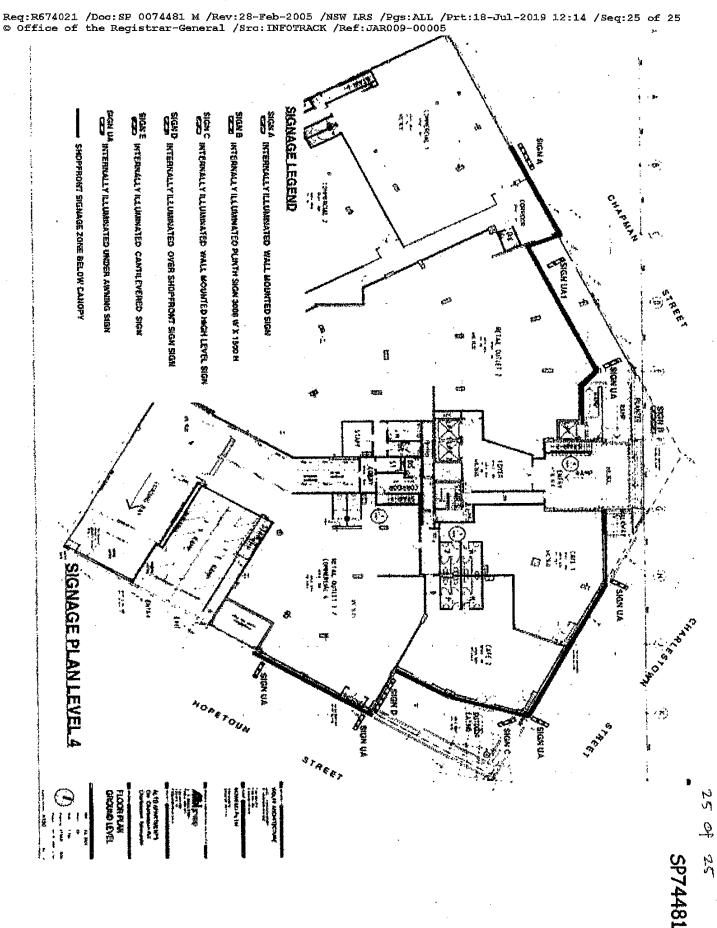
Electrical, gas, telecommunications and other services main distribution frames and facilities for the benefit of both the Residential and Commercial Buildings.

7. Garbage Room:

The Building Management Committee must:

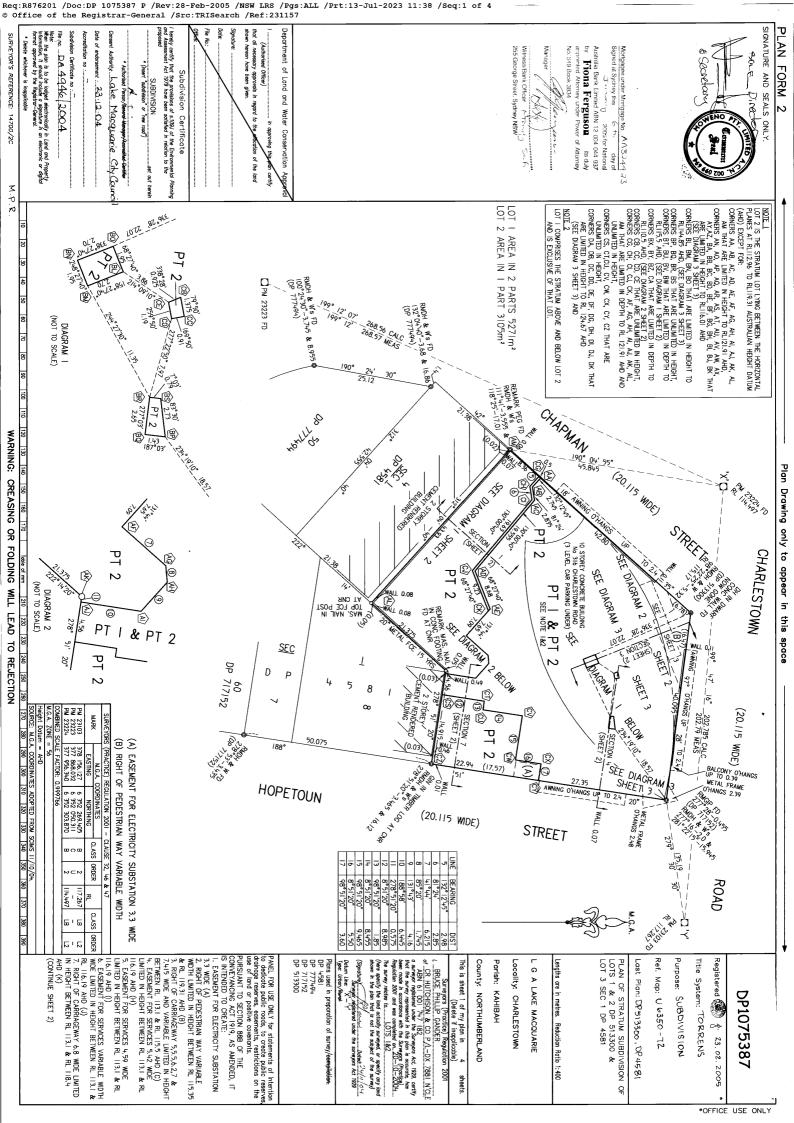
- (a) ensure that the Garbage Room is regularly kept free of all rubbish, recyclable material or waste and kept hygienically clean and washed down;
- (b) ensure that the Garbage Room is kept hygienically clean and free of vermin, pests or infection, and that rubbish, recyclable material and waste is not stored for long periods within the Garbage Room;
- (c) ensure that the Residential Owners Corporation and the Commercial Owners Corporation is complying with the provisions in the Owners Corporation By-Laws relating to the use of the Garbage Room; and
- (d) ensure that the garbage, recyclable material or waste within the Garbage Room is regularly moved and collected by the Council or private contractor(s), in accordance with all Laws.



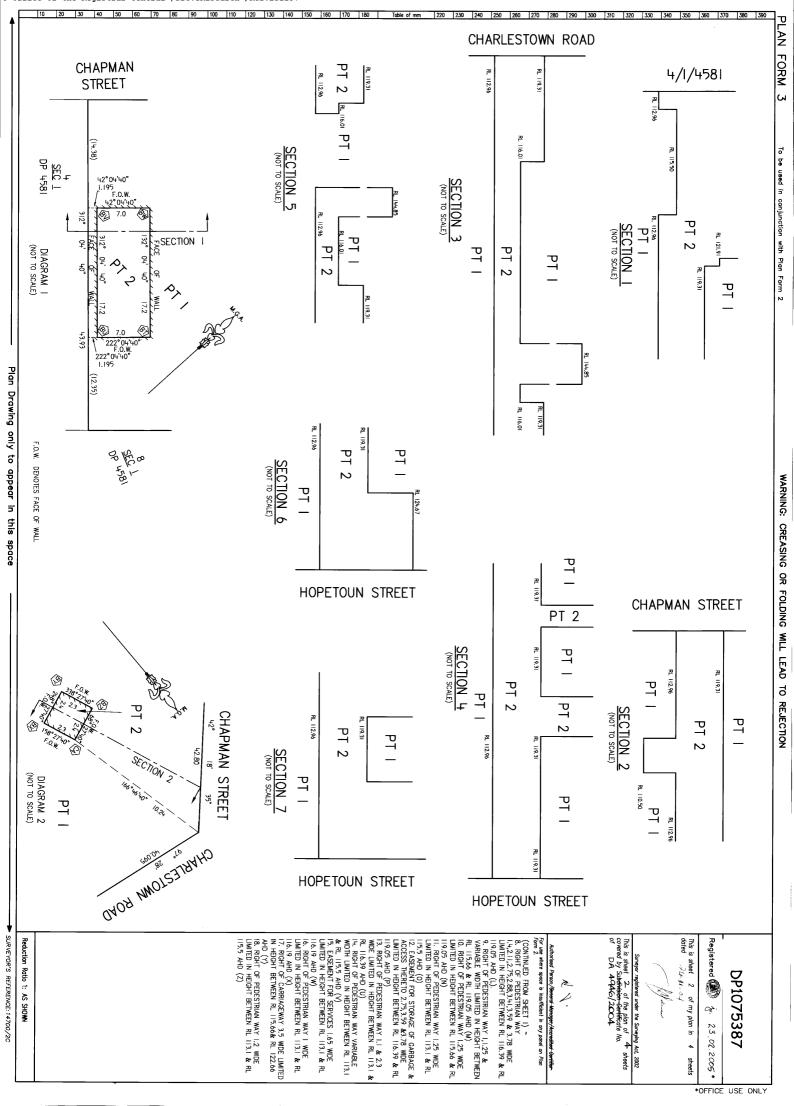


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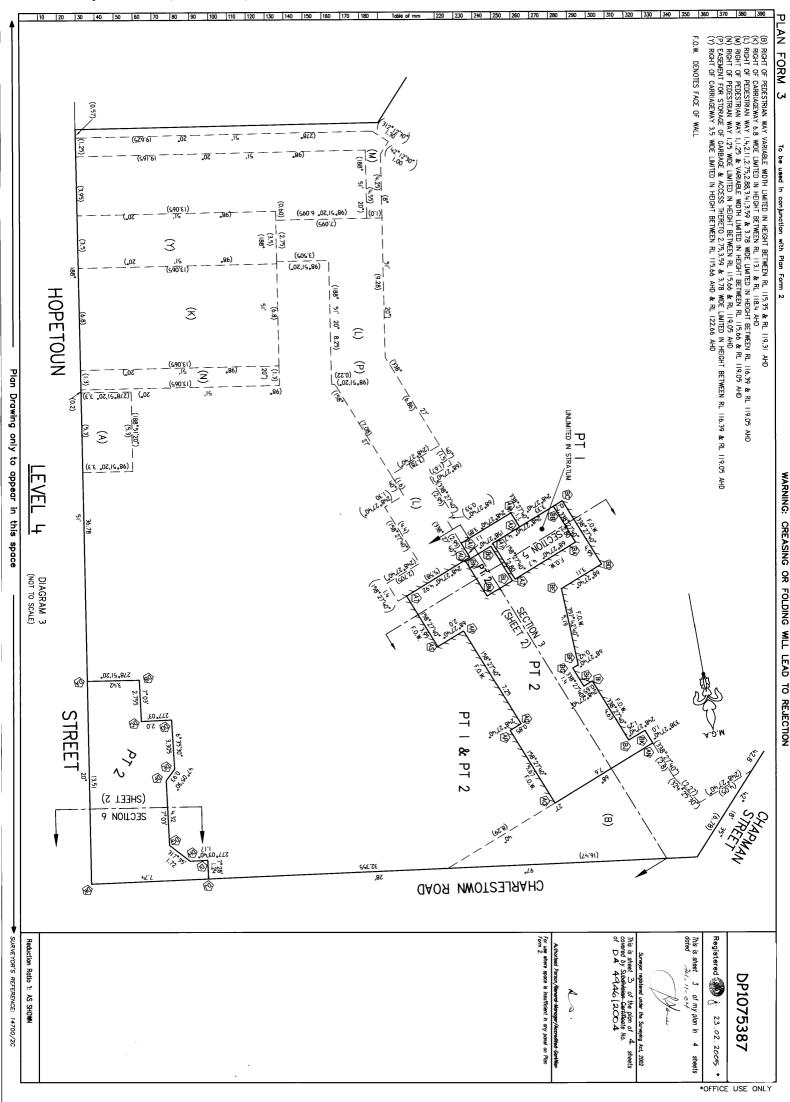
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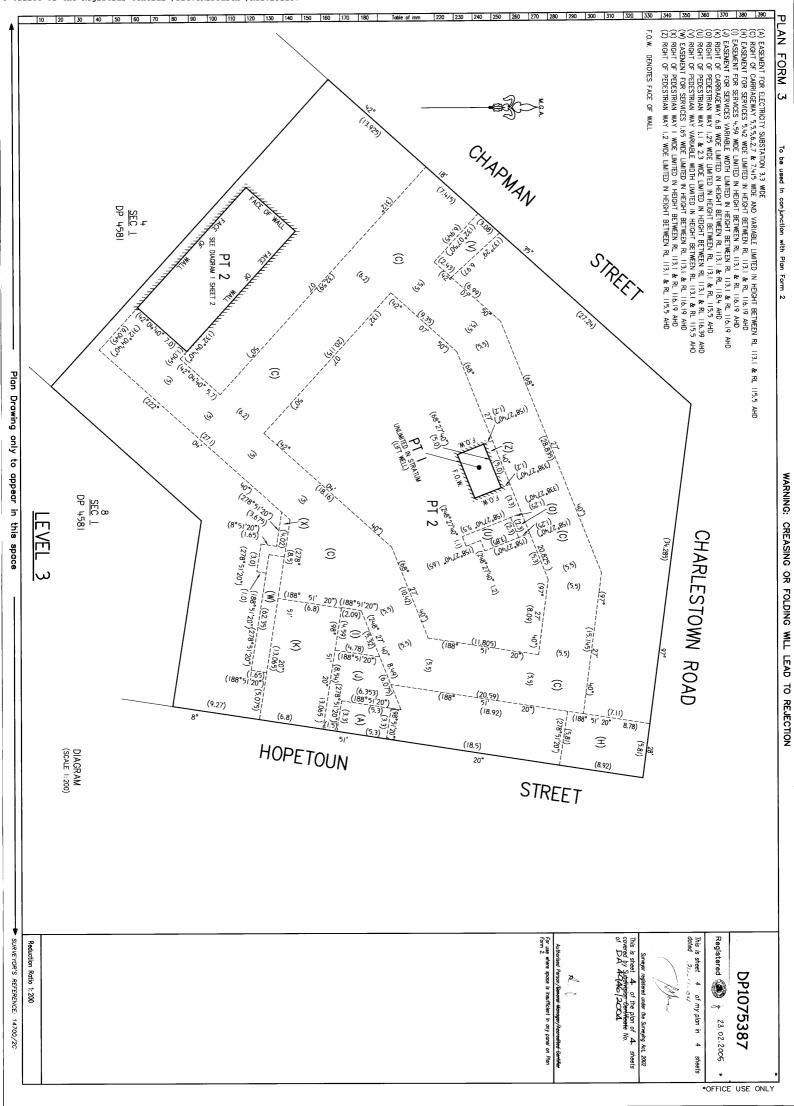
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Instrument Setting out Terms of Easements or Profits à Prendre Intended to be Created or Released and of Restrictions on the Use of Land or Positive Covenants Intended to be Created Pursuant to Section 88B Conveyancing Act 1919

(Sheet 1 of 6 Sheets)

DP1075387

Full name and address of the owner of the land:

Plan of Stratum Subdivision of Lots 1 & 2 D.P.513300 and Lot 3 Section 1 D.P.4581 covered by Subdivision Certificate No. dated

Moweno Pty. Ltd. ABN 4 Parramatta Road SUMMER HILL N.S.W. 2130

Part 1 (Creation)

Number of	Identity of easement, profit à	Burdened	Benefited lot(s), road(s),
item shown in	prendre, restriction or positive	lot(s) or	bodies or Prescribed
the intention covenant to be created and		parcel(s)	Authorities
panel on the	referred to in the plan	parcel(s)	Addiornaes
plan	referred to in the plan		
1 Easement for Electricity		1&2	EnergyAustralia
	Substation 3.3 wide (A)	102	LifeigyAustralia
2	Right of Pedestrian Way variable	2	1
2	width limited in height between RL	2	
	115.35 & RL 119.31 AHD (B)		
3	Right of Carriageway 5, 5.5, 6.2, 7	2	1
	& 7.415 wide and variable width	2	•
	limited in height between RL		
	113.1 & RL 115.5 AHD (C)		
4	Easement for Services 5.42 wide	2	1
	limited in height between RL	-	·
	113.1 & RL 116.19 AHD (H)		
5	Easement for Services 4.59 wide	2	1
	limited in height between RL		
	113.1 & RL 116.19 AHD (I)		
6	Easement for Services variable	2	1
	width limited in height between RL		
	113.1 & RL 116.19 AHD (J)		
7	Right of Carriageway 6.8 wide	2	1
	limited in height between RL		
	113.1 & RL 118.4 AHD (K)		
8	Right of Pedestrian Way 1.4,	2	1
	2.11, 2.75, 2.88, 3.41, 3.59 and		
	3.78 wide limited in height		
2	between RL 116.39 & RL 119.05		
	AHD (L)		
9	Right of Pedestrian Way 1, 1.25	2	1
	and variable width limited in		
	height between RL 115.66 & RL		
	119.05 AHD (M)		
10	Right of Pedestrian Way 1.25	2	1
	wide limited in height between RL		
L	115.66 & RL 119.05 AHD (N)		

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(Sheet 2 of 6 Sheets)

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Plan of Stratum Subdivision of Lots 1 & 2 D.P.513300 and Lot 3 Section 1 D.P.4581 covered by Subdivision Certificate No. dated

		<u>_</u>		
	11	Right of Pedestrian Way 1.25 wide limited in height between RL 113.1 & RL 115.5 AHD (O)	2	1
numbijetiny	12	Easement for Storage of Garbage and Access Thereto 2.75, 3.59 & 3.78 wide limited in height between RL 116.39 & RL 119.05 AHD (P)	2	1
Az∎Q ⁱ	13	Right of Pedestrian Way 1.1 & 2.3 wide limited in height between RL 113.1 and RL 116.39 AHD (U)	2	1
10001100	14	Right of Pedestrian Way variable width limited in height between RL 113.1 and RL 115.5 AHD (V)	2	1
	15	Easement for Services 1.65 wide limited in height between RL 113.1 & RL 116.19 AHD (W)	2	1
	16	Right of Pedestrian Way 1 wide limited in height between RL 113.1 & RL 116.19 AHD (X)	2	1
	17	Right of Carriageway 3.5 wide limited in height between RL 115.66 and RL 122.66 AHD (Y)	2	1
1	18	Right of Pedestrian Way 1.2 wide limited in height between RL 113.1 & RL 115.5 AHD (Z)	2	1

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Part 2 (Terms)

- 1. Terms of Easement for Electricity Substation 3.3 wide firstly referred to in the abovementioned plan
 - 1 Full right leave liberty and licence over that part of the lot burdened (hereinafter referred to as the "said land") for EnergyAustralia its agents servants and workmen to:

(Sheet 3 of 6 Sheets)

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Plan of Stratum Subdivision of Lots 1 & 2 D.P.513300 and Lot 3 Section 1 D.P.4581 covered by Subdivision Certificate No. dated

- 1.1 erect construct and place repair inspect maintain and remove electricity substation premises; and
- 1.2 lay down erect construct and place repair renew inspect maintain and remove underground/overhead electric mains cables and other apparatus for the transmission of electric current and for purposes incidental thereto through under or over the said land; and also
- 1.3 the free and uninterrupted passage of electricity and apparatus thereto appertaining through under and over the said land and the said electricity substation and electric mains when constructed.
- 2 TOGETHER WITH power for EnergyAustralia its servants agents and workmen either with or without vehicles of all descriptions to enter into and upon the said land or any part thereof for the purposes aforesaid or any of them and to make all necessary excavations for cables or other apparatus in the said land or any part thereof.
- 3 AND TOGETHER WITH FULL right leave liberty and licence to cut and trim tree roots branches or other growths and foliage which now or at any time hereafter may overhang or encroach on or are now growing or may grow in or on the said land.
- 4 PROVIDED THAT except where EnergyAustralia in the course of exercising its rights hereunder removes damages breaks down or destroys any existing fence or fences on the said land EnergyAustralia shall not be under any obligation or in any way be bound to erect place or maintain any fence or fences on the boundaries or any other part or parts of the said land.
- 5 AND the Registered Proprietor of the lot burdened covenants with EnergyAustralia that it will not do or knowingly suffer to be done any act or thing which may injure or damage the said electricity substation and cables and other apparatus or interfere with the free flow of electric current through under and over the said land AND that if any such damage or injury be done or interference be made the said Registered Proprietor will forthwith pay the cost to EnergyAustralia of properly and substantially repairing and making good all such injury or damage and restoring the free flow of electric current as aforesaid.
- 6 AND EnergyAustralia hereby covenants with the Registered Proprietor of the lot burdened that it will save harmless and indemnify it or them from and against any and all loss and damage whatsoever occasioned by the negligent use or abuse of electric current or cables and other apparatus for the transmission of electric current or of the rights hereby created by any person or persons employed by or acting or claiming under EnergyAustralia and that EnergyAustralia will at its own costs and charge pay for all damage and injury arising to the Registered Proprietor of the lot burdened or to any person or persons in consequence of any breach or non-observance of this covenant.
- 7 AND FURTHER the Registered Proprietor of the lot burdened covenants with EnergyAustralia that it will not without the consent of EnergyAustralia alter/or permit to be altered the existing levels of the said land nor will it without the like consent erect or permit to be erected any structure on above or below the said land.

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Plan of Stratum Subdivision of Lots 1 & 2 D.P.513300 and Lot 3 Section 1 D.P.4581 covered by Subdivision Certificate No. dated

2. Terms of Right of Pedestrian Way secondly, eighthly, ninthly, tenthly, eleventhly, thirteenthly, fourteenthly, sixteenthly & eighteenthly referred to in the abovementioned plan

Full and free right for every person who is at any time entitled to an estate or interest or possession in the land herein indicated as the lot benefited or any part thereof with which the right shall be capable of enjoyment and every person authorised by him to go, pass and repass on foot at all times and for all purposes without animals or vehicles to and from the said Lot Benefited or any such part thereof.

The Right of Personal Access is limited in height and applies only to that part of the land burdened which is located between the Australian Height Datum Reduced Levels shown on the plan.

3. Terms of Right of Carriageway thirdly, seventhly & seventeenthly referred to in the abovementioned plan

Full and free right for the body in whose favour this easement is created and every person authorised by it to go, pass and re-pass at all times and for all purposes with or without animals or vehicles or both over the land indicated herein as the Lot Burdened.

The Right of Carriageway is limited in height and applies only to that part of the land burdened which is located between the Australian Height Datum Reduced Levels shown on the plan.

The Lot Burdened and Lot Benefited shall be responsible in accordance with the proportions outlined in the Strata Management Statement created by the registration of the Strata Plan for the maintenance, restoration, repair and renewal of the concrete driveway and associated facilities within the easement site.

4. Terms of Easement for Services fourthly, fifthly, sixthly & fifteenthly referred to in the abovementioned plan

The owner of the Lot Benefited may:

- 1. (a) use each Lot Burdened, but only within the site of this easement, to provide services to or from each Lot Benefited; and
 - (b) do anything reasonably necessary for that purpose including:
 - (i) entering the Lot Burdened, and
 - (ii) taking anything onto the Lot Burdened, and
 - (iii) carrying out work, such as constructing, placing, repairing or maintaining pipes, poles, wires, cables, conduits, structures and equipment.
- 2. In exercising those powers, the owner of the Lot Benefited must:
 - (a) ensure all work is done properly; and
 - (b) cause as little inconvenience as is practicable to the owner and any occupier of the Lot Burdened; and

(Sheet 5 of 6 Sheets)

DP1075387

Plan of Stratum Subdivision of Lots 1 & 2 D.P.513300 and Lot 3 Section 1 D.P.4581 covered by Subdivision Certificate No. dated

- (c) cause as little damage as is practicable to the Lot Burdened and any improvement on it; and
- (d) restore the Lot Burdened as nearly as is practicable to its former condition; and
- (e) make good any collateral damage.
- For the purposes of this easement, domestic services includes supply of water, gas, electricity, telephone and television and discharge of sewage, sullage and other fluid wastes.
- 4. The Easement for Services is limited in height and applies only to that part of the land burdened which is located between Reduced Level 113.1 and Reduced Level 116.19 AHD.

5. Terms of Easement for Storage of Garbage and Access Thereto twelfthly referred to in the abovementioned plan

The registered proprietor of the Lot Burdened hereby transfers and grants to the registered proprietor of the Lot Benefited an easement to enter onto the site of the Easement for Storage of Garbage with storage bins for garbage provided that the storage bins do not take up more than one half of the area set out in the said plan for the placement of all of the storage bins both belonging to the proprietor of the Lot Benefited and the proprietor of the Lot Burdened it being intended that the proprietor of the Lot Burdened shall also be able to store his rubbish and garbage in the site of the Easement for the Storage of Garbage ("storage bins") AND for the proprietor of the Lot Benefited its tenants, workmen, agents and contractors and their vehicles at all times with or without trolleys, garbage bins and containers to enter onto the site of the Easement for Storage of Garbage to deposit rubbish and garbage in the storage bins (so placed in the site of the said easement by the proprietor of the Lot Benefited) and to empty the storage bins PROVIDED THAT the proprietor of the Lot Benefited, its tenants, workmen, agents and contractors shall only place their rubbish and garbage in the storage bins supplied by the proprietor of the Lot Benefited and shall follow all such reasonable directions given by the proprietor of the Lot Burdened to ensure that the rubbish and garbage does not end up on any other part or parts of the site of the Easement for the Storage of Garbage PROVIDED FURTHER THAT the proprietor of the Lot Benefited may from time to time move the storage bins in, from and to the site of the Easement for the Storage of Garbage.

Name of authority empowered to release vary or modify the easement firstly referred to in the abovementioned plan

EnergyAustralia

Req:R876278 /Doc:DP 1075387 B /Rev:25-Feb-2005 /NSW LRS /Pgs:ALL /Prt:13-Jul-2023 11:43 /Seq:6 of 6 © Office of the Registrar-General /Src:TRISearch /Ref:231157

(Sheet 6 of 6 Sheets)

Plan of Stratum Subdivision of Lots 1 & 2 D.P.513300 and Lot 3 Section 1 D.P.4581 covered by Subdivision Certificate No. dated

DP1075387

Executed by Moweno Pty. Ltd. ABN 8400209464 bv:

2 --- Director & Print Name:

> SIGNED SEALED AND DELIVERED for and on behalf) of EnergyAustralia by <u>GRANT KENNETH GREENE-SO</u>ITH) its duly constituted Attorney pursuant to Power of Attorney) Registered Book 4368 No 61 in the presence of:)

Witness

ANDERSON LISA

Name of Witness

570 GEORGE STREET Address

Director Print Name:

Mortgagee under Mortgage No. AA 3244.23

Signed at Sydney this 6n day of 2005 for National Australia Bank Limited ABN 12 004 044 937 by **Fiona Ferguson** its duly appointed Attorney under Power of Attorney No. 549 Book 3834

Juno. Manager Saf

Witness/Bank Officer Margy 255 George Street, Sydney NSW



Mortgage Form version 1.5

Lodger Details				
Lodger Code	500002	For Office Use Only		
Name	ANZ RETAIL AND SMALL BUSINE	SS		
Address	ANZ CENTRE			
	PO BOX Q108	100070		
	QVB SYDNEY 1230	AR38279		
Lodger Box	1W	/		
Email	PEXANOTICESPURCHASES@AN			
Reference	rence 801042518			
	I	MORTGAGE		
Jurisdiction	NEW SOUTH WALES			
Privacy Collection S	tatement			
The information in this indexes.	form is collected under statutory auth	nority and used for the purpose of maintaining publicly searchable registers and		
Estate and/or interes	t being mortgaged			
FEE SIMPLE				
Land Title Deference	Dert Land Affacted?	Land Description		
Land Title Reference 37/270812	e Part Land Affected?	Land Description		
Mortgagor				
Given Name(s)	HUA			
Family Name	WANG			
Mortgagee				
Name	AUSTRALIA AND NE	AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND BANKING GROUP LIMITED		
ACN	005357522			
Australian credit li				
described in the terms and conditions.	s and conditions set out or referred to i	specified in this mortgage to the mortgagee as security for the debt or liability in this mortgage, and covenants with the mortgagee to comply with those terms		
Terms and Condition				
(a) Document Referen				
(b) Additional terms a	nd conditions Nil			
Mortgage Execution				
The Certifier, or the C	ertifier is reasonably satisfied that the	mortgagee it represents,:		
		nortgagor, or his, her or its administrator or attorney; and		
()		e terms as this Registry Instrument or Document.		
and any Prescribed R		Registry Instrument or Document is correct and compliant with relevant legislation		
•	ined the evidence supporting this Regi	istry Instrument or Document.		
Executed on behalf	of AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEAL	AND BANKING GROUP LIMITED		
Signer Name	ANNA MURRAY			
Signer Organisation	•			
Signer Role				

Execution Date

11/05/2021



13 July 2023

INFOTRACK PTY LTD PO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001 Our Ref:160480 Your Ref: 231158:168013 ABN 81 065 027 868

PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER THE ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979

Fee Paid: 53.00

Receipt No: 12828483

Receipt Date: 12 July 2023

DESCRIPTION OF LAND

Address: 511/316 Charlestown Road, CHARLESTOWN NSW 2290

Lot Details: Lot 54 SP 74481

Parish: Kahibah

County: Northumberland

For: MORVEN CAMERON GENERAL MANAGER

Pavett

126 - 138 Main Road T02 4921 0333Speers Point NSW 2284EBOX 1906 HRMC NSW 2310WWlakemac.com.au

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ADVICE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (2)

1 Names of Relevant Planning Instruments and Development Control Plans

(1) The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014

Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 -Chapter 4 Koala habitat protection 2021 State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 -Chapter 6 Bushland in urban areas State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 -Chapter 7 Canal estate development State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004 State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021 State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021 -Chapter 3 Advertising and signage State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021 -Chapter 2 State and regional development State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021 -Chapter 4 Concurrences and consents State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Central River City) 2021 -Chapter 2 State significant precincts State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts-Eastern Harbour City) 2021 – Chapter 2 State significant precincts State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts-Regional) 2021 Chapter 2 State significant precincts State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021 -Chapter 2 State significant precincts State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021 -Chapter 2 Primary production and rural development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 –

Chapter 3 Hazardous and offensive development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 -

Chapter 4 Remediation of land

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021 -

Chapter 2 Mining, petroleum production and extractive industries

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 -

Chapter 2 Infrastructure

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 -

Chapter 3 Educational establishments and child care facilities

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

(2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land.

Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014 (Amendment No. F2016/01432)

Lake Macquarie Draft Development Control Plan 2014

- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply in relation to a proposed environmental planning instrument or draft development control plan if
 - (a) it has been more than 3 years since the end of the public exhibition period for the proposed instrument or draft plan, or
 - (b) for a proposed environmental planning instrument—the Planning Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved.
- (4) In this section, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a Local Environmental Plan or a Draft environmental planning instrument.

2 Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

- (1) The following answers (a) to (f) relate to the instrument (see 1(1) above).
- (a)
- (i) The identity of the zone applying to the land.

E2 Commercial Centre

under Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014

(ii) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent.

Building identification signs; Home occupations

(iii) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent.

Amusement centres; Artisan food and drink industries; Backpackers' accommodation; Boarding houses; Centre-based child care facilities; Commercial premises; Community facilities; Entertainment facilities; Function centres; Home industries; Hostels; Hotel or motel accommodation; Information and education facilities; Local distribution premises; Medical centres; Mortuaries; Oyster aquaculture; Passenger transport facilities; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Registered clubs; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Restricted premises; Shop top housing; Tankbased aquaculture; Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 4

(iv) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone.

Advertising structures; Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Airstrips; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Biosolids treatment facilities; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat launching ramps; Camping grounds; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Eco-tourist facilities; Electricity generating works; Exhibition villages; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Farm stay accommodation; Forestry; Freight transport facilities; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Highway service centres; Home-based child care; Industrial retail outlets; Industries; Jetties; Marinas; Mooring pens; Moorings; Open cut mining; Recreation facilities (major); Research stations; Residential accommodation; Resource recovery facilities; Rural industries; Storage premises; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste disposal facilities; Water recreation structures

- NOTE: The advice in sections (a) above relates only to restrictions that apply by virtue of the zones indicated. The Lake Macquarie LEP 2014 includes additional provisions that require development consent for particular types of development, or in particular circumstances, irrespective of zoning.
- (b) Whether additional permitted uses apply to the land,

No

(c) Whether development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed.

There are no development standards applying to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house.

(d) Whether the land is in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*,

No

(e) Whether the land is in a conservation area (however described).

No

(f) Whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 1 Heritage Items

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 1 Heritage items.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 2 Heritage conservation areas

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 2 Heritage conservation areas.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 3 Archaeological sites

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 3 Archaeological sites.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 4 Landscape Items

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 4 Landscape items.

Local Environmental Plan 2004 Schedule 4 Part 1 Heritage Items

There are no heritage items listed for this land within Local Environmental Plan 2004 Schedule 4 Part 1.

Local Environmental Plan 2004 Part 11 Clause 150 Environmental Heritage

There are no heritage items listed for this land within Local Environmental Plan 2004 Part 11 Clause 150 – South Wallarah Peninsula.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Heritage Map

The land is not identified as a Village Precinct on the Heritage Map.

- NOTE: An item of environmental heritage, namely Aboriginal heritage, listed within the Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS), may affect the land. Aboriginal objects are protected under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974. If Aboriginal objects are found during development, works are to stop and the Office of Environment and Heritage (OEH) contacted immediately. For further information and to access the AHIMS registrar, refer to http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au
- (2) The following answers relate to the Draft Instrument (see 1(2) above).
- (a) Nil
 - NOTE: The advice in section (a) above relates only to restrictions that apply by virtue of the zones indicated. The Draft instrument may include additional provisions that require development consent for particular types of development, or in particular circumstances, irrespective of zoning.
- (b) Whether draft additional permitted uses apply to the land

No

(c) Whether any draft development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed.

There are no development standards applying to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house.

(d) Whether the land is in a draft area of outstanding biodiversity value under *the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*,

No

(e) Whether the land is in a draft conservation area (however described).

No

(f) Whether a draft item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.
 No

3 Contributions Plans

 The name of each contributions plan applying to the land, including draft contributions plan, Lake Macquarie City Council Development Contributions Plan - Charlestown Contributions Catchment - 2015

The Lake Macquarie City Council Section 7.12 Contributions Plan – Citywide 2019

(2) The name of the area, if the land is in a special contributions area under the Act, Nil

4 Complying development

The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) or (4), and 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.*

Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Housing Alterations Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Subdivisions Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Rural Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Greenfield Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

General Development Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Demolition Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Fire Safety Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this

Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

5 Exempt development

The extent to which the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the codes for exempt development because of the provisions of clauses 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008*.

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, Exempt development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on the lot.

6 Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

(1) (a) Whether there is any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.

No, Council **has not** been notified that an affected building notice is in force in respect of this land.

(b) Whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with.

A building rectification order is not in force in respect of this land.

(c) Whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

A notice of intention to make a building product rectification order **has not** been given in respect of this land.

(2) In this section -

Affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building *Products* (Safety) Act 2017

Building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017

7 Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in Section 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

No

8 Road widening and road realignment

Whether the land is affected by any road widening or realignment under:

(a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act 1993*.

No

(b) any environmental planning instrument.

No

(c) any resolution of the Council.

No, other road widening proposals may affect this land and if so, will be noted on the Section 10.7 Subsection (5) certificate.

9 Flood related development controls information

- If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls. No
- (2) If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls. No
- (3) In this section -

flood planning area has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

Floodplain Development Manual means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.

probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

10 Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

- (1) Whether or not the land is affected by a *POLICY* that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of:
 - (a) land slip or subsidence

Yes

Relevant sections of Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014 and Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan No.1 apply when development is proposed on land covered by Council's geotechnical areas map. The map is available for viewing at the Council. If you require any further clarification on the policy and how it may affect any possible development contact the Council on 02 4921 0333.

(b) bushfire

No

(c) tidal inundation

No

(d) acid sulfate soils

Yes

Relevant sections of Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014 and Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan No.1 apply when development is proposed on land covered by the Acid Sulfate Soils Map. If you require any further clarification on the policy and how it may affect any possible development contact the Council on 02 4921 0333.

(e) contaminated or potentially contaminated land

Yes

Council has adopted a policy that may restrict the development of Contaminated or Potentially Contaminated land. This policy is implemented when zoning, development, or land use changes are proposed. Council does not hold sufficient information about previous use of the land to determine whether the land is contaminated. Consideration of Council's adopted Policy located in the applicable DCP noted in Clause 1(3) above, and the application of provisions under relevant State legislation is recommended.

(f) aircraft noise

No

(g) salinity

No

(h) any other risk (other than flooding).

No

(2) In this section —

adopted policy means a policy adopted —

- (a) by the council, or
- (b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by the council.
 - NOTE: The absence of a council policy restricting development of the land by reason of a particular natural hazard does not mean that the risk from that hazard is non-existent.

11 Bush Fire Prone Land

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, **NONE** of that lot is bush fire prone land.

12 Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division

No. Council **has not** been notified that a residential premises erected on this land has been identified in the NSW Fair Trading Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation.

13 Mine subsidence

Whether the land is declared to be a mine subsidence district, within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*.

The land IS WITHIN a declared Mine Subsidence District under section 20 of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017. Development in a Mine Subsidence District requires approval from Subsidence Advisory NSW. Subsidence Advisory NSW provides compensation to property owners for mine subsidence damage. To be eligible for compensation, development must be constructed in accordance with Subsidence Advisory NSW approval. Subsidence Advisory NSW has set surface development guidelines for properties in Mine Subsidence Districts that specify building requirements to help prevent potential damage from coal mine subsidence.

NOTE: The advice in section 13 above relates only to a Mine Subsidence District. Further information relating to underground mining which may occur outside Mine Subsidence Districts should be sought. Underground mining information can be found on the Subsidence Advisory NSW website.

14 Paper subdivision information

(1) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

Nil

(2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Not Applicable

(3) Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in this Regulation, Part 10 and the Act, Schedule 7.

15 **Property Vegetation Plans**

The land IS NOT subject to a property vegetation plan approved under Part 4 of the Native Vegetation Act 2003 (and that continues in force).

16 Biodiversity stewardship sites

The land is not a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

17 Biodiversity Certified Land

This land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

18 Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Has an order been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order).

The land IS NOT subject to an order made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

19 Annual charges under *Local Government Act* 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

Whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of *the Local Government Act 1993* for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Nil

NOTE: "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993.

20 Conditions for seniors housing

If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, a statement setting out terms of a kind referred to in the Policy, clause 88(2) that have been imposed as a condition of development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land.

Nil

21 Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

(1) Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land.

Council is not aware of any site capability certificate for any proposed development on the land.

(2) If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1).

Nil

(3) Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

Council is not aware of any conditions of a development consent referred to in *State*

Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

(4) In this section—

former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.*

NOTE: The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

Matters arising under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (s59 (2))

(a) The land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act - if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(b) The land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act - if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(c) The land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act - if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(d) The land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act - if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(e) The land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act - if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

No

ATTACHMENT:

Complimentary Certificate for the Real Property Lot

13 July 2023

INFOTRACK PTY LTD PO Box 4029 SYDNEY NSW 2001 Our Ref:160479 Your Ref: 231158:168013 ABN 81 065 027 868

PLANNING CERTIFICATE UNDER THE

ENVIRONMENTAL PLANNING AND ASSESSMENT ACT, 1979

Fee Paid: 53.00

Receipt No: 12828483

Receipt Date: 12 July 2023

DESCRIPTION OF LAND

Address: Alto Apartments, 316 Charlestown Road, CHARLESTOWN NSW 2290

Lot Details: Lot 1 DP 1075387 (SP 74481)

Parish: Kahibah

County: Northumberland

For: MORVEN CAMERON

GENERAL MANAGER

Pavett

ADVICE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SUBSECTION (2)

1 Names of Relevant Planning Instruments and Development Control Plans

(1) The name of each environmental planning instrument and development control plan that applies to the carrying out of development on the land.

Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014

Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014

State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 -Chapter 4 Koala habitat protection 2021 State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 -Chapter 6 Bushland in urban areas State Environmental Planning Policy (Biodiversity and Conservation) 2021 -Chapter 7 Canal estate development State Environmental Planning Policy (Building Sustainability Index: BASIX) 2004 State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008 State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021 State Environmental Planning Policy (Industry and Employment) 2021 -Chapter 3 Advertising and signage State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021 -Chapter 2 State and regional development State Environmental Planning Policy (Planning Systems) 2021 -Chapter 4 Concurrences and consents State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Central River City) 2021 -Chapter 2 State significant precincts State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts-Eastern Harbour City) 2021 – Chapter 2 State significant precincts State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts-Regional) 2021 Chapter 2 State significant precincts State Environmental Planning Policy (Precincts—Western Parkland City) 2021 -Chapter 2 State significant precincts State Environmental Planning Policy (Primary Production) 2021 -Chapter 2 Primary production and rural development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 –

Chapter 3 Hazardous and offensive development

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resilience and Hazards) 2021 -

Chapter 4 Remediation of land

State Environmental Planning Policy (Resources and Energy) 2021 -

Chapter 2 Mining, petroleum production and extractive industries

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 -

Chapter 2 Infrastructure

State Environmental Planning Policy (Transport and Infrastructure) 2021 -

Chapter 3 Educational establishments and child care facilities

State Environmental Planning Policy No. 65 – Design Quality of Residential Apartment Development

(2) The name of each proposed environmental planning instrument and draft development control plan, which is or has been subject to community consultation or public exhibition under the Act, that will apply to the carrying out of development on the land.

Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014 (Amendment No. F2016/01432)

Lake Macquarie Draft Development Control Plan 2014

- (3) Subsection (2) does not apply in relation to a proposed environmental planning instrument or draft development control plan if
 - (a) it has been more than 3 years since the end of the public exhibition period for the proposed instrument or draft plan, or
 - (b) for a proposed environmental planning instrument—the Planning Secretary has notified the council that the making of the proposed instrument has been deferred indefinitely or has not been approved.
- (4) In this section, proposed environmental planning instrument includes a planning proposal for a Local Environmental Plan or a Draft environmental planning instrument.

2 Zoning and land use under relevant Local Environmental Plans

(1) The following answers (a) to (f) relate to the instrument (see 1(1) above).

(a)

(i) The identity of the zone applying to the land.

E2 Commercial Centre

under Lake Macquarie Local Environmental Plan 2014

(ii) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development may be carried out within the zone without the need for development consent.

Building identification signs; Home occupations

(iii) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development may not be carried out within the zone except with development consent.

Amusement centres; Artisan food and drink industries; Backpackers' accommodation; Boarding houses; Centre-based child care facilities; Commercial premises; Community facilities; Entertainment facilities; Function centres; Home industries; Hostels; Hotel or motel accommodation; Information and education facilities; Local distribution premises; Medical centres; Mortuaries; Oyster aquaculture; Passenger transport facilities; Places of public worship; Recreation areas; Recreation facilities (indoor); Recreation facilities (outdoor); Registered clubs; Residential flat buildings; Respite day care centres; Restricted premises; Shop top housing; Tankbased aquaculture; Vehicle repair stations; Veterinary hospitals; Any other development not specified in item 2 or 4

(iv) The purposes for which the Instrument provides that development is prohibited within the zone.

Advertising structures; Agriculture; Air transport facilities; Airstrips; Bed and breakfast accommodation; Biosolids treatment facilities; Boat building and repair facilities; Boat launching ramps; Camping grounds; Caravan parks; Cemeteries; Charter and tourism boating facilities; Correctional centres; Crematoria; Depots; Eco-tourist facilities; Electricity generating works; Exhibition villages; Extractive industries; Farm buildings; Farm stay accommodation; Forestry; Freight transport facilities; Heavy industrial storage establishments; Highway service centres; Home-based child care; Industrial retail outlets; Industries; Jetties; Marinas; Mooring pens; Moorings; Open cut mining; Recreation facilities (major); Research stations; Residential accommodation; Resource recovery facilities; Rural industries; Storage premises; Transport depots; Truck depots; Vehicle body repair workshops; Warehouse or distribution centres; Waste disposal facilities; Water recreation structures

- NOTE: The advice in sections (a) above relates only to restrictions that apply by virtue of the zones indicated. The Lake Macquarie LEP 2014 includes additional provisions that require development consent for particular types of development, or in particular circumstances, irrespective of zoning.
- (b) Whether additional permitted uses apply to the land,

No

(c) Whether development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed.

There are no development standards applying to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house.

(d) Whether the land is in an area of outstanding biodiversity value under the *Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*,

No

(e) Whether the land is in a conservation area (however described).

No

(f) Whether an item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 1 Heritage Items

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 1 Heritage items.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 2 Heritage conservation areas

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 2 Heritage conservation areas.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 3 Archaeological sites

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 3 Archaeological sites.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 4 Landscape Items

There are no items listed for this land under Local Environmental Plan 2014 Schedule 5 Part 4 Landscape items.

Local Environmental Plan 2004 Schedule 4 Part 1 Heritage Items

There are no heritage items listed for this land within Local Environmental Plan 2004 Schedule 4 Part 1.

Local Environmental Plan 2004 Part 11 Clause 150 Environmental Heritage

There are no heritage items listed for this land within Local Environmental Plan 2004 Part 11 Clause 150 – South Wallarah Peninsula.

Local Environmental Plan 2014 Heritage Map

The land is not identified as a Village Precinct on the Heritage Map.

- NOTE: An item of environmental heritage, namely Aboriginal heritage, listed within the Aboriginal Heritage Information Management System (AHIMS), may affect the land. Aboriginal objects are protected under the National Parks and Wildlife Act 1974. If Aboriginal objects are found during development, works are to stop and the Office of Environment and Heritage (OEH) contacted immediately. For further information and to access the AHIMS registrar, refer to http://www.environment.nsw.gov.au
- (2) The following answers relate to the Draft Instrument (see 1(2) above).
- (a) Nil
 - NOTE: The advice in section (a) above relates only to restrictions that apply by virtue of the zones indicated. The Draft instrument may include additional provisions that require development consent for particular types of development, or in particular circumstances, irrespective of zoning.
- (b) Whether draft additional permitted uses apply to the land

No

(c) Whether any draft development standards applying to the land fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling-house on the land and, if so, the minimum land dimensions so fixed.

There are no development standards applying to the land that fix minimum land dimensions for the erection of a dwelling house.

(d) Whether the land is in a draft area of outstanding biodiversity value under *the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016*,

No

(e) Whether the land is in a draft conservation area (however described).

No

(f) Whether a draft item of environmental heritage (however described) is situated on the land.
 No

3 Contributions Plans

(1) The name of each contributions plan applying to the land, including draft

contributions plan,

Lake Macquarie City Council Development Contributions Plan - Charlestown Contributions Catchment - 2015

The Lake Macquarie City Council Section 7.12 Contributions Plan – Citywide 2019

(2) The name of the area, if the land is in a special contributions area under the Act,

Nil

4 Complying development

The extent to which the land is land on which complying development may be carried out under each of the codes for complying development because of the provisions of clauses 1.17A (1) (c) to (e), (2), (3) or (4), and 1.18 (1) (c3) and 1.19 of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.*

Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Low Rise Housing Diversity Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Housing Alterations Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Commercial and Industrial Alterations Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Commercial and Industrial (New Buildings and Additions) Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Subdivisions Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Rural Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Greenfield Housing Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

General Development Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Demolition Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Fire Safety Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

Container Recycling Facilities Code

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, complying development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on any part of that lot.

5 Exempt development

The extent to which the land is land on which exempt development may be carried out under each of the codes for exempt development because of the provisions of clauses 1.16(1)(b1)–(d) or 1.16A of *State Environmental Planning Policy (Exempt and Complying Development Codes) 2008.*

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, Exempt development under this Code **MAY** be carried out on the lot.

6 Affected building notices and building product rectification orders

(1) (a) Whether there is any affected building notice of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land.

No, Council **has not** been notified that an affected building notice is in force in respect of this land.

(b) Whether there is any building product rectification order of which the council is aware that is in force in respect of the land and has not been fully complied with.

A building rectification order is not in force in respect of this land.

(c) Whether any notice of intention to make a building product rectification order of which the council is aware has been given in respect of the land and is outstanding.

A notice of intention to make a building product rectification order **has not** been given in respect of this land.

(2) In this section -

Affected building notice has the same meaning as in Part 4 of the Building *Products* (Safety) Act 2017

Building product rectification order has the same meaning as in the Building Products (Safety) Act 2017

7 Land reserved for acquisition

Whether or not any environmental planning instrument or proposed environmental planning instrument referred to in Section 1 makes provision in relation to the acquisition of the land by a public authority, as referred to in section 3.15 of the Act.

No

8 Road widening and road realignment

Whether the land is affected by any road widening or realignment under:

(a) Division 2 of Part 3 of the *Roads Act* 1993.

No

(b) any environmental planning instrument.

No

(c) any resolution of the Council.

No, other road widening proposals may affect this land and if so, will be noted on the Section 10.7 Subsection (5) certificate.

9 Flood related development controls information

- If the land or part of the land is within the flood planning area and subject to flood related development controls. No
- (2) If the land or part of the land is between the flood planning area and the probable maximum flood and subject to flood related development controls. No

 In this section *flood planning area* has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.
 Floodplain Development Manual means the Floodplain Development Manual (ISBN 0 7347 5476 0) published by the NSW Government in April 2005.
 probable maximum flood has the same meaning as in the Floodplain Development Manual.

10 Council and other public authority policies on hazard risk restrictions

- (1) Whether or not the land is affected by a <u>**POLICY</u>** that restricts the development of the land because of the likelihood of:</u>
 - (a) land slip or subsidence

Yes

Relevant sections of Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014 and Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan No.1 apply when development is proposed on land covered by Council's geotechnical areas map. The map is available for viewing at the Council. If you require any further clarification on the policy and how it may affect any possible development contact the Council on 02 4921 0333.

(b) bushfire

No

(c) tidal inundation

No

(d) acid sulfate soils

Yes

Relevant sections of Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan 2014 and Lake Macquarie Development Control Plan No.1 apply when development is proposed on land covered by the Acid Sulfate Soils Map. If you require any further clarification on the policy and how it may affect any possible development contact the Council on 02 4921 0333.

(e) contaminated or potentially contaminated land

Yes

Council has adopted a policy that may restrict the development of Contaminated or Potentially Contaminated land. This policy is implemented when zoning, development, or land use changes are proposed. Council does not hold sufficient information about previous use of the land to determine whether the land is contaminated. Consideration of Council's adopted Policy located in the applicable DCP noted in Clause 1(3) above, and the application of provisions under relevant State legislation is recommended.

(f) aircraft noise

No

(g) salinity

No

(h) any other risk (other than flooding).

No

(2) In this section —

adopted policy means a policy adopted —

- (a) by the council, or
- (b) by another public authority, if the public authority has notified the council that the policy will be included in a planning certificate issued by the council.

NOTE: The absence of a council policy restricting development of the land by reason of a particular natural hazard does not mean that the risk from that hazard is non-existent.

11 Bush Fire Prone Land

Note: If a lot is not specifically listed in this section then, **NONE** of that lot is bush fire prone land.

12 Loose-fill asbestos insulation

If the land includes any residential premises (within the meaning of Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989*) that are listed on the register that is required to be maintained under that Division

No. Council **has not** been notified that a residential premises erected on this land has been identified in the NSW Fair Trading Loose-Fill Asbestos Insulation Register as containing loose-fill asbestos ceiling insulation.

13 Mine subsidence

Whether the land is declared to be a mine subsidence district, within the meaning of the *Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017*.

The land IS WITHIN a declared Mine Subsidence District under section 20 of the Coal Mine Subsidence Compensation Act 2017. Development in a Mine Subsidence District requires approval from Subsidence Advisory NSW. Subsidence Advisory NSW provides compensation to property owners for mine subsidence damage. To be eligible for compensation, development must be constructed in accordance with Subsidence Advisory NSW approval. Subsidence Advisory NSW has set surface development guidelines for properties in Mine Subsidence Districts that specify building requirements to help prevent potential damage from coal mine subsidence.

NOTE: The advice in section 13 above relates only to a Mine Subsidence District. Further information relating to underground mining which may occur outside Mine Subsidence Districts should be

sought. Underground mining information can be found on the Subsidence Advisory NSW website.

14 Paper subdivision information

(1) The name of any development plan adopted by a relevant authority that applies to the land or that is proposed to be subject to a consent ballot.

Nil

(2) The date of any subdivision order that applies to the land.

Not Applicable

(3) Words and expressions used in this section have the same meaning as in this Regulation, Part 10 and the Act, Schedule 7.

15 Property Vegetation Plans

The land IS NOT subject to a property vegetation plan approved under Part 4 of the Native Vegetation Act 2003 (and that continues in force).

16 Biodiversity stewardship sites

The land is not a biodiversity stewardship site under a biodiversity stewardship agreement under Part 5 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

17 Biodiversity Certified Land

This land is not biodiversity certified land under Part 8 of the Biodiversity Conservation Act 2016.

18 Orders under Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006

Has an order been made under the *Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006* to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land (but only if the council has been notified of the order).

The land IS NOT subject to an order made under the Trees (Disputes Between Neighbours) Act 2006 to carry out work in relation to a tree on the land.

19 Annual charges under *Local Government Act* 1993 for coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works

Whether the owner (or any previous owner) of the land has consented in writing to the land being subject to annual charges under section 496B of *the Local Government Act 1993* for

coastal protection services that relate to existing coastal protection works (within the meaning of section 553B of that Act).

Nil

NOTE: "Existing coastal protection works" are works to reduce the impact of coastal hazards on land (such as seawalls, revetments, groynes and beach nourishment) that existed before the commencement of section 553B of the Local Government Act 1993.

20 Conditions for seniors housing

If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, Chapter 3, Part 5 applies to the land, a statement setting out terms of a kind referred to in the Policy, clause 88(2) that have been imposed as a condition of development consent granted after 11 October 2007 in relation to the land.

Nil

21 Site compatibility certificates and conditions for affordable rental housing

(1) Whether there is a current site compatibility certificate, or a former site compatibility certificate, of which the council is aware, in relation to proposed development on the land.

Council is not aware of any site capability certificate for any proposed development on the land.

(2) If *State Environmental Planning Policy (Housing) 2021*, Chapter 2, Part 2, Division 1 or 5 applies to the land, any conditions of a development consent in relation to the land that are of a kind referred to in that Policy, section 21(1) or 40(1).

Nil

(3) Any conditions of a development consent in relation to land that are of a kind referred to in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

Council is not aware of any conditions of a development consent referred to in *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009*, clause 17(1) or 38(1).

(4) In this section—

former site compatibility certificate means a site compatibility certificate issued under *State Environmental Planning Policy (Affordable Rental Housing) 2009.*

NOTE: The following matters are prescribed by section 59 (2) of the *Contaminated Land Management Act 1997* as additional matters to be specified in a planning certificate:

Matters arising under the Contaminated Land Management Act 1997 (s59 (2))

(a) The land to which the certificate relates is significantly contaminated land within the meaning of that Act - if the land (or part of the land) is significantly contaminated land at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(b) The land to which the certificate relates is subject to a management order within the meaning of that Act - if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(c) The land to which the certificate relates is the subject of an approved voluntary management proposal within the meaning of that Act - if it is the subject of such an approved proposal at the date when the certificate is issued,

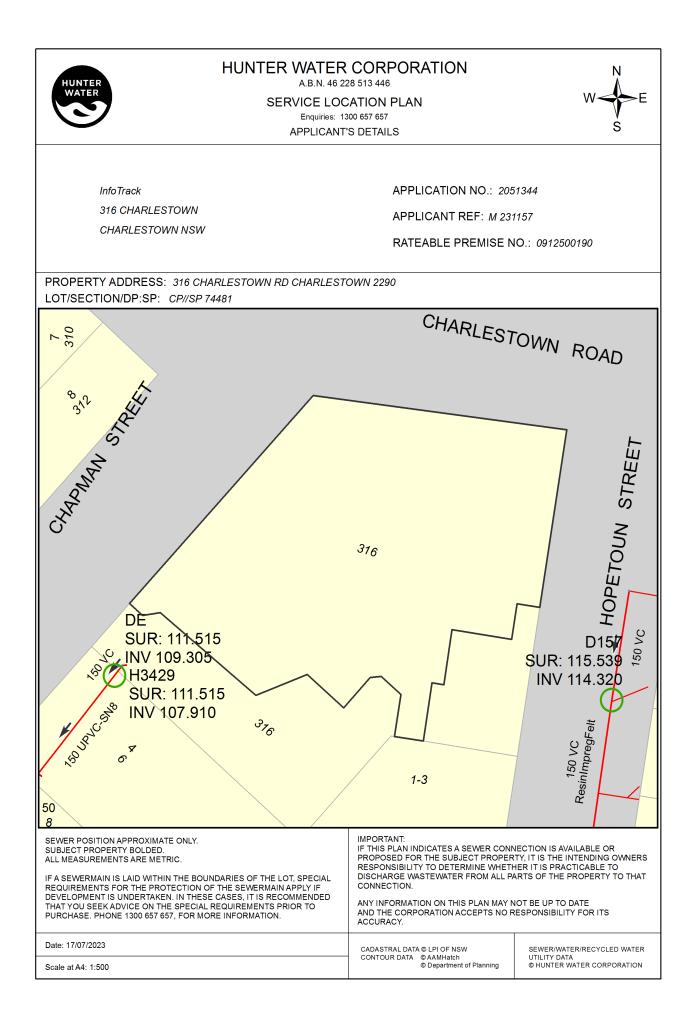
No

(d) The land to which the certificate relates is subject to an ongoing maintenance order within the meaning of that Act - if it is subject to such an order at the date when the certificate is issued,

No

(e) The land to which the certificate relates is the subject of a site audit statement within the meaning of that Act - if a copy of such a statement has been provided at any time to the local authority issuing the certificate.

No





RESIDENTIAL TENANCIES REGULATION 2019

first national LEpagge Eastlake

Between

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

- Please read this before completing the residential tenancy agreement (the Agreement).
- 1. This form is your written record of your tenancy agreement. This is a binding contract under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, so please read all terms **and** conditions carefully.
- 2. If you need advice or information on your rights and responsibilities, please call NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or visit
- www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au before signing the Agreement.
- If you require extra space to list additional items and terms, attach a separate sheet. All attachments should be signed and dated by both the landlord or the landlord's agent and the tenant to show that both parties have read and agree to the attachments.
- 4. The landlord or the landlord's agent must give the tenant a copy of the signed Agreement and any attachments, two copies or one electronic copy of the completed condition report and a copy of NSW Fair Trading's Tenant Information Statement publication.

This agreement is made on 14 /12 /2022 at BELMONT

Landlord [Insert name and telephone number or other contact details of landlord(s). If the landlord does not ordinarily reside in New South Wales, specify the State, Territory or, if not in Australia, country in which the landlord ordinarily resides]

Landlord 1 Name: Phillip Conicella	A.B.N. (if applicable): NIL
Landlord telephone number or other contact details: 0429328274	headhunter2@bigpond.com
If not in NSW, the State, Territory or country (if not Australia) the landlord ordinar	ily resides in: Australia
Landlord 2 Name: Janice Conicella	A.B.N. (if applicable): NIL
Landlord telephone number or other contact details: NIL	NIL
If not in NSW, the State, Territory or country (if not Australia) the landlord ordinar	ily resides in: NIL
Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s), whether or not there is a lan [Insert business address or residential address of landlord(s)]	dlord's agent.
603 PACIFIC HIGHWAY, BELMONT NSW	
	2280
Note. These details must be provided for landlord(s) if there is no landlord's agent	
[Insert corporation name and business address of landlord(s) if landlord(s) is a cor	poration]
NIL	
	NIL
Tenant [Insert name of tenant(s) and contact details]	
Tenant 1 Name Natalie Debrincat	
Phone 0404 680 495	mail nataliedebrincat@yahoo.com
Tenant 2 Name Sharmayne Gibson	
Phone 0435 807 015	mail sharmayne.gibson@icloud.com
Tenant 3 Name NIL	
Phone NIL E	Email NIL
Tenant 4 Name NIL	
	Email NIL
Landlord's agent details [Insert name of landlord's agent (if any) and contact de	staile]
Licensee DBE Real Estate Pty Ltd	
Trading as First National Engage Eastlakes	A.B.N. 63 123 645 349
Address 603 Pacific Hwy	
Belmont, NSW	Postcode 2280
Phone 02 4945 5546 Fax NIL Mobile NIL	Email info@fnee.com.au
Tenant's agent details [Insert name of tenant's agent (if any) and contact details	
Name/s NIL	A.B.N. NIL
Address NIL	
	Postcode NIL
Phone NIL Fax NIL Mobile NIL	Email NIL

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000005034022



RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT	national Engage Eastlakes
Term of agreement	
The term of this agreement is:	
✓ 6 months	
12 months	
2 years	
3 years	
5 years	
Other (please specify): NIL	
Periodic (no end date)	
starting on 10 /2 /2023 and ending on 10 /8 /2023 [Cross out if not applicable]	
Note. For a residential tenancy agreement having a fixed term of more than 3 years, the agreement must be anney Registrar-General for registration under the <i>Real Property Act 1900</i> .	(ed to the form approved by the
Residential Premises	
The residential premises are [Insert address]	
Address 511/316 Charlestown Rd	
Suburb Charlestown State NSW	Postcode 2290
The residential premises include: [Include any inclusions, for example, a parking space or furniture provided. Attach add	itional pages if necessary.]
NOT APPLICABLE	
The residential premises do not include : [List anything such as a parking space, garage or storeroom which do not form part	of the residential premises]
NOT APPLICABLE	
Rent	
The rent is \$510.00 per week payable in advance starting on 10 /2	/2023 .
Note. Under section 33 of the <i>Residential Tenancies Act 2010</i> , a landlord, or landlord's agent, must not require a te rent in advance under this Agreement.	nant to pay more than 2 weeks
The method by which the rent must be paid:	
(a) to FIRST NATIONAL ENGAGE EASTLAKES at BELMONT by each or Ele	potronio Fundo Tranofor (EFT), or
(b) into the following account, NIL or any other account	nominated by the landlord:
BSB number: NIL Account number: NIL	
Account name: NIL	
Payment reference: 10438737	, or
(c) as follows: BPAY BILLER CODE 4481	
Note. The landlord or landlord's agent must permit the tenant to pay the rent by at least one means for which the (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) (see clause 4.1) and the tenant.	

Rental bond [cross out if there is not going to be a bond]

A rental bond of \$1,980.00 must be paid by the tenant on signing this agreement.

The amount of the rental bond must not be more than 4 weeks rent.

The tenant provided the rental bond amount to:

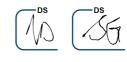
the landlord or another person, or

the landlord's agent, or

✓ NSW Fair Trading through Rental Bonds Online.

Note. All rental bonds must be lodged with NSW Fair Trading. If the bond is paid to the landlord or another person, it must be deposited within 10 working days after it is paid using the Fair Trading approved form. If the bond is paid to the landlord's agent, it must be deposited within 10 working days after the end of the month in which it is paid.

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IMPORTANT INFORMATION

Maximum number of occupants

JSW

No	more	than	2

persons may ordinarily live in the premises at any one time.

RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

Urgent	repairs
--------	---------

Nominated tradespeople for urgent repairs:

Electrical repairs:	First National Engage Eastlakes - After hours only for urgent repairs	Telephone: 02 4945 5546
Plumbing repairs:	First National Engage Eastlakes - After hours only for urgent repairs	Telephone: 02 4945 5546
Other repairs:	NIL	Telephone: NIL

Water usage

Will the tenant be required to pay separately for water usage? Ves 🖌 No If yes, see clauses 12 and 13.		
Utilities		
Is electricity supplied to the premises from an embedded network?	🖌 Yes	No
Is gas supplied to the premises from an embedded network?	🖌 Yes	No
For more information on consumer rights if electricity or gas is supplied from an embedded network contact NSW Fair Trading.		
Smoke alarms		
Indicate whether the smoke alarms installed in the residential premises are hardwired or battery operated:		
✓ Hardwired smoke alarm		
Battery operated smoke alarm		
If the smoke alarms are battery operated, are the batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?	Yes	🖌 No
If yes, specify the type of battery that needs to be used if the battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:		
NOT APPLICABLE		
If the smoke alarms are hardwired, are the back-up batteries in the smoke alarms of a kind the tenant can replace?	🖌 Yes	No

If yes, specify the type of back-up battery that needs to be used if the back-up battery in the smoke alarm needs to be replaced:
9V BATTERY

If the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015 applies to the residential premises, is the owners corporation of the strata	🖌 Yes	No
scheme responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises?		

Strata by-laws

Are there any strata or community scheme by-laws applicable to the residential premises? Yes Giving notices and other documents electronically [optional] [Cross out if not applicable]	

Indicate below for each person whether the person provides express consent to any notice and any other document under section 223 of the
Residential Tenancies Act 2010 being given or served on them by email. The Electronic Transactions Act 2000 applies to notices and other
documents you send or receive electronically.

[You should only consent to electronic service if you check your emails regularly. If there is more than one tenant on the agreement, all tenants should agree on a single email address for electronic service. This will help ensure co-tenants receive notices and other documents at the same time.]

Landlord

Does the landlord give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? [Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]	✓ Yes No	If yes, see clause 50.
info@fnee.com.au		
Tenant		
Does the tenant give express consent to the electronic service of notices and documents? [Specify email address to be used for the purpose of serving notices and documents.]	✔ Yes No	If yes, see clause 50.

nataliedebrincat@yahoo.com

Condition report

A condition report relating to the condition of the premises must be completed by or on behalf of the landlord before or when this agreement is given to the tenant for signing.

Tenancy laws

The Residential Tenancies Act 2010 and the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 apply to this agreement. Both the landlord and the tenant must comply with these laws.

RIGHT TO OCCUPY THE PREMISES

1. The landlord agrees that the tenant has the right to occupy the residential premises during the tenancy. The residential premises include the additional things (if any) noted under "Residential premises".

COPY OF AGREEMENT

REINSW

- 2. The landlord agrees to give the tenant:
 - 2.1 a copy of this agreement before or when the tenant gives the signed copy of the agreement to the landlord or landlord's agent, and
 - **2.2** a copy of this agreement signed by both the landlord and the tenant as soon as is reasonably practicable.

RENT

3. The tenant agrees:

- 3.1 to pay rent on time, and
- **3.2** to reimburse the landlord for the cost of replacing rent deposit books or rent cards lost by the tenant, and
- **3.3** to reimburse the landlord for the amount of any fees paid by the landlord to a bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution as a result of funds of the tenant not being available for rent payment on the due date.

4. The landlord agrees:

- **4.1** to provide the tenant with at least one means to pay rent for which the tenant does not incur a cost (other than bank fees or other account fees usually payable for the tenant's transactions) and that is reasonably available to the tenant, and
- **4.2** not to require the tenant to pay more than 2 weeks rent in advance or to pay rent for a period of the tenancy before the end of the previous period for which rent has been paid, and
- **4.3** not to require the tenant to pay rent by a cheque or other negotiable instrument that is post-dated, and
- 4.4 to accept payment of unpaid rent after the landlord has given a termination notice on the ground of failure to pay rent if the tenant has not vacated the residential premises, and
- 4.5 not to use rent paid by the tenant for the purpose of any amount payable by the tenant other than rent, and
- **4.6** to give a rent receipt to the tenant if rent is paid in person (other than by cheque), and
- 4.7 to make a rent receipt available for collection by the tenant or to post it to the residential premises or to send it by email to an email address specified in this agreement by the tenant for the service of documents of that kind if rent is paid by cheque, and
- **4.8** to keep a record of rent paid under this agreement and to provide a written statement showing the rent record for a specified period within 7 days of a request by the tenant (unless the landlord has previously provided a statement for the same period).

Note. The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

RENT INCREASES

5. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent cannot be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement or under this agreement if the agreement is for a fixed term of 2 years or more, unless the landlord gives not less than 60 days written notice of the increase to the tenant. The notice must specify the increased rent and the day from which it is payable.

Note. Section 42 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* sets out the circumstances in which rent may be increased during the fixed term of a residential tenancy agreement. An additional term for this purpose may be included in the agreement.

6. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent may not be increased after the end of the fixed term (if any) of this agreement more than once in any 12-month period.

7. The landlord and the tenant agree:

- 7.1 that the increased rent is payable from the day specified in the notice, and
- 7.2 that the landlord may cancel or reduce the rent increase by a later notice that takes effect on the same day as the original notice, and
- **7.3** that increased rent under this agreement is not payable unless the rent is increased in accordance with this agreement and the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or by the Civil and Administrative Tribunal.

RENT REDUCTIONS

- 8. The landlord and the tenant agree that the rent abates if the residential premises:
 - 8.1 are destroyed, or become wholly or partly uninhabitable, otherwise than as a result of a breach of this agreement, or
 - 8.2 cease to be lawfully usable as a residence, or
 - 8.3 are compulsorily appropriated or acquired by an authority.
- 9. The landlord and the tenant may, at any time during this agreement, agree to reduce the rent payable.

PAYMENT OF COUNCIL RATES, LAND TAX, WATER AND OTHER CHARGES

- 10. The landlord agrees to pay:
 - **10.1** rates, taxes or charges payable under any Act (other than charges payable by the tenant under this agreement), and
 - **10.2** the installation costs and charges for initial connection to the residential premises of an electricity, water, gas, bottled gas or oil supply service, and
 - **10.3** all charges for the supply of electricity, non-bottled gas or oil to the tenant at the residential premises that are not separately metered, and

Note 1. Clause 10.3 does not apply to premises located in an embedded network in certain circumstances in accordance with clauses 34 and 35 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

Note 2. Clause 10.3 does not apply to social housing tenancy agreements in certain circumstances, in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

- **10.4** the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles for the supply of bottled gas at the commencement of the tenancy, and
- **10.5** all charges (other than water usage charges) in connection with a water supply service to separately metered residential premises, and
- **10.6** all charges in connection with a water supply service to residential premises that are not separately metered, and
- **10.7** all charges for the supply of sewerage services (other than for pump out septic services) or the supply or use of drainage services to the residential premises, and
- **10.8** all service availability charges, however described, for the supply of non-bottled gas to the residential premises if the premises are separately metered but do not have any appliances, supplied by the landlord, for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

10.9 the costs and charges for repair, maintenance or other work carried out on the residential premises which is required to facilitate the proper installation or replacement of an electricity meter, in working order, including an advanced meter, if the meter installation is required by the retailer to replace an existing meter because the meter is faulty, testing indicates the meter may become faulty or the meter has reached the end of its life.

11. The tenant agrees to pay:

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- **11.1** all charges for the supply of electricity or oil to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, and
- **11.2** all charges for the supply of non-bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises if the premises are separately metered, unless the premises do not have any appliances supplied by the landlord for which gas is required and the tenant does not use gas supplied to the premises, and

Note. Charges for the supply of gas in certain circumstances may also be payable by a tenant under a social housing agreement in accordance with clause 36 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

- **11.3** all charges for the supply of bottled gas to the tenant at the residential premises except for the costs and charges for the supply or hire of gas bottles at the start of the tenancy, and
- **11.4** all charges for pumping out a septic system used for the residential premises, and
- **11.5** any excess garbage charges relating to the tenant's use of the residential premises, and
- **11.6** water usage charges, if the landlord has installed water efficiency measures referred to in clause 10 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* and the residential premises:
 - 11.6.1 are separately metered, or
 - **11.6.2** are not connected to a water supply service and water is delivered by vehicle.

Note. Separately metered is defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010.*

- 12. The landlord agrees that the tenant is not required to pay water usage charges unless:
 - **12.1** the landlord gives the tenant a copy of the part of the water supply authority's bill setting out the charges, or other evidence of the cost of water used by the tenant, and
 - **12.2** the landlord gives the tenant at least 21 days to pay the charges, and
 - **12.3** the landlord requests payment of the charges by the tenant not later than 3 months after the issue of the bill for the charges by the water supply authority, and
 - **12.4** the residential premises have the following water efficiency measures:
 - **12.4.1** all internal cold water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins on the premises have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - **12.4.2** on and from 23 March 2025, all toilets are dual flush toilets that have a minimum 3 star rating in accordance with the WELS scheme,
 - **12.4.3** all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres a minute,
 - 12.4.4 at the commencement of the residential tenancy agreement and whenever any other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded, the premises are checked and any leaking taps or toilets on the premises have been fixed.

13. The landlord agrees to give the tenant the benefit of, or an amount equivalent to, any rebate received by the landlord for water usage charges payable or paid by the tenant.

POSSESSION OF THE PREMISES

14. The landlord agrees:

- **14.1** to make sure the residential premises are vacant so the tenant can move in on the date agreed, and
- **14.2** to take all reasonable steps to ensure that, at the time of signing this agreement, there is no legal reason why the premises cannot be used as a residence for the term of this agreement.

TENANT'S RIGHT TO QUIET ENJOYMENT

15. The landlord agrees:

- **15.1** that the tenant will have quiet enjoyment of the residential premises without interruption by the landlord or any person claiming by, through or under the landlord or having superior title to that of the landlord (such as a head landlord), and
- **15.2** that the landlord or the landlord's agent will not interfere with, or cause or permit any interference with, the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises, and
- **15.3** that the landlord or the landlord's agent will take all reasonable steps to ensure that the landlord's other neighbouring tenants do not interfere with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of the tenant in using the residential premises.

USE OF THE PREMISES BY TENANT

16. The tenant agrees:

- **16.1** not to use the residential premises, or cause or permit the premises to be used, for any illegal purpose, and
- 16.2 not to cause or permit a nuisance, and
- **16.3** not to interfere, or cause or permit interference, with the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of neighbours, and
- **16.4** not to intentionally or negligently cause or permit any damage to the residential premises, and
- **16.5** not to cause or permit more people to reside in the residential premises than is permitted by this agreement.

17. The tenant agrees:

- 17.1 to keep the residential premises reasonably clean, and
- **17.2** to notify the landlord as soon as practicable of any
- damage to the residential premises, and
 17.3 that the tenant is responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a person who is lawfully on the residential premises if the person is only permitted on the premises with the tenant's consent and the act or omission would be in breach of this agreement if done or omitted by the tenant, and
- **17.4** that it is the tenant's responsibility to replace light globes on the residential premises.
- **18.** The tenant agrees, when this agreement ends and before giving vacant possession of the premises to the landlord:
 - **18.1** to remove all the tenant's goods from the residential premises, and
 - **18.2** to leave the residential premises as nearly as possible in the same condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - **18.3** to leave the residential premises reasonably clean, having regard to their condition at the commencement of the tenancy, and
 - **18.4** to remove or arrange for the removal of all rubbish from the residential premises in a way that is lawful and in accordance with council requirements, and



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- **18.5** to make sure that all light fittings on the premises have working globes, and
- **18.6** to return to the landlord all keys, and other opening devices or similar devices, provided by the landlord.

Note. Under section 54 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, the vicarious liability of a tenant for damage to residential premises caused by another person is not imposed on a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence, or a co-tenant who is not a relevant domestic violence offender, if the damage occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence (within the meaning of that Act).

LANDLORD'S GENERAL OBLIGATIONS FOR RESIDENTIAL PREMISES 19. The landlord agrees:

19.1 to make sure that the residential premises are reasonably clean and fit to live in, and

Note 1. Section 52 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* specifies the minimum requirements that must be met for residential premises to be fit to live in. These include that the residential premises:

- (a) are structurally sound, and
- (b) have adequate natural light or artificial lighting in each room of the premises other than a room that is intended to be used only for the purposes of storage or a garage, and
- (c) have adequate ventilation, and
- (d) are supplied with electricity or gas and have an adequate number of electricity outlet sockets or gas outlet sockets for the supply of lighting and heating to, and use of appliances in, the premises, and
- (e) have adequate plumbing and drainage, and
- (f) are connected to a water supply service or infrastructure that supplies water (including, but not limited to, a water bore or water tank) that is able to supply to the premises hot and cold water for drinking and ablution and cleaning activities, and
- (g) contain bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow privacy for the user.

Note 2. Premises are structurally sound only if the floors, ceilings, walls, supporting structures (including foundations), doors, windows, roof, stairs, balconies, balustrades and railings:

- (a) are in a reasonable state of repair, and
- (b) with respect to the floors, ceilings, walls and supporting structures—are not subject to significant dampness, and
- (c) with respect to the roof, ceilings and windows-do not allow water penetration into the premises, and
- (d) are not liable to collapse because they are rotted or otherwise defective.
- **19.2** to make sure that all light fittings on the residential premises have working light globes on the commencement of the tenancy, and
- **19.3** to keep the residential premises in a reasonable state of repair, considering the age of, the rent paid for and the prospective life of the premises, and
- **19.4** not to interfere with the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises (unless the interference is necessary to avoid danger to any person or enable maintenance or repairs to be carried out), and

- **19.5** not to hinder a tradesperson's entry to the residential premises when the tradesperson is carrying out maintenance or repairs necessary to avoid health or safety risks to any person, or to avoid a risk that the supply of gas, electricity, water, telecommunications or other services to the residential premises may be disconnected, and
- **19.6** to comply with all statutory obligations relating to the health or safety of the residential premises, and
- **19.7** that a tenant who is the victim of a domestic violence offence or a co-tenant who is under the same agreement as the victim of the domestic violence offence but is not a relevant domestic violence offender is not responsible to the landlord for any act or omission by a co-tenant that is a breach of this agreement if the act or omission constitutes or resulted in damage to the premises and occurred during the commission of a domestic violence offence.

URGENT REPAIRS

- 20. The landlord agrees to pay the tenant, within 14 days after receiving written notice from the tenant, any reasonable costs (not exceeding \$1,000) that the tenant has incurred for making urgent repairs to the residential premises (of the type set out below) so long as:
 - **20.1** the damage was not caused as a result of a breach of this agreement by the tenant, and
 - **20.2** the tenant gives or makes a reasonable attempt to give the landlord notice of the damage, and
 - **20.3** the tenant gives the landlord a reasonable opportunity to make the repairs, and
 - **20.4** the tenant makes a reasonable attempt to have any appropriate tradesperson named in this agreement make the repairs, and
 - **20.5** the repairs are carried out, where appropriate, by licensed or properly qualified persons, and
 - **20.6** the tenant, as soon as possible, gives or tries to give the landlord written details of the repairs, including the cost and the receipts for anything the tenant pays for.

Note. The type of repairs that are *urgent repairs* are defined in the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* and are defined as follows:

- (a) a burst water service,
- (b) an appliance, fitting or fixture that uses water or is used to supply water that is broken or not functioning properly, so that a substantial amount of water is being wasted,
- (c) a blocked or broken lavatory system,
- (d) a serious roof leak,
- (e) a gas leak,
- (f) a dangerous electrical fault,
- (g) flooding or serious flood damage,
- (h) serious storm or fire damage,
- a failure or breakdown of the gas, electricity or water supply to the premises,
- (j) a failure or breakdown of any essential service on the residential premises for hot water, cooking, heating, cooling or laundering,
- (k) any fault or damage that causes the premises to be unsafe or insecure.

SALE OF THE PREMISES

21. The landlord agrees:

21.1 to give the tenant written notice that the landlord intends to sell the residential premises, at least 14 days before the premises are made available for inspection by potential purchasers, and



- **21.2** to make all reasonable efforts to agree with the tenant as to the days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.
- **22.** The tenant agrees not to unreasonably refuse to agree to days and times when the residential premises are to be available for inspection by potential purchasers.

23. The landlord and the tenant agree:

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- **23.1** that the tenant is not required to agree to the residential premises being available for inspection more than twice in a period of a week, and
- **23.2** that, if they fail to agree, the landlord may show the residential premises to potential purchasers not more than twice in any period of a week and must give the tenant at least 48 hours notice each time.

LANDLORD'S ACCESS TO THE PREMISES

- 24. The landlord agrees that the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person authorised in writing by the landlord, during the currency of this agreement, may only enter the residential premises in the following circumstances:
 - **24.1** in an emergency (including entry for the purpose of carrying out urgent repairs),
 - 24.2 if the Civil and Administrative Tribunal so orders,
 - **24.3** if there is good reason for the landlord to believe the premises are abandoned,
 - 24.4 if there is good reason for serious concern about the health of the tenant or any other person on the residential premises and a reasonable attempt has been made to obtain consent to the entry,
 - **24.5** to inspect the premises, if the tenant is given at least 7 days written notice (no more than 4 inspections are allowed in any period of 12 months),
 - **24.6** to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
 - 24.7 to carry out, or assess the need for, work relating to statutory health and safety obligations relating to the residential premises, if the tenant is given at least 2 days notice each time,
 - **24.8** to show the premises to prospective tenants on a reasonable number of occasions if the tenant is given reasonable notice on each occasion (this is only allowed during the last 14 days of the agreement),
 - **24.9** to value the property, if the tenant is given 7 days notice (not more than one valuation is allowed in any period of 12 months),
 - **24.10** to take photographs, or make visual recordings, of the inside of the premises in order to advertise the premises for sale or lease, if the tenant is given reasonable notice and reasonable opportunity to move any of their possessions that can reasonably be moved out of the frame of the photograph or the scope of the recording (this is only allowed once in a 28 day period before marketing of the premises starts for sale or lease or the termination of this agreement),
 - 24.11 if the tenant agrees.
- **25.** The landlord agrees that a person who enters the residential premises under clause 24.5, 24.6, 24.7, 24.8, 24.9 or 24.10 of this agreement:
 - **25.1** must not enter the premises on a Sunday or a public holiday, unless the tenant agrees, and
 - 25.2 may enter the premises only between the hours of 8.00 a.m. and 8.00 p.m., unless the tenant agrees to another time, and
 - **25.3** must not stay on the residential premises longer than is necessary to achieve the purpose of the entry to the premises, and

- **25.4** must, if practicable, notify the tenant of the proposed day and time of entry.
- 26. The landlord agrees that, except in an emergency (including to carry out urgent repairs), a person other than the landlord or the landlord's agent must produce to the tenant the landlord's or the landlord's agent's written permission to enter the residential premises.
- **27. The tenant agrees** to give access to the residential premises to the landlord, the landlord's agent or any person, if they are exercising a right to enter the residential premises in accordance with this agreement.

PUBLISHING PHOTOGRAPHS OR VISUAL RECORDINGS

28. The landlord agrees that the landlord or the landlord's agent must not publish any photographs taken or visual recordings made of the inside of the residential premises in which the tenant's possessions are visible unless they first obtain written consent from the tenant.

Note. See section 55A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for when a photograph or visual recording is published.

29. The tenant agrees not to unreasonably withhold consent. If the tenant is in circumstances of domestic violence within the meaning of section 105B of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, it is not unreasonable for the tenant to withhold consent.

FIXTURES, ALTERATIONS, ADDITIONS OR RENOVATIONS TO THE PREMISES

30. The tenant agrees:

- **30.1** not to install any fixture or renovate, alter or add to the residential premises without the landlord's written permission, and
- **30.2** that certain kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations that are of a minor nature specified by clause 22(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* may only be carried out by a person appropriately qualified to carry out those alterations unless the landlord gives consent, and
- **30.3** to pay the cost of a fixture, installed by or on behalf of the tenant, or any renovation, alteration or addition to the residential premises, unless the landlord otherwise agrees, and
- **30.4** not to remove, without the landlord's permission, any fixture attached by the tenant that was paid for by the landlord or for which the landlord gave the tenant a benefit equivalent to the cost of the fixture, and
- **30.5** to notify the landlord of any damage caused by removing any fixture attached by the tenant, and
- **30.6** to repair any damage caused by removing the fixture or compensate the landlord for the reasonable cost of repair.
- **31. The landlord agrees** not to unreasonably withhold consent to a fixture, or to an alteration, addition or renovation that is of a minor nature.

Note. The *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019* provides a list of the kinds of fixtures or alterations, additions or renovations of a minor nature to which it would be unreasonable for a landlord to withhold consent and which of those fixtures, or alterations, additions or renovations the landlord may give consent to on the condition that the fixture or alteration, addition or renovation is carried out by an appropriately qualified person.

LOCKS AND SECURITY DEVICES

32. The landlord agrees:

32.1 to provide and maintain locks or other security devices necessary to keep the residential premises reasonably secure, and

- **32.2** to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device for the residential premises or common property to which the tenant is entitled to have access, and
- **32.3** not to charge the tenant for the cost of providing the copies except to recover the cost of replacement or additional copies, and
- **32.4** not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the tenant agrees, and
- **32.5** to give each tenant under this agreement a copy of any key or other opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the landlord changes as soon as practicable (and no later than 7 days) after the change.

33. The tenant agrees:

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- **33.1** not to alter, remove or add any lock or other security device without reasonable excuse (which includes an emergency, an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal, termination of a co-tenancy or an apprehended violence order prohibiting a tenant or occupant from having access) or unless the landlord agrees, and
- **33.2** to give the landlord a copy of the key or opening device or information to open any lock or security device that the tenant changes within 7 days of the change.
- **34.** A copy of a changed key or other opening device need not be given to the other party if the other party agrees not to be given a copy or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal authorises a copy not to be given or the other party is prohibited from access to the residential premises by an apprehended violence order.

TRANSFER OF TENANCY OR SUB-LETTING BY TENANT

35. The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- **35.1** the tenant may, with the landlord's written permission, transfer the tenant's tenancy under this agreement or sub-let the residential premises, and
- **35.2** the landlord may refuse permission (whether or not it is reasonable to do so) to the transfer of the whole of the tenancy or sub-letting the whole of the residential premises, and
- **35.3** the landlord must not unreasonably refuse permission to a transfer of part of a tenancy or a sub-letting of part of the residential premises, and
- **35.4** without limiting clause 35.3, the landlord may refuse permission to a transfer of part of the tenancy or to subletting part of the residential premises if the number of occupants would be more than is permitted under this agreement or any proposed tenant or sub-tenant is listed on a residential tenancy database or it would result in overcrowding of the residential premises.

Note. Clauses 35.3 and 35.4 do not apply to social housing tenancy agreements.

36. The landlord agrees not to charge for giving permission other than for the landlords reasonable expenses in giving permission.

CHANGE IN DETAILS OF LANDLORD OR LANDLORD'S AGENT

37. The landlord agrees:

- **37.1** if the name and telephone number or contact details of the landlord change, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- **37.2** if the address of the landlord changes (and the landlord does not have an agent), to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and

- **37.3** if the name, telephone number or business address of the landlord's agent changes or the landlord appoints an agent, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change or the agent's name, telephone number and business address, as appropriate, within 14 days, and
- **37.4** if the landlord or landlord's agent is a corporation and the name or business address of the corporation changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days, and
- **37.5** if the State, Territory or country in which the landlord ordinarily resides changes, to give the tenant notice in writing of the change within 14 days.

COPY OF CERTAIN BY-LAWS TO BE PROVIDED

[Cross out if not applicable]

- **38.** The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, before the tenant enters into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015.*
- **39.** The landlord agrees to give to the tenant, within 7 days of entering into this agreement, a copy of the by-laws applying to the residential premises if they are premises under the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*.

MITIGATION OF LOSS

40. The rules of law relating to mitigation of loss or damage on breach of a contract apply to a breach of this agreement. (For example, if the tenant breaches this agreement, the landlord will not be able to claim damages for loss which could have been avoided by reasonable effort by the landlord.)

RENTAL BOND

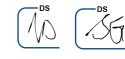
[Cross out this clause if no rental bond is payable]

- **41. The landlord agrees** that, where the landlord or the landlord's agent applies to the Rental Bond Board or the Civil and Administrative Tribunal for payment of the whole or part of the rental bond to the landlord, the landlord or the landlord's agent will provide the tenant with:
 - 41.1 details of the amount claimed, and
 - **41.2** copies of any quotations, accounts and receipts that are relevant to the claim, and
 - **41.3** a copy of a completed condition report about the residential premises at the end of the residential tenancy agreement.

SMOKE ALARMS

42. The landlord agrees to:

- **42.1** ensure that smoke alarms are installed in accordance with the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* if that Act requires them to be installed in the premises and are functioning in accordance with the regulations under that Act, and
- **42.2** conduct an annual check of all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises to ensure that the smoke alarms are functioning, and
- **42.3** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, all removable batteries in all smoke alarms installed on the residential premises annually, except for smoke alarms that have a removable lithium battery, and
- **42.4** install or replace, or engage a person to install or replace, a removable lithium battery in a smoke alarm in the period specified by the manufacturer of the smoke alarm, and
- **42.5** engage an authorised electrician to repair or replace a hardwired smoke alarm, and



- **42.6** repair or replace a smoke alarm within 2 business days of becoming aware that the smoke alarm is not working unless the tenant notifies the landlord that the tenant will carry out the repair to the smoke alarm and the tenant carries out the repair, and
- **42.7** reimburse the tenant for the costs of a repair or replacement of a smoke alarm in accordance with clause 18 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*, that the tenant is allowed to carry out.

Note 1. Under section 64A of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, repairs to a smoke alarm includes maintenance of a smoke alarm in working order by installing or replacing a battery in the smoke alarm.

Note 2. Clauses 42.2–42.7 do not apply to a landlord of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

Note 3. A tenant who intends to carry out a repair to a smoke alarm may do so only in the circumstances prescribed for a tenant in clause 15 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019*.

Note 4. Section 64A of the Act provides that a smoke alarm includes a heat alarm.

43. The tenant agrees:

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- **43.1** to notify the landlord if a repair or a replacement of a smoke alarm is required, including replacing a battery in the smoke alarm, and
- **43.2** that the tenant may only replace a battery in a batteryoperated smoke alarm, or a back-up battery in a hardwired smoke alarm, if the smoke alarm has a removable battery or a removable back-up battery, and
- **43.3** to give the landlord written notice, as soon as practicable if the tenant will carry out and has carried out a repair or replacement, or engages a person to carry out a repair or replacement, in accordance with clauses 15–17 of the *Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019.*

Note. Clauses 43.2 and 43.3 do not apply to tenants under social housing tenancy agreements or tenants of premises that comprise or include a lot in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*) if the owners corporation is responsible for the repair and replacement of smoke alarms in the residential premises.

44. The landlord and tenant each agree not to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm installed on the residential premises unless they have a reasonable excuse to do so.

Note. The regulations made under the *Environmental Planning and Assessment Act 1979* provide that it is an offence to remove or interfere with the operation of a smoke alarm or a heat alarm in particular circumstances.

SWIMMING POOLS

[Cross out this clause if there is no swimming pool]

45. The landlerd agrees to ensure that the requirements of the Swimming Bools 4 at 1002 have been complied with in respect of the swimming pool on the residential promises.

[Cross out the following clause if there is no swimming pool or the swimming pool is situated on land in a strata scheme (within the meaning of the Strata Schemes Management Act 2015) or in a community scheme (within the meaning of the Community Land Development Act 1989) and that strata or community scheme comprises more than 2 lots]

46. The landlerd agrees to ensure that at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered inter

46.1 the ewimming peol on the residential promises is registered under the Swimming Peole Act 1002 and has a valid cortificate of compliance under that Act or a relevant accuration cortificate within the meaning of that Act and 16.2 a copy of that valid cortificate of compliance or relevant ecoupation cortificate is provided to the tenant.

Note. A swimming pool certificate of compliance is valid for 3 years from its date of issue.

LOOSE-FILL ASBESTOS INSULATION

47. The landlord agrees:

- **47.1** if, at the time that this residential tenancy agreement is entered into, the premises have been and remain listed on the LFAI Register, the tenant has been advised in writing by the landlord that the premises are listed on that Register, or
- **47.2** if, during the tenancy, the premises become listed on the LFAI Register, to advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of the premises being listed on the Register, that the premises are listed on the Register.

COMBUSTIBLE CLADDING

- **48.** The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware of any of the following facts, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing within 14 days of becoming aware of the fact:
 - **48.1** that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a fire safety order, or a fire safety order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
 - **48.2** that the residential premises are part of a building in relation to which a notice of intention to issue a building product rectification order, or a building product rectification order, has been issued requiring rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding,
 - **48.3** that the residential premises are part of a building where a development application or complying development certificate application has been lodged for rectification of the building regarding external combustible cladding.

SIGNIFICANT HEALTH OR SAFETY RISKS

49. The landlord agrees that if, during the tenancy, the landlord becomes aware that the premises are subject to a significant health or safety risk, the landlord will advise the tenant in writing, within 14 days of becoming aware, that the premises are subject to the significant health or safety risk and the nature of the risk.

ELECTRONIC SERVICE OF NOTICES AND OTHER DOCUMENTS

50. The landlord and the tenant agree:

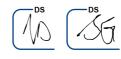
- **50.1** to only serve any notices and any other documents, authorised or required by the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* or the regulations or this agreement, on the other party by email if the other party has provided express consent, either as part of this agreement or otherwise, that a specified email address is to be used for the purpose of serving notices and other documents, and
- **50.2** to notify the other party in writing within 7 days if the email address specified for electronic service of notices and other documents changes, and
- **50.3** that they may withdraw their consent to the electronic service of notices and other documents at any time, by notifying the other party in writing, and
- **50.4** if a notice is given withdrawing consent to electronic service of notices and other documents, following the giving of such notice, no further notices or other documents are to be served by email.

BREAK FEE FOR FIXED TERM OF NOT MORE THAN 3 YEARS

- **51.** The tenant agrees that, if the tenant ends the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of the agreement, the tenant must pay a break fee of the following amount if the fixed term is not more than 3 years:
 - 51.1 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the fixed term has expired,

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- **51.2** 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the fixed term has expired,
- **51.3** 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the fixed term has expired,
- **51.4** 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the fixed term has expired.

This clause does not apply if the tenant terminates a fixed term residential tenancy agreement for a fixed term of more than 3 years or if the tenant terminates a residential tenancy agreement early for a reason that is permitted under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010.*

Note. Permitted reasons for early termination include destruction of residential premises, breach of the agreement by the landlord and an offer of social housing or a place in an aged care facility, and being in circumstances of domestic violence. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* regulates the rights of the landlord and tenant under this clause.

52. The landlord agrees that the compensation payable by the tenant for ending the residential tenancy agreement before the end of the fixed term of not more than 3 years is limited to the amount specified in clause 51 and any occupation fee payable under the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* for goods left on the residential premises.

Note. Section 107 of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also regulates the rights of landlords and tenants for a residential tenancy agreement with a fixed term of more than 3 years.

ADDITIONAL TERMS

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[Additional terms may be included in this agreement if:

- (a) both the landlord and the tenant agree to the terms, and
- (b) they do not conflict with the Residential Tenancies Act 2010, the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 or any other Act, and

(c) they do not conflict with the standard terms of this agreement. ANY ADDITIONAL TERMS ARE NOT REQUIRED BY LAW AND ARE NEGOTIABLE.]

ADDITIONAL TERM - PETS

[Cross out this clause if not applicable]

- **52** The lendlard agrees that the tenant may keep the following animal on the residential promises (specify the broad size at a lendlard)
- 54 The tenent agrees

4.1 to supervise and keep the animal within the promises, and

54.2 to ensure that the animal does not cause a nuisance, or breach the reasonable peace, comfort or privacy of noighbourg, and

2 to ensure that the enimal is registered and micro, obipped i required under law, and

55. The tenant agrees to have the carpet prefeccionally cleaned or to pay the cost of having the carpet prefeccionally cleaned at the ond of the tenancy if cleaning is required because on animal bas been kept on the residential promises during the tenancy.

ADDITIONAL TERM - AGREEMENT TO USE PREVIOUS CONDITION REPORT

56. The landlord and tenant:

- **56.1** agree that the condition report included in a residential tenancy agreement entered into by the tenant and dated 11 /8 / 2022 (insert a date if the landlord and and tenant agree to this clause) forms part of this agreement,
- **56.2** acknowledge that the tenant's responses in that condition report form part of this agreement, and

56.3 agree that two physical copies of that condition report, or one electronic copy, have been given to the tenant on or before the date of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S CARE AND USE OF THE RESIDENTIAL PREMISES

- 57. Further to clauses 16 and 17 and subject to any applicable by-law, the tenant agrees:
 - **57.1** to use the residential premises for residential purposes only;
 - **57.2** not to use, advertise for use, sub-let, licence, transfer or otherwise part with possession of the whole or any part of the residential premises for the purpose of giving a person the right to occupy the residential premises for the purpose of a holiday, without the prior written consent of the landlord where such consent may be refused in the landlord's absolute discretion;
 - **57.3** to clean the residential premises regularly with special attention to the kitchen, bathroom and appliances;
 - **57.4** to put nothing down any sink, toilet or drain likely to cause obstruction or damage;
 - 57.5 to wrap up and place garbage in a suitable container;
 - **57.6** to regularly mow the lawns and keep the grounds and garden tidy and free of weeds and rubbish and maintain them in their condition, fair wear and tear excepted, as at the commencement of this agreement;
 - **57.7** to take special care of the items let with the residential premises including any furniture, furnishings and appliances;
 - **57.8** to do no decorating that involves painting, marking or defacing the residential premises or fixing posters without the prior written consent of the landlord or an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal;
 - **57.9** to ensure that nothing is done that may prejudice any insurance policy or increase the premium payable under any insurance policy held by the landlord in relation to the residential premises and to ensure that nothing is done on the residential premises which may expose the owner to any claims or liability or which might give rise to an insurance claim;
 - **57.10** to notify the landlord promptly of any infectious disease or the presence of rats, cockroaches, fleas or other pests;
 - **57.11** to ventilate, in an adequate and timely manner and, if applicable, without any alteration or addition to the common property, all rooms and areas in the residential premises and to prevent the growth of mould;
 - **57.12** not to remove, alter or damage any water efficiency measure installed in the residential premises;
 - **57.13** not to store rubbish, unregistered vehicles, any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas (with the exception of petrol or gas stored in the fuel tank of any registered motor vehicle) or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material on the residential premises, and storage of any items on the residential premises is at the tenant's own risk; and
 - **57.14** to take out and bring in, in accordance with the scheduled garbage collection days, and to keep clean, all bins that are supplied with the residential premises and to pay the cost of repair or replacement of any bins that become damaged, lost or stolen (if not repaired or replaced at the cost of the relevant authority) whilst the tenant is in occupation of the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TELECOMMUNICATIONS SERVICES

58. The tenant agrees:

58.1 to leave, in the same manner of connection or operation, any telephone service installed in the residential premises at the commencement of this agreement; and

^{54.4} to comply with any council requiremente.



58.2 the availability of telephone or fax lines, internet services, analogue, digital or cable television (and the adequacy of such services) are the sole responsibility of the tenant and the tenant should make their own enquiries as to the availability and adequacy of such services before executing this agreement. The landlord does not warrant that any telephone or fax plugs, antenna sockets or other such sockets or service points located in the residential premises are serviceable, or will otherwise meet the requirements of the tenant, and tenants must rely upon their own enquiries. The landlord is not obliged to install any antenna, plugs or sockets including but not limited to any digital aerials or antennas or to carry out any upgrades in respect of television or internet reception on the residential premises.

ADDITIONAL TERM - RENT AND RENTAL BOND

59. The tenant agrees:

- **59.1** to pay the rent on or before the day which the term of this agreement begins; and
- **59.2** not to apply any rental bond towards payment of the rent without the prior written consent of the landlord.
- **50.** The landlord and the tenant may, by agreement, change the manner in which rent is payable under this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - OCCUPANTS

61. The tenant agrees:

- **61.1** not to part with possession other than in accordance with the provisions of this agreement or the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*, and
- **61.2** to ensure that occupants and other persons who come on to the residential premises with the tenant's consent comply with the conditions of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TERMINATION

62. The tenant acknowledges that a notice of termination does not by itself end the tenant's obligations under this agreement.

63. The tenant agrees:

- 63.1 upon termination of this agreement, to:
 - (a) promptly and peacefully deliver up vacant possession of the residential premises to the landlord by the date specified in the termination notice or otherwise in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*,
 - (b) promptly notify the landlord or the landlord's agent of the tenant's forwarding address; and
 - (c) comply with its obligations in clause 18 of this agreement; and
- **63.2** that the tenant's obligations under this agreement continue until such time as the tenant has provided vacant possession of the residential premises, left them in the condition required under this agreement and returned to the landlord or the landlord's agent all keys, access cards, locks and other opening devices and security items.
- 64. Notwithstanding any termination of this agreement, the tenant acknowledges and agrees that an application may be made to the Civil and Administrative Tribunal if the tenant does not vacate when required or otherwise does not comply with this agreement.

65. The landlord and the tenant agree that:

- **65.1** any action by the landlord or the tenant to terminate this agreement shall not affect any claim for compensation in respect of a breach of this agreement; and
- **65.2** the acceptance of or demand for rent or other money by the landlord after service of a termination notice for breach does not operate as a waiver of that notice nor does it evidence the creation of a new tenancy.

Note: Examples of where a fixed term agreement can be ended are where a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days. Examples of where a periodic agreement can be ended are where a contract for sale of land requiring vacant possession has been exchanged (in which case the notice period is not less than 30 days), a party has breached the agreement (in which case the notice period is not less than 14 days) or where the rent has remained unpaid in breach of the agreement for not less than 14 days.

Note: If the tenant breaches this agreement the landlord should refer to section 87(2) of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010*.

ADDITIONAL TERM - STATUTES, STRATA BY-LAWS, RULES AND SPECIAL CONDITIONS FOR FLATS

66. The tenant acknowledges and agrees:

- **66.1** to observe all relevant statutes, statutory regulations, strata by-laws, company title rules and community title rules relating to health, safety, noise and other housing standards with respect to the residential premises;
- 66.2 where the residential premises are subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*, to observe and comply with any applicable strata by-laws and/or management statements and any applicable law;
- 66.3 where the residential premises are a flat (not subject to the *Strata Schemes Management Act 2015*, the *Strata Schemes Development Act 2015*, the *Community Land Development Act 1989* or the *Community Land Management Act 1989*), to comply with any applicable law and the special conditions contained in Schedule A of this agreement and any other special conditions as notified to the tenant from time to time; and
- **66.4** that, at the tenant's cost, the owners corporation or strata managing agent may dispose of abandoned goods, perishable goods or rubbish left on common property.

ADDITIONAL TERM - SWIMMING POOLS

(This clause does not apply when there is no pool on the residential premises)

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67.1	- to vacuum, bruch and clean the pool, backwach the filter and ampty the loaf backat(e) regularly keeping them from
67.2	to have the peel water tested ence a menth at a peel sh and to purchase and use the appropriate chemicals to keep the water clean and clear;
67.3	to keep the water level above the filter inlet at all times.
67.4	to notify the landlerd or the landlerd's agent as even approximation of any problems with the pool or equipment, cafety gets, access door, fonce or barrier;
67.5	- pot to interfere with the operation of any pool sofety gat eccess door, fonce or barrier including net propping or bolding open any cafety gate or access door, nor leaving any item or object near a pool cafety gate, access door, fonce or barrier which would aid or allow access by children to the pool area or allow children to elimb the po pafety gate, access door, fonce or barrier; and
67.6	to oncure that the peol safety gate or access dear is ealf elecing at all times

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RESIDENTIAL TENANCY AGREEMENT

ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM (for a fixed term of less than 2 years):

- **68.** By completing this clause, **the parties agree** that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:
 - 68.1 the rent will be increased to

\$510	per week					
	on	10	/ 2	/ 2023	; and	
to \$NIL	per NIL					
	on	NIL	/ NIL	/ NIL	; or	

68.2 the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):

Market Value		

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

ADDITIONAL TERM – RENT INCREASES DURING THE FIXED TERM (for a fixed term of <u>2 years or more</u>):

- **69.** By completing this clause, **the parties agree** that the rent will be increased during the fixed term of the agreement as follows:
 - 69.1 the rent will be increased to

\$NIL	per NIL					
	on	NIL	/ NIL	/ NIL	; and	
to \$NIL	per NIL					
	on	NIL	/ NIL	/ NIL	; or	

69.2 the rent increase can be calculated by the following method (set out details):

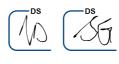
NIL			

Note: The rent payable under a residential tenancy agreement may be increased only if the tenant is given written notice by the landlord or the landlord's agent specifying the increased rent and the day from which it is payable, and the notice is given at least 60 days before the increased rent is payable.

Note: The rent payable under a fixed term agreement for a fixed term of 2 years or more must not be increased more than once in any period of 12 months, and may be increased whether or not the agreement sets out the amount of the increase or the method of calculating the increase.

ADDITIONAL TERM - CONDITION REPORT FORMS PART OF THIS AGREEMENT

- **70.** For avoidance of doubt:
 - **70.1** a condition report which accompanies this agreement, forms part of this agreement;
 - **70.2** a condition report that is signed by both the landlord and the tenant is presumed to be a correct statement, in the absence of evidence to the contrary, of the state of repair or general condition of the residential premises on the day specified in the report; and



70.3 if the tenant fails to return the condition report to the landlord or the landlord's agent within 7 days after taking possession of the residential premises, then the tenant is deemed to have accepted the landlord's signed condition report and that report forms part of this agreement.

ADDITIONAL TERM - ADDITIONAL TENANT OBLIGATIONS 71. The tenant agrees:

- 71.1 to reimburse the landlord, within 30 days of being requested to do so, for:
 - (a) any call out fees payable where the call out has been arranged with the tenant and the tenant has failed to provide access to the residential premises for any reason, preventing the relevant service from taking place;
 - (b) any cost or expense of any kind incurred by the landlord to replace or fix an item, fixture or fitting in or on the residential premises that was required to be replaced or fixed as a result of a fire audit or fire inspection, provided that the item, fixture or fitting needed replacing or fixing due to the activities carried out by the tenant in or on the residential premises (including, without limitation, creating holes in, or attaching hooks to, fire safety doors); and
 - (c) any fine, penalty or costs of any recovery action incurred by the landlord arising out of or in connection with the failure of a body corporate, community association or company to comply with a statutory requirement (including, without limitation, the lodgement of an annual fire safety statement) if that failure was caused or contributed to by the tenant;
- **71.2** to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent immediately if any smoke detector or smoke alarm in the residential premises is not working properly so that the landlord can attend to the landlord's obligation referred to in clause 42 of this agreement; and
- **71.3** to pay any call out fees payable to the fire brigade or other authorities which become payable in the event that a smoke alarm fitted to the residential premises is activated by activities carried out by the tenant on the residential premises, including but not limited to burning food.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANCY DATABASES

72. The landlord or the landlord's agent advises and the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the tenant's personal information may be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose of listing the tenant on a tenancy database as permitted by, and in accordance with, the provisions of the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010.*

ADDITIONAL TERM - GARAGE, STORAGE CAGE, OPEN CAR SPACE OR OTHER STORAGE FACILITY

[This clause does not apply if there is no garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility on the residential premises]

- **73.** The tenant agrees that if the premises include a garage then the garage is provided for the purpose of parking a motor vehicle and not for the storage of goods or personal belongings.
- **74.** The landlord gives no undertaking as to the security and/or waterproofing of any garage, storage cage, open car space or any other storage facility on the residential premises and accepts no liability for any damage to such garage, storage cage, open car space or other storage facility or to anything stored therein.

ADDITIONAL TERM - DETAILS OF TENANT AND TENANT'S AGENT

75. The tenant agrees to notify the landlord or the landlord's agent, in writing within 14 days, of any changes to the nominated contact details of the tenant or the tenant's agent, including those specified in this agreement.

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76. The landlord agrees to provide to the tenant's agent (if appointed) all notices and documents that it gives to the tenant.

ADDITIONAL TERM - TENANT'S REFUSAL OF ACCESS

- 77. Where the tenant has been provided with the requisite notice pursuant to clause 24.8 and the tenant has refused access to the residential premises preventing prospective tenants from inspecting them, the tenant acknowledges and agrees that the landlord is entitled to claim damages for loss of bargain in the event the landlord is unable to secure a future tenant as a result of the tenant's refusal to allow access to the residential premises.
- **78.** The tenant agrees that the landlord and the landlord's agent are authorised to use the office set of keys to access the residential premises for the purpose of carrying out an inspection pursuant to clause 24.

ADDITIONAL TERM - PRIVACY POLICY

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79. The *Privacy Act 1988* (Cth) (the **Act**) allows certain information about the tenant referred to in this agreement to be collected, used and disclosed for the purpose for which it was collected, and otherwise in accordance with the Act. This Privacy Policy does not form part of this agreement and only applies to the extent that the landlord collects, uses and discloses personal information and is required by the Act to comply with the requirements of the Act. If the landlord appoints an agent to act for the landlord, then this Privacy Policy will apply to the landlord's agent's collection, use and disclosure of personal information on behalf of the landlord.

The landlord may amend, or amend and restate, this Privacy Policy from time to time and may subsequently notify the tenant of any changes to this Privacy Policy by written notification to the tenant. Any change to this Privacy Policy takes effect on the date of that written notification.

The personal information the tenant provides in connection with this agreement or collected from other sources is necessary for the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to:

- (a) identify and verify the tenant's identity;
- (b) process and assess any application received in relation to the lease of the residential premises;
- (c) assess the tenant's ability to meet their financial and other obligations under this agreement;
- (d) manage this agreement and the residential premises including (without limitation) the collection of rent and the preparation of required statements of accounts;
- (e) contact and liaise with goods and services providers as instructed by the tenant and to provide those providers with the tenant's personal information;
- (f) comply with any applicable law;
- (g) liaise and exchange information with the tenant and the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent in relation to or in connection with this agreement;
- (h) negotiate the lease for the residential premises;
- process any payment (including, without limitation, the exchange of personal information with the relevant payment provider, where necessary); and
- (j) comply with any dispute resolution process.

If the personal information is not provided by the tenant, the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may not be able to carry out the steps described above.

Personal information collected about the tenant may be disclosed by the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent for the purpose for which it was collected, to other parties including to the landlord (if the landlord's agent is appointed), the landlord's mortgagee or head-lessor (in either case, if any), the legal and other advisors of the tenant, landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, referees, valuers, other agents, Courts and applicable tribunals, third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other third parties instructed by the tenant (including, without limitation, goods, and services providers), as required by any applicable law and to any prospective or actual purchaser of the residential premises including to their prospective or actual mortgagee (if any). Personal information held by tenancy databases and relevant agencies may also be requested by and disclosed to the landlord and/or the landlord's agent. The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent will take reasonable precautions to protect the personal information they hold in relation to the tenant from misuse, loss, and unauthorised access, modification or disclosure.

Further, if the tenant applies for the lease of the residential premises via any third party letting business, including any online letting businesses, then the tenant will have consented to the disclosure of its personal information by that business to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent. The tenant consents to the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent receiving personal information from the relevant online letting business for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

If the tenant fails to comply with its obligations under this agreement, then that fact and other relevant personal information collected about the tenant during the term of this agreement may also be disclosed to third party operators of tenancy and other databases, other agents, Courts and relevant tribunals.

The landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent may also use the tenant's information including personal information for marketing and research purposes to inform the tenant of products and services provided by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent, which the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent consider may be of value or interest to the tenant, unless the tenant tells the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent (see opt out option below) or has previously told the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent not to. If the tenant **does not** wish to receive any information about such products and services then please tick this box: ______ or otherwise notify the landlord and/or landlord's agent (as applicable) set out earlier in this agreement.

The tenant has the right to request access to any personal information held by the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent which relates to them, unless the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent is permitted by law (including the Act) to withhold that information. If the Act applies to the landlord and the landlord is an 'organisation' (as defined under the Act) then it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). If an agent is appointed by the landlord, it is entitled to charge a reasonable fee where access to personal information is provided (no fee may be charged for making an application to access personal information). Any requests for access to the tenant's personal information should be made in writing to the landlord or (if appointed) the landlord's agent at the contact details included in this agreement. The tenant has the right to request the correction of any personal information which relates to the tenant that is inaccurate, incomplete or out-of-date.

By signing this agreement, **the tenant acknowledges** that it has read and understands the terms of this Privacy Policy and agrees to those terms and the permissions to collect, use and disclose personal information, and **the tenant authorises** the landlord and (if appointed) the landlord's agent to collect, use and obtain, in accordance with the Act, their personal information for the purposes specified in this Privacy Policy.

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ADDITIONAL TERM - ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

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80. The landlord and tenant each acknowledge that:

- 80.1 the landlord and tenant are permitted to agree on additional terms and conditions of this agreement and to include them in an annexure at the end of this agreement;
- **80.2** the additional terms and conditions may be included in this agreement only if:
 - (a) they do not contravene the Residential Tenancies Act 2010 (NSW), the Residential Tenancies Regulation 2019 (NSW) or any other Act; and
 - (b) they are not inconsistent with the standard terms and conditions of this agreement; and
- **80.3** The Real Estate Institute of New South Wales Limited (REINSW) is not and cannot be responsible for the drafting and content of any additional terms and /or conditions that are included in any annexure to this agreement.

SCHEDULE A

SPECIAL CONDITIONS - FLATS

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Special Condition 1 - Vehicles

The tenant must not park or stand any motor or other vehicle on common area, or permit a motor vehicle to be parked or stood on common area, except with the prior written approval of the landlord or as permitted by a sign authorised by the landlord.

Special Condition 2 - Damage to lawns and plants on the common areas

The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord:

- (a) damage any lawn, garden, tree, shrub, plant or flower being part of or situated on the common area, or
- (b) use for his or her own purposes as a garden any portion of the common area.

Special Condition 3 - Obstruction of common areas

The tenant must not obstruct lawful use of common areas by any person except on a temporary and non-recurring basis.

Special Condition 4 - Noise

The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, must not create any noise in the flat or the common area likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or of any person lawfully using the common area.

Special Condition 5 - Behaviour of tenants and invitees

- (a) The tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, when on the common area must be adequately clothed and must not use language or behave in a manner likely to cause offence or embarrassment to the owner or occupier of another lot or to any person lawfully using the common area.
- (b) The tenant must take all reasonable steps to ensure that their invitees:
 - do not behave in a manner likely to interfere with the peaceful enjoyment of the owner or occupier of another flat or any person lawfully using the common area; and
 - (ii) without limiting paragraph (b)(i), comply with Special Condition 5(a).

Special Condition 6 - Children playing on common areas in building

Any child for whom the tenant is responsible may play on any area of the common area that is designated by the landlord for that purpose but may only use an area designated for swimming while under adult supervision. The tenant must not permit any child of whom the tenant is responsible, unless accompanied by an adult exercising effective control, to be or to remain on the common area that is a laundry, car parking area or other area of possible danger or hazard to children.

Special Condition 7 - Smoke penetration

The tenant, and any invitee of the tenant, must not smoke tobacco or any other substance on the common area, except:

- (a) in an area designated as a smoking area by the landlord, or
- (b) with the written approval of the landlord.

The tenant who is permitted under this Special Condition to smoke tobacco or any other substance on common area must ensure that the smoke does not penetrate to any other flat. The tenant must ensure that smoke caused by the smoking of tobacco or any other substance by the tenant, or any invitee of the tenant, in the flat does not penetrate to the common area or any other flat.

Special Condition 8 - Preservation of fire safety

The tenant must not do any thing or permit any invitees to do any thing in the flat or common area that is likely to affect the operation of fire safety devices in the parcel or to reduce the level of fire safety in the flats or common areas.

Special Condition 9 - Storage of inflammable, dangerous or hazardous liquids and other substances and materials

- (a) The tenant must not, except with the prior written approval of the landlord, use or store in the flat, garage or carport or on the common area any inflammable, dangerous or hazardous chemical, liquid or gas or other inflammable, dangerous or hazardous material.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to chemicals, liquids, gases or other material used or intended to be used for domestic purposes, or any chemical, liquid, gas or other material in a fuel tank of a motor vehicle or internal combustion engine.

Special Condition 10 - Appearance of flat

- (a) The tenant must not, without the prior written approval of the landlord, maintain within the flat anything visible from outside the flat that, viewed from outside the flat, is not in keeping with the rest of the building.
- (b) This Special Condition does not apply to the hanging of any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type in accordance with Special Condition 12.

Special Condition 11 - Cleaning windows and doors

- (a) Except in circumstances referred to in Special Condition 11(b), the tenant is responsible for cleaning all interior and exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors on the boundary of the flat, including so much as is common area.
- (b) The landlord is responsible for cleaning regularly all exterior surfaces of glass in windows and doors that cannot be accessed by the tenant safely or at all.

Special Condition 12 - Hanging out of washing

The tenant may hang any washing on any lines provided by the landlord for that purpose. The tenant may hang washing on any part of the flat other than over the balcony railings. In each case, the washing may only be hung for a reasonable period. In this Special Condition, "washing" includes any clothing, towel, bedding or other article of a similar type.

Special Condition 13 - Disposal of waste - bins for individual flats (applicable where individual flats have bins)

- (a) The tenant must:
 - not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - (ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on the common area;
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste;
 - (v) maintain bins for waste within the flat, or on any part of the common area that is authorised by the landlord, in clean and dry condition and appropriately covered;
 - (vi) not place any thing in the bins of the owner or occupier of any other flat except with the permission of that owner or occupier;
 - (vii) place the bins within an area designated for collection by the landlord not more than 12 hours before the time at which waste is normally collected and, when the waste has been collected, must promptly return the bins to the flat or other area authorised for the bins; and
 - (vii) notify the local council of any loss of, or damage to, bins provided by the local council for waste.

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- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 14 - Disposal of waste - shared bins (applicable where bins are shared by flats)

- (a) The tenant must:
 - not deposit or throw on the common area any rubbish, dirt, dust or other material or discarded item except with the prior written approval of the landlord;
 - (ii) not deposit in a toilet, or otherwise introduce or attempt to introduce into the plumbing system, any item that is not appropriate for any such disposal (for example, a disposable nappy);
 - comply with all reasonable directions given by the landlord as to the disposal and storage of waste (including the cleaning up of spilled waste) on common area; and
 - (iv) comply with the local council's guidelines for the storage, handling, collection and disposal of waste.
- (b) The landlord may give directions for the purposes of this Special Condition by posting signs on the common area with instructions on the handling of waste that are consistent with the local council's requirements or giving notices in writing to tenants.
- (c) In this Special Condition, "bin" includes any receptacle for waste and "waste" includes garbage and recyclable material.

Special Condition 15 - Change in use or occupation of flat to be notified

- (a) The tenant must notify the landlord if the tenant changes the existing use of the flat.
- (b) Without limiting Special Condition 15(a), the following changes of use must be notified:
 - a change that may affect the insurance premiums for the landlord (for example, if the change of use results in a hazardous activity being carried out in the flat, or results in the flat being used for commercial or industrial purposes rather than residential purposes); and
 - (i) a change to the use of the flat for short-term or holiday letting.
- (c) The notice must be given in writing at least 21 days before the change occurs or a lease or sublease commences.

Special Condition 16 - Compliance with planning and other requirements

The tenant must ensure that the flat is not used for any purpose that is prohibited by law and that the flat is not occupied by more persons than are allowed by law to occupy the flat.

NOTES.

1. Definitions

In this agreement:

REINSW

landlord means the person who grants the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes a successor in title to the residential premises whose interest is subject to that of the tenant and a tenant who has granted the right to occupy residential premises to a sub-tenant.

landlord's agent means a person who acts as the agent of the landlord and who (whether or not the person carries on any other business) carries on business as an agent for:

- (a) the letting of residential premises, or
- (b) the collection of rents payable for any tenancy of residential premises.

LFAI Register means the register of residential premises that contain or have contained loose-fill asbestos insulation that is required to be maintained under Division 1A of Part 8 of the *Home Building Act 1989.*

rental bond means money paid by the tenant as security to carry out this agreement.

residential premises means any premises or part of premises (including any land occupied with the premises) used or intended to be used as a place of residence.

tenancy means the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement.

tenant means the person who has the right to occupy residential premises under this agreement, and includes the person to whom such a right passes by transfer or operation of the law and a sub-tenant of the tenant.

2. Continuation of tenancy (if fixed term agreement)

Once any fixed term of this agreement ends, the agreement continues in force on the same terms as a periodic agreement unless the agreement is terminated by the landlord or the tenant in accordance with the *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* (see notes 3 and 4).

Clauses 5 and 6 of this agreement provide for rent to be able to be increased if the agreement continues in force, with certain restrictions.

3. Ending a fixed term agreement

If this agreement is a fixed term agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time up until the end of the fixed term but cannot take effect until the term ends. The landlord must give at least 30 days notice and the tenant must give at least 14 days notice.

4. Ending a periodic agreement

If this agreement is a periodic agreement it may be ended by the landlord or the tenant by giving written notice of termination. The notice may be given at any time. The landlord must give at least 90 days notice and the tenant must give at least 21 days notice.

5. Other grounds for ending agreement

The *Residential Tenancies Act 2010* also authorises the landlord and tenant to end this agreement on other grounds. The grounds for the landlord ending the agreement include sale of the residential premises requiring vacant possession, breach of this agreement by the tenant, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

The grounds for the tenant include breach by the landlord of information disclosure provisions under section 26 of the Act (not revealed when this agreement was entered into), breach of this agreement by the landlord, due to hardship or if the agreement is frustrated because the premises are destroyed, become wholly or partly uninhabitable or cease to be lawfully usable as a residence or are appropriated or acquired by any authority by compulsory process.

For more information refer to that Act or contact NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20.

6. Warning

It is an offence for any person to obtain possession of the residential premises without an order of the Civil and Administrative Tribunal or a judgment or order of a court if the tenant does not willingly move out. A court can order fines and compensation to be paid for such an offence.

THE LANDLORD AND THE TENANT ENTER INTO THIS AGREEMENT AND AGREE TO ALL ITS TERMS.

Note. Section 9 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000 allows for agreements to be signed electronically in NSW if the parties consent. If an electronic signature is used then it must comply with Division 2 of Part 2 of the Electronic Transactions Act 2000.

SIGNED BY THE LANDLORD / LANDLORD'S AGENT

E027420

NS

(Signature of landlord/landlord's agent)

LANDLORD INFORMATION STATEMENT

The landlord acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the landlord has read and understood the contents of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading that sets out the landlord's rights and obligations.



(Signature of landlord/landlord's agent)

Note: A landlord's agent must not sign this acknowledgment unless they have first obtained from the landlord a written statement that the landlord has read and understood the contents of the information statement published by NSW Fair Trading setting out the landlord's rights and obligations.

(Date)

(Date)

(Date)

SIGNED BY THE TENANT

10 nord

(Signature of tenant)

14/12/2022

(Date)

(Signature of tenant)

(Signature of tenant)

(Signature of tenant)

14/12/2022

(Date)

TENANT INFORMATION STATEMENT

The tenant acknowledges that, at or before the time of signing this residential tenancy agreement, the tenant was given a copy of an information statement published by NSW Fair Trading.

10 nord

(Signature of tenant)

14/12/2022

(Date)

(Signature of tenant)

(Date)

(Signature of tenant)

14/12/2022

(Date)

(Signature of tenant)

(Date)

For information about your rights and obligations as a landlord or tenant, contact:

- (a) NSW Fair Trading on 13 32 20 or www.fairtrading.nsw.gov.au, or
- (b) Law Access NSW on 1300 888 529 or www.lawaccess.nsw.gov.au, or

your local Tenants Advice and Advocacy Service at www.tenants.org.au (c)

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14/12/2022

14/12/2022

(Date)

March 2020



Tenant information statement

What you must know before you start renting

Starting a tenancy

Landlords or agents must give all tenants a copy of this **Tenant information statement** before signing a residential tenancy agreement.

Make sure you read this information statement thoroughly before you sign a residential tenancy agreement. Ask questions if there is anything in the agreement that you do not understand.

Remember, you are committing to a legally binding contract with no cooling-off period. You want to be certain you understand and agree to what you are signing.

The landlord or agent must:

- ensure the property is vacant, reasonably clean, fit to live in and in good repair at the start of the tenancy
- provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair
- meet health and safety laws (e.g. pool fencing, electrical installations, smoke alarms, window and balcony safety)
- ensure the property is reasonably secure
- respect your privacy and follow entry and notice requirements.

When renting, you must:

- pay the rent on time
- keep the property reasonably clean and undamaged and leave it in the same condition it was in when you moved in (fair wear and tear excepted)
- · not use the property for anything illegal
- follow the terms of the tenancy agreement
- respect your neighbours' right to peace, comfort and privacy

What you must be told<u>befo</u>re you sign an agreement

Sometimes a rental property has something in its history that you should know before you sign an agreement.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if the property is:

- · planned to be sold
- subject to court proceedings where the mortgagee is trying to take possession of the property
- in a strata scheme and a strata renewal committee is currently established for the strata scheme.

The landlord or agent **must tell** you if they are aware of any of the following facts. If the property:

- has been subject to flooding from a natural weather event or bushfire in the last 5 years
- has significant health or safety risks (unless obvious to a reasonable person when the property is inspected)
- has been the scene of a serious violent crime (e.g. murder or aggravated assault) in the last 5 years
- is listed on the <u>loose-fill asbestos insulation</u> register
- has been used to manufacture or cultivate a prohibited drug or prohibited plant in the last 2 years
- is part of a building where a fire safety or building product rectification order (or a notice of intention to issue one of these orders) has been issued regarding external combustible cladding
- is part of a building where a development or complying development certificate application for rectification has been lodged regarding external combustible cladding
- is in a strata scheme where scheduled rectification work or major repairs will be carried out to common property during the fixed term of the agreement
- is affected by zoning or laws that will not allow you to obtain a parking permit, and only paid parking is available in the area
- is provided with any council waste services that are different to other properties in the council area
- has a driveway or walkway that others can legally use.

Penalties apply to landlords or agents if any of the above is not done.

What you must be giv<u>en before you s</u>ign an agreement

Before you sign an agreement or move into the property, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

- · a copy of this Tenant information statement
- a copy of the proposed tenancy agreement, filled out in the spaces provided
- 2 hard copies, or 1 electronic copy, of the condition report for the property completed by the landlord or agent
- a copy of the by-laws, if the property is in a strata scheme.

What you must be giv<u>en at the time you sign</u> an agreement

At the time you sign the agreement, the landlord or agent **must give** you:

 for any swimming or spa pools on the property, a valid certificate of compliance or occupation certificate (issued within the last 3 years). This does not apply if you are renting a property in a strata or community scheme that has more than 2 lots.

Before or at the start of the tenancy

The landlord or agent must give you:

 a copy of the key (or other opening device or information) to open any lock or security device for the rented property or common property, at no cost to you or any tenant named in the agreement

The property must be fit to live in

The property must be reasonably clean, fit to live in and in a reasonable state of repair.

To be fit to live in, the property must (at a minimum):

- 1. be structurally sound
- 2. have adequate natural or artificial lighting in each room, except storage rooms or garages
- 3. have adequate ventilation
- be supplied with electricity or gas, and have enough electricity or gas sockets for lighting, heating and other appliances
- 5. have adequate plumbing and drainage
- have a water connection that can supply hot and cold water for drinking, washing and cleaning
- 7. have bathroom facilities, including toilet and washing facilities, that allow users' privacy.

The property could have other issues that may make it unfit for you to live in, even if it meets the

above 7 minimum standards. Before you rent the property, you should tell the landlord or agent to take steps (such as make repairs) to make sure the property is fit to live in.

Residential tenancy agreement

The tenancy agreement is a legal agreement. It must include certain standard terms that cannot be changed or deleted. It may also include additional terms. Verbal agreements are still binding on you and the landlord.

Condition report

You should have already received a copy of the condition report, completed by the landlord or agent, before you signed the agreement. This is an important piece of evidence and you should take the time to check the condition of the property at the start of the tenancy. If you do not complete the report accurately, money could be taken out of your bond (after you move out) to pay for damage that was already there when you moved in.

You must complete and give a copy of the condition report to your landlord or agent **within 7 days** after moving into the property. You must also keep a copy of the completed report.

Rent, receipts and records

Rent is a regular payment you make to the landlord to be able to live in the property. You cannot be asked to pay more than 2 weeks' rent in advance. Your landlord or agent cannot demand more rent until it is due.

Your landlord or agent can serve you with 14 days' termination notice if you are more than 14 days behind with the rent.

Your landlord or agent must:

- give you rent receipts (unless rent is paid into a nominated bank account)
- · keep a record of rent you pay
- provide you with a copy of the rent record within 7 days of your written request for it.

Rental bonds

The bond is money you may have to pay at the start of the tenancy as security. It must be in the form of money and not as a guarantee. Your landlord or agent can only ask for 1 bond for a tenancy agreement. The bond payable cannot be more than 4 weeks rent. If the landlord agrees, you can pay the bond in instalments.

Your landlord or agent cannot make you pay a bond before the tenancy agreement is signed. If you pay the bond directly to Fair Trading using <u>Rental Bonds Online</u> (RBO) the landlord or agent will receive confirmation of this before they finalise the tenancy agreement. Your landlord or agent must give you the option to use RBO to pay your bond. You can use RBO to securely pay your bond direct to NSW Fair Trading using a credit card or BPAY, without the need to fill out and sign a bond lodgement form. Once registered, you can continue to use your RBO account for future tenancies.

If you decide not to use RBO, you can ask your agent or landlord for a paper bond lodgement form for you to sign, so that it can be lodged with Fair Trading. The landlord must deposit any bond you pay them with Fair Trading within 10 working days. If the bond is paid to the agent, the agent must deposit the bond with Fair Trading within 10 working days after the end of the month in which the bond was paid.

Discrimination when applying for rental property

It is against the law for a landlord or agent to discriminate on the grounds of your race, age, disability, gender, sexual orientation, marital status or pregnancy.

If you feel that a landlord or agent has declined your tenancy application or has treated you less favourably because of the above, you can contact the NSW Anti-Discrimination Board on 1800 670 812 or the Australian Human Rights Commission on 1300 656 419.

It is not against the law if a landlord or agent chooses not to have a tenant who smokes, or has a poor tenancy history or issues with rent payments.

Communicating with your landlord or agent

Your landlord must provide you with their name and a way for you to contact them directly, even if your landlord has an agent.

This information must be given to you in writing before or when you sign the tenancy agreement, or it can be included in the agreement you sign. Your landlord must also let you know, in writing, within 14 days of any changes to their details.

Some formal communication between you and the landlord or agent must be in writing to be valid, for example, termination notices. You can use email to serve notices or other documents but only if the landlord or agent has given you permission to use their nominated email address for this purpose.

During the tenancy

Can rent be increased during the tenancy?

For a fixed-term of less than 2 years, rent can only be increased during the fixed-term if the agreement sets out the increased amount or how the increase will be calculated. No written notice of the increase is required. For a fixed-term of 2 years or more, or for a periodic agreement (i.e. where the fixed-term has expired or no fixed-term is specified), the rent can only be increased once in a 12-month period. You must get at least 60 days written notice.

Paying for electricity, gas and water usage

You may have to pay the cost for certain utilities as set out in the agreement. For example, you will pay for all:

- electricity, non-bottled gas or oil supply charges if the property is separately metered. Some exceptions apply for electricity or gas
- charges for the supply of bottled gas during the tenancy.

There are limits on when you need to pay for water usage charges. You can only be asked to pay for water usage if the property is separately metered (or water is delivered by vehicle) and meets the following water efficiency measures:

- all showerheads have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- all internal cold-water taps and single mixer taps for kitchen sinks or bathroom hand basins have a maximum flow rate of 9 litres per minute
- any leaking taps or toilets on the property are fixed at the start of the agreement and whenever other water efficiency measures are installed, repaired or upgraded
- from 23 March 2025, toilets are dual flush and have a minimum 3-star WELS rating.

Repairs and maintenance

The property must always be fit for you to live in. The landlord is responsible for any repairs or maintenance, so the property is in a reasonable state of repair. They must also ensure the property meets health and safety laws.

You are responsible for looking after the property and keeping it clean and undamaged. If the property includes a yard, lawns and gardens, you must also keep these areas neat and tidy.

You need to tell your landlord or the agent of any necessary repairs or damage as soon as possible. They are responsible for arranging and paying for the repair costs unless you caused or allowed the damage. You are not responsible for any damage caused by a perpetrator of domestic violence during a domestic violence offence.

If the repair is an **urgent repair** e.g. where there is a burst water service, a blocked or broken toilet, a gas leak or dangerous electrical fault, your landlord or agent should organise these repairs as soon as reasonably possible, after being notified. If they do not respond to an urgent repair, you may be able to organise the work yourself and be reimbursed a maximum amount of \$1,000 within 14 days from requesting payment in writing. A list of **urgent repairs** is available on the <u>Fair Trading website</u>.

You can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if your landlord refuses or does not provide and maintain the property in a reasonable state of repair. Similarly, your landlord can apply to Fair Trading for a rectification order if you refuse or do not repair damage you have caused or allowed. You can also apply to the NSW Civil and Administrative Tribunal (the Tribunal) if your landlord does not carry out repairs.

Smoke alarms must be working

Landlords must ensure that smoke alarms are installed on all levels of the property. Your landlord must maintain the smoke alarms in your property to ensure they are working.

You should notify your landlord or agent if a smoke alarm is not working. They are responsible for repairing (including replacing a battery) or replacing a smoke alarm within 2 business days after they become aware that it is not working.

You can choose to replace a removable battery if it needs replacing, but you must notify the landlord if and when you do this. You are not responsible for maintaining, repairing or replacing a smoke alarm. However, there are some circumstances where you can arrange for a smoke alarm to be repaired or replaced.

Privacy and access

You have the right to reasonable peace, comfort and privacy when renting. Tenancy laws restrict when and how often your landlord, agent or other authorised person can enter the property during the tenancy. Your landlord, agent or authorised person can enter the property without your consent in certain circumstances if proper notice (if applicable) is provided.

For example:

- in an emergency, no notice is necessary
- if the **Tribunal orders** that access is allowed
- to carry out, or assess the need for, necessary repairs or maintenance of the property, if you have been given at least 2 days' notice
- to carry out **urgent repairs**, no notice is necessary
- to carry out repairs or replacement of a smoke alarm, if you have been given at least 1 hours' notice
- to inspect or assess the need for repair or replacement of a smoke alarm, if you have been given at least 2 business days' notice
- to carry out a general inspection of the property if you have been given at least 7 days' written notice (no more than 4 inspections during a 12-month period).

How to make 'minor' changes to the property

You can only make minor changes to the property with your landlord's written consent, or if the agreement allows it. Your landlord can only refuse your request if it is reasonable to do so e.g. if the work involves structural changes or is inconsistent with the nature of the property.

There are certain types of 'minor' changes where it would be unreasonable for your landlord to refuse consent. For example:

- secure furniture to a non-tiled wall for safety reasons
- fit a childproof latch to an outdoor gate in a single dwelling
- · insert fly screens on windows
- install or replace internal window covering (e.g. curtains)
- install cleats or cord guides to secure blind or curtain cords
- · install child safety gates inside the property
- install window safety devices for child safety (non-strata only)
- install hand-held shower heads or lever-style taps to assist elderly or disabled occupants
- install or replace hooks, nails or screws for hanging pictures etc.
- install a phone line or internet connection
- plant vegetables, flowers, herbs or shrubs in the garden
- install wireless removable outdoor security camera
- apply shatter-resistant film to window or glass doors
- make changes that don't penetrate a surface, or permanently modify a surface, fixture or structure of the property.

Some exceptions apply. The landlord can also require that certain minor changes be carried out by a qualified person.

You will be responsible for paying for the changes and for any damage you cause to the property. Certain rules apply for removing any modifications at the end of the tenancy.

Your rights in circumstances of domestic violence

Every person has the right to feel safe and live free from domestic violence. If you or your dependent child are experiencing domestic violence in a rental property, there are options available to you to improve your safety.

If you or your dependent child need to escape violence, you can end your tenancy immediately,

without penalty. To do this you must give your landlord a termination notice with the relevant evidence and give a termination notice to any cotenants.

Or, if you wish to stay in your home, you can apply to the Tribunal for an order to end the tenancy of the perpetrator (if they are another co-tenant).

A tenant or any innocent co-tenant is not liable for property damage caused by the perpetrator of violence during a domestic violence offence.

Ending the tenancy

Termination notice must be given

A tenancy agreement is a legally binding agreement that can only be ended in certain ways. A tenancy will usually be ended by you or your landlord giving notice to the other party and you vacating on or after the date specified in the notice.

To end a tenancy, you need to give the landlord or agent a written termination notice with the applicable notice period. In some cases, you can apply directly to the Tribunal for a termination order without issuing a termination notice (for example if you are experiencing hardship).

If you do not leave by the date specified in the termination notice, the landlord or agent can apply to the Tribunal for termination and possession orders. If you do not comply with the Tribunal order, only a Sheriff's Officer can legally remove you from the property under a warrant for possession.

You cannot be locked out of your home under any circumstances unless a Sheriff's Officer is enforcing a warrant for possession issued by the Tribunal or a court.

Break fee for ending a fixed term agreement early

If you end a fixed term agreement early that is for 3 years or less, mandatory break fees may apply based on the stage of the agreement. If it applies, the set fee payable will be:

- 4 weeks rent if less than 25% of the lease had expired
- 3 weeks rent if 25% or more but less than 50% of the lease had expired
- 2 weeks rent if 50% or more but less than 75% of the lease had expired
- 1 week's rent if 75% or more of the lease had expired.

The break fee does not apply if you end the agreement early for a reason allowed under the Act.

Getting the rental bond returned

You should receive the bond in full at the end of the tenancy unless there is a reason for the landlord to make a claim against the bond. For example if:

- rent or other charges (e.g. unpaid water usage bills, break fee) are owing
- copies of the keys were not given back and the locks needed to be changed
- you caused damage or did not leave the property in a reasonably clean condition compared to the original condition report, apart from 'fair wear and tear'.

You are not liable for fair wear and tear to the property that occurs over time with the use of the property, even when the property receives reasonable care and maintenance.

Checklist

You should only sign the agreement when you can answer **Yes** to the following.

The tenancy agreement

- ☐ I have read the agreement and asked questions if there were things I did not understand.
- □ I understand the fixed-term of the agreement is negotiated before I sign, which means it can be for 6 months, 12 months, or some other period.
- □ I understand that I must be offered at least one way to pay the rent that does not involve paying a fee to a third party.
- □ I understand that any additional terms to the agreement can be negotiated before I sign.
- I have checked that all additional terms to the agreement are allowed. For example, the agreement does not include a term requiring me to have the carpet professionally cleaned when I leave, unless it is required because the landlord has allowed me to keep a pet on the property.

Promised repairs

For any promises the landlord or agent makes to fix anything (e.g. replace the oven, etc.) or do other work (e.g. paint a room, clean up the backyard, etc.):

□ I have made sure these have already been done

or

□ I have an undertaking in writing (before signing the agreement) that they will be done.

Upfront costs

I am **not** required to pay:

- more than 2 weeks rent in advance
- more than 4 weeks rent as a rental bond.
- I am **not** being charged for:
 - the cost of preparing the tenancy agreement
 - the initial supply of keys and other opening devices to each tenant named in the agreement
 - being allowed to keep a pet on the property.

Top tips for problem-free renting

Some useful tips to help avoid problems when renting:

- Keep a copy of your agreement, condition report, rent receipts, Rental Bond Number and copies of letters/emails you send or receive in a safe place where you can easily find them later.
- Photos are a great way to record the condition of the property when you first move in. Take date-stamped photos of the property, especially areas that are damaged or unclean. Keep these photos in case the landlord objects to returning your bond at the end of your tenancy.
- Comply with the terms of your agreement and never stop paying your rent, even if you don't think the landlord is complying with their side of the agreement (e.g. by failing to do repairs). You could end up being evicted if you do.
- Never make any changes to the property, or let other people move in without asking the landlord or agent for permission first.
- Keep a written record of your dealings with the landlord or agent (for example by keeping copies of emails or a diary record of your conversations, including the times and dates, who you spoke to and what they agreed to do). It is helpful to have any agreements in writing, for example requests for repairs. This is a useful record and can also assist if there is a dispute.

- Consider taking out home contents insurance to cover your belongings in case of theft, fires and natural disasters. The landlord's building insurance, if they have it, will not cover your belongings.
- If the property has a pool or garden, be clear about what the landlord or agent expects you to do to maintain them.
- Be careful with what you sign relating to your tenancy and do not let anybody rush you. Never sign a blank form, such as a 'Claim for refund of bond' form.
- If you are happy in the property and your agreement is going to end, consider asking for the agreement to be renewed for another fixedterm. This will remove any worry about being unexpectedly asked to leave and can help to lock in the rent for the next period.

More information

Visit the Fair Trading website or call 13 32 20 for more information about your renting rights and responsibilities. The NSW Government funds a range of community-based Tenants Advice and Advocacy Services across NSW to provide advice, information and advocacy to tenants. Visit the Tenants' Union website at tenants.org.au

fairtrading.nsw.gov.au 13 32 20

Language assistance 13 14 50 (ask for an interpreter in your language)

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